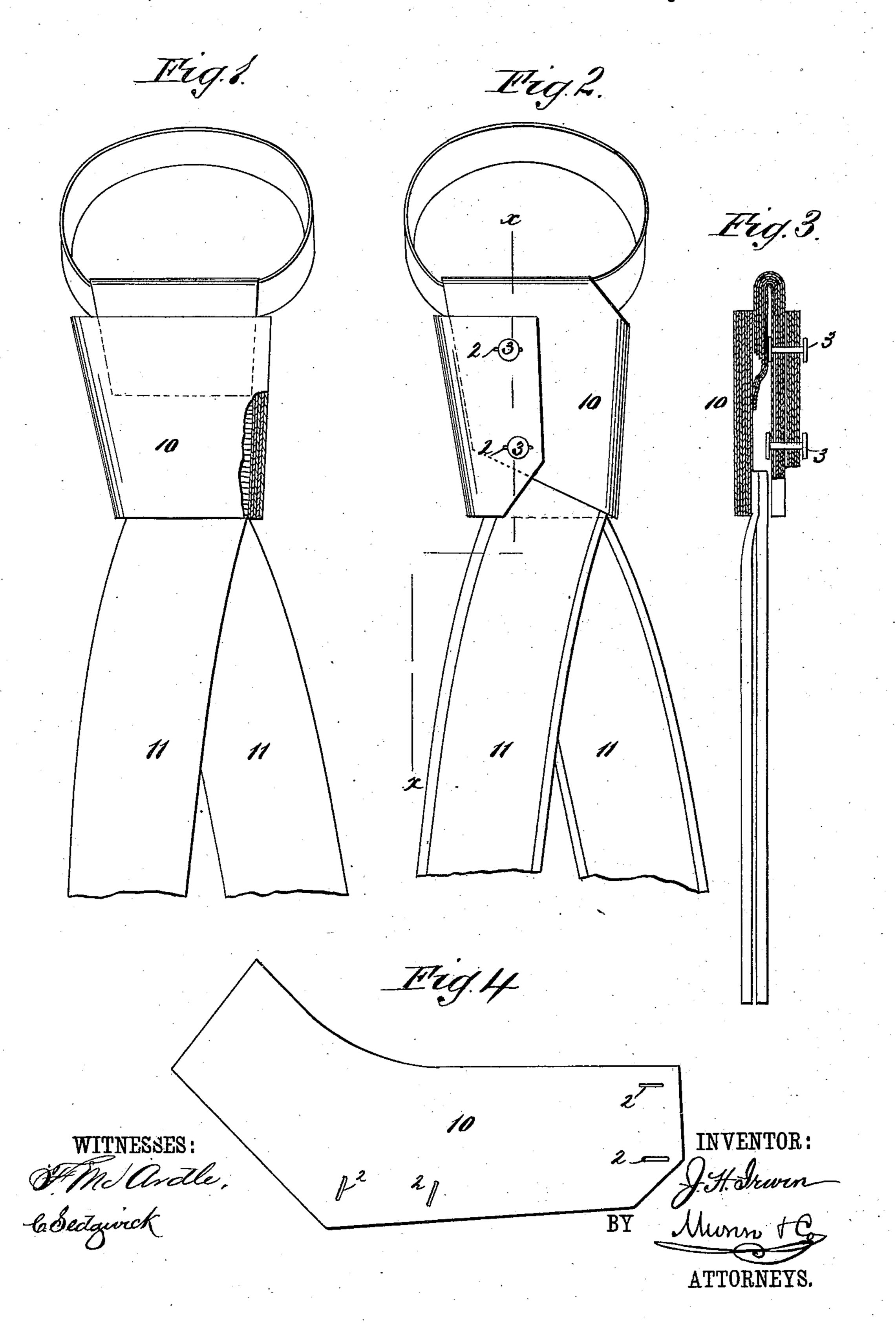
J. H. IRWIN.

NECKTIE.

No. 364,017.

Patented May 31, 1887.



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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Hiester Irwin, of Philadelphia, in the county of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and Improved Necktie, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

With the ordinary form of scarf or necktie the binding-strip is necessarily exposed to greater wear than any other portion of the scarf, as the upper lap of such strip is continually chafed and rubbed by the neck and chin of the wearer, and with scarfs of the ordinary form the scarf becomes useless as soon as the binding-strip is soiled or defaced.

It is to overcome this difficulty and to provide a scarf which may be worn for a much greater length of time than the ordinary form of scarf that I have devised the construction forming the subject-matter of this application, 20 the invention consisting, essentially, of a binding-strip made up of four, five, or more thicknesses of the material of which the outer face of the scarf is formed, said thicknesses of material being united by studs that are passed 25 through button-holes formed in the several thicknesses of material, the arrangement being such that as one thickness or layer becomes chafed, soiled, or worn it may be drawn from the binding-strip, and thereby leave a fresh 30 clean surface exposed.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar figures of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the views.

Figure 1 is a face view of a tie constructed in accordance with the terms of my invention. Fig. 2 is a rear view of the same. Fig. 3 is a sectional view taken on the broken line xx of Fig. 2, and Fig. 4 is a view of the binding-to strip removed from the scarf.

In constructing such a tie as the one illus-

trated in the drawings above referred to, instead of using a single thickness of outward material for the binding-strip, I take four, five, or more thicknesses of such material and 45 unite them in any proper manner, these strips being shaped as shown at 10 in Fig. 4, and each being formed with stud or button holes 2, as illustrated in said figure.

In forming the scarf, the pendent portions 50 11 of said scarf are connected to the inner facing-strip, or to a lining that is carried thereby. Studs 3 are then inserted through the button-holes in the body of the strip 10. The short end of the strip is carried upward and behind 55 the main body of the strip, and the inner ends of the sections are tacked to the back of the inner layer of the main body of the strip. The narrow end is then carried around and caught upon the studs 3, as is clearly shown in Figs. 2 60 and 3.

When the outer layer of the binding-strip becomes soiled or worn, the parts are disconnected and said outer layer is torn away, thus exposing a fresh clean surface. In this way 65 the life of the scarf will be four or five times as long as it would be with the ordinary form of scarf.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 70 Patent—

In a scarf, the combination, with a bindingstrip formed with button-holes, of studs fitted within said button holes, the binding strip being composed of several layers of the material 75 forming the outer face of the scarf, substantially as described.

JOHN HIESTER IRWIN.

Witnesses:

ORMOND RAMBO, FRANCIS CADLER