

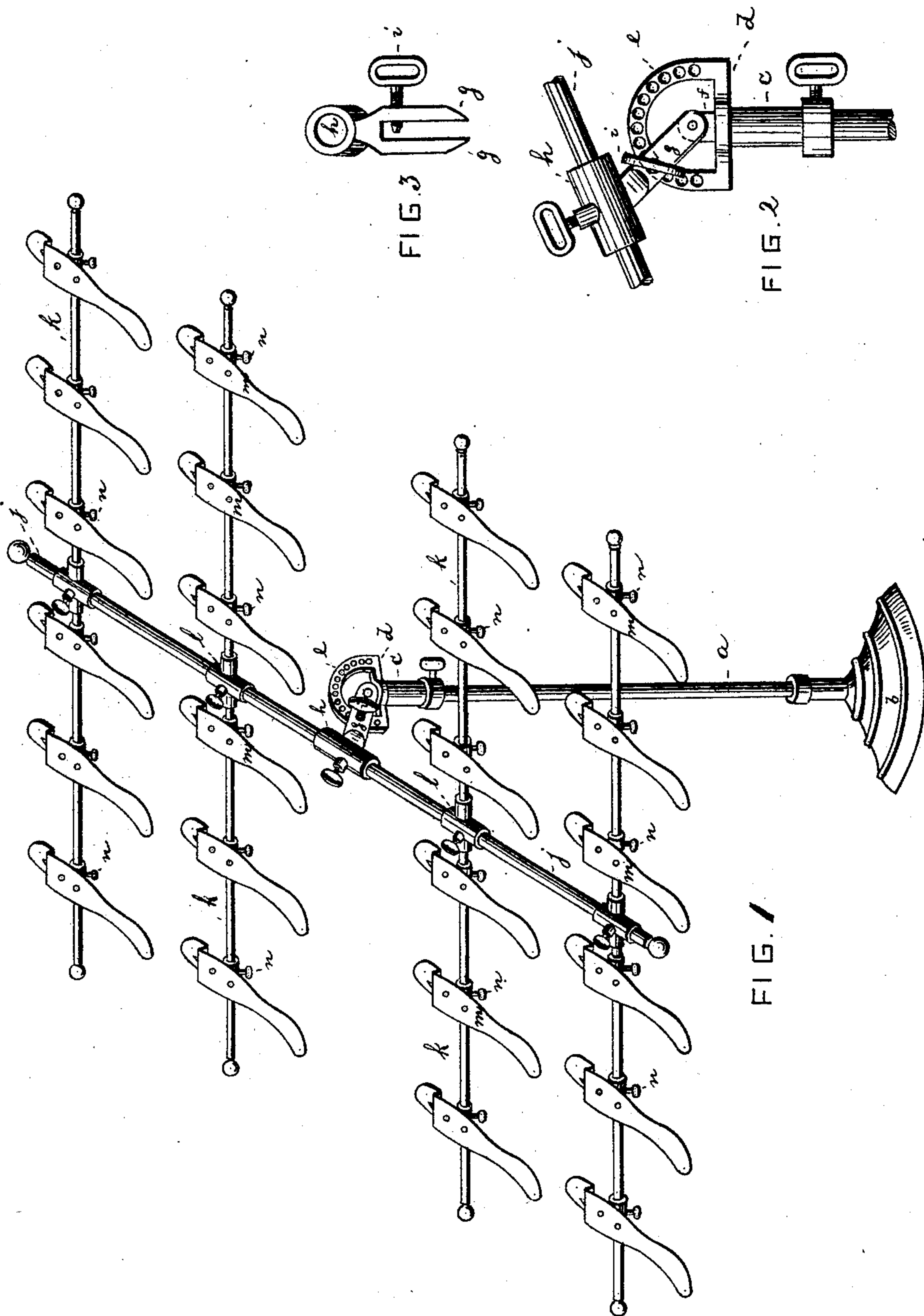
(No Model.)

J. R. PALMENBERG.

SHOW STAND.

No. 360,463.

Patented Apr. 5, 1887.



WITNESSES

Wm. A. Howe
Alfred Joughmans

INVENTOR

J. R. Palmenberg
by his attorneys
Roeder & Wilson

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOSEPH R. PALMENBERG, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

SHOW-STAND.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 360,463, dated April 5, 1887.

Application filed January 3, 1887. Serial No. 223,286. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOSEPH R. PALMENBERG, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the county and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Show-Stand, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a stand for exhibiting shoes or other goods; and it relates more particularly to the joint by which the display-frame is connected to the upright.

The invention consists in the various features of improvement hereinafter more fully pointed out.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved show-stand. Fig. 2 is a detailed perspective view of the joint, and Fig. 3 is a similar view of a section thereof.

The letter *a* represents an upright supported on a base, *b*, and surrounded at its top by a tubular socket, *c*, closed at its upper end and provided with a set-screw, so that it may be revolved on upright *a* and clamped in any desired position.

The socket *c* carries a cross-bar, *d*, which supports an arch, *e*, provided at one side with a number of indentations, as shown. From the center of bar *d* there projects upwardly a lug, *f*, to which there is pivoted a fork, *g*, having a tubular head, *h*, and straddling arch *e*. One shank of fork *g* is perforated for the admission of a screw, *i*, the inner end of which is in line with the indentations of arch *e*. Thus it will be seen that by loosening screw *i* the fork *g* may be revolved around its pivot to assume any desired inclination, after which it may be locked in place by tightening screw *i*, and causing its end to engage one of the indentations of arch *e*. Through the tube *h* there passes a rod, *j*, from which there projects lat-

erally a number of cross-bars, *k*, that are connected to rod *j* by cross-shaped joints *l*, as shown.

Each cross-bar *k* supports the fixtures *m*, upon which the goods to be displayed are placed. These fixtures are free to slide on the bars *k*, and their inclination may be adjusted when the screws *n*, by which they are held in place, are loosened.

A show-stand, as above described, may be provided with two uprights, in place of with only one such upright. Its advantage is principally the simplicity of the joint and the ease with which it can be adjusted to any inclination.

What I claim is—

1. The combination of the upright *a* with socket *c* at its upper end, carrying perforated lug *f* and arch *e*, rising from the cross-bar *d*, and with the fork *g*, straddling the arch *e* and pivoted to the said lug, and having the integral tubular head *h*, through which passes rod *j*, and the set-screw *i*, passing through one of the branches of the fork and adapted to enter the indentations in the arch, substantially as specified.

2. In a display-frame, the combination, with the upright, of the socket having a perforated lug at its upper end and indented arch rising above the lug, the fork having an integral tubular head provided with a screw-tapped aperture, a screw passing through one of the branches of the fork for adjustably securing the same to the arch, a rod passing through the tubular head, cruciform sockets on the said rod, and arms extending from the said sockets, substantially as specified.

J. R. PALMENBERG.

Witnesses:

F. V. BRIESEN,
ALFRED JONGHMANS.