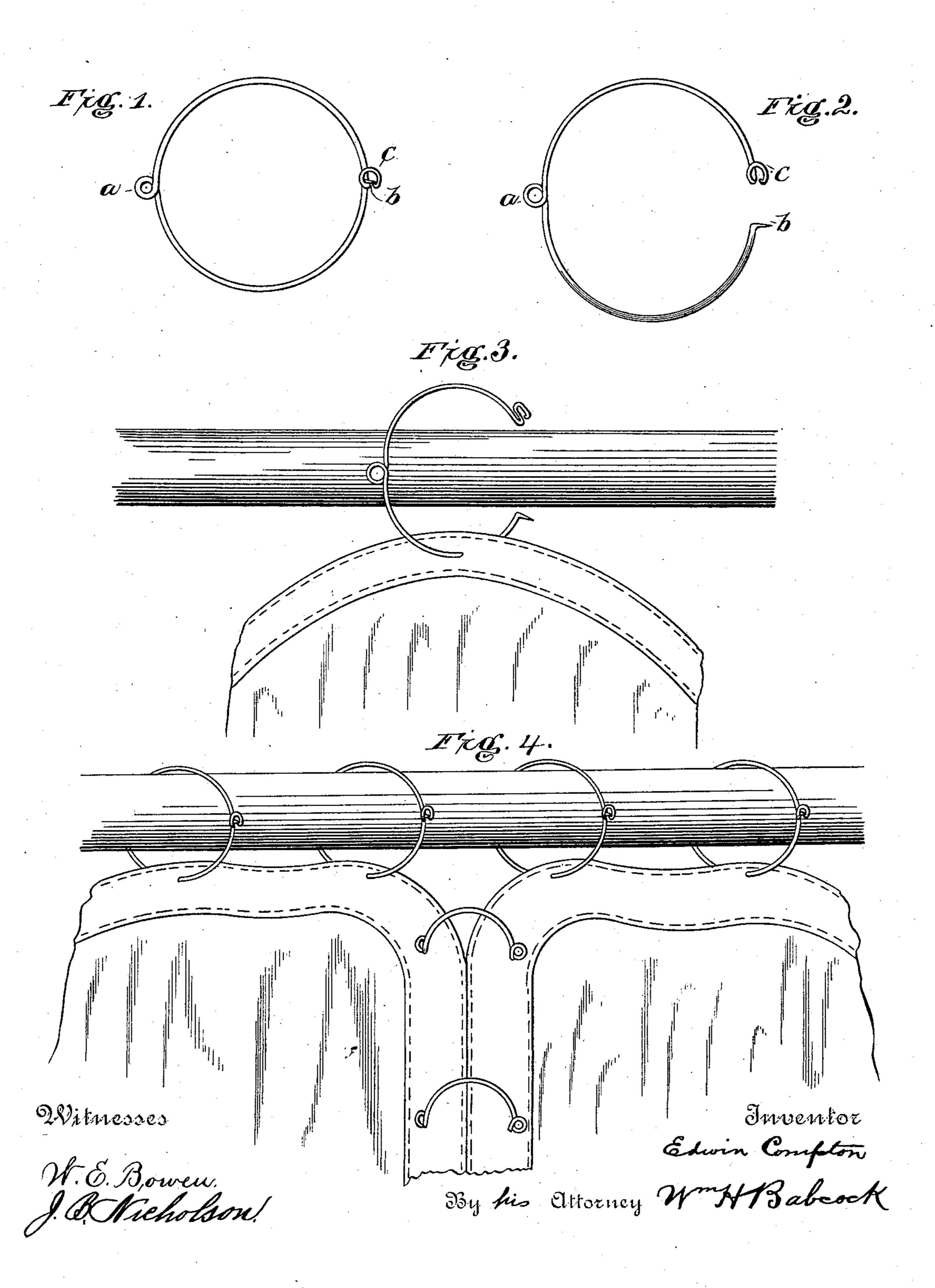
(No Model.)

E. COMPTON.
CURTAIN RING.

No. 364,752.

Patented June 14, 1887.



United States Patent Office.

EDWIN COMPTON, OF WORTHING, COUNTY OF SUSSEX, ENGLAND.

CURTAIN-RING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 364,752, dated June 14, 1887.

Application filed May 24, 1886. Serial No. 203,163. (No model.) Patented in England March 20, 1886, No. 3,943; in France May 3, 1886, No. 175,877; in Belgium May 7, 1886, No. 73,024; in Italy July 27, 1886, No. 19,971; in Spain August 27, 1886, No. 9,271, and in Austria-Hungary October 15, 1886, No. 67,648.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWIN COMPTON, a subject of the Queen of Great Britain, residing at 46 Chapel Road, Worthing, Sussex, England, 5 have invented new and useful Improvements in Curtain-Rings, (the same having been patented in the following-named countries: the Kingdom of Great Britain, by Letters Patent No. 3,943, dated March 20, 1886; by Letters Patent in 10 Spain, No. 9,271, dated August 27, 1886; by Letters Patent in Austria-Hungary, No. 67,648, dated October 15, 1886; by Letters Patent in Italy, No. 19,971, dated July 27,1886; by Letters Patent in Belgium, No. 73,024, dated May 7, 15 1886, and by Letters Patent in France, No. 175,877, dated May 3, 1886,) of which the fol-

lowing is a specification. My invention consists of a ring made of any suitable wire, with a closed central loop, a, 20 formed therein by bending said wire across itself, to impart spring thereto, and terminating at one end in a sharp point, b, and at the other in a doubly-bent hook, which not only serves as an eye to engage said point, but forms

25 a guard for said point exterior thereto. On pressing the two ends together the point takes into the eye and is secured therein by the spring action of the central loop.

Figure 1 shows the ring closed. Fig. 2 30 shows it open. Fig. 3 shows the method of 17 Gracechurch St. London, E. C.

placing the ring over the curtain-rod. Fig. 4 shows the ring on the rod and the curtain sus-

pended therefrom.

Advantages.—First, a curtain can be readily hung or taken down without injury; second, 35 rings so made can be fitted on the rod without moving the latter; third, such rings are useful for pinning curtains together (see Fig. 4) and for various other purposes; fourth, they combine the essential features of sim- 10 plicity and convenience.

I claim—

1. A curtain ring consisting of a piece of wire bent across itself in the middle to form a closed spring-loop, a, and having at one end 45 a sharp outwardly extending point, b, and at the other end a doubly-curved hook, c, which receives and guards said point, substantially as set forth.

2. A curtain-ring consisting of a piece of 50 wire provided with a sharp outwardly-extending point, b, and a doubly-bent hook, c, which serves as a guard therefor, substantially as set forth.

EDWIN COMPTON.

Witnesses:

SPRIGLEY BOWDEN, 33 Southampton Buildings, Holborn, London. WALTER J. SKERTEN,