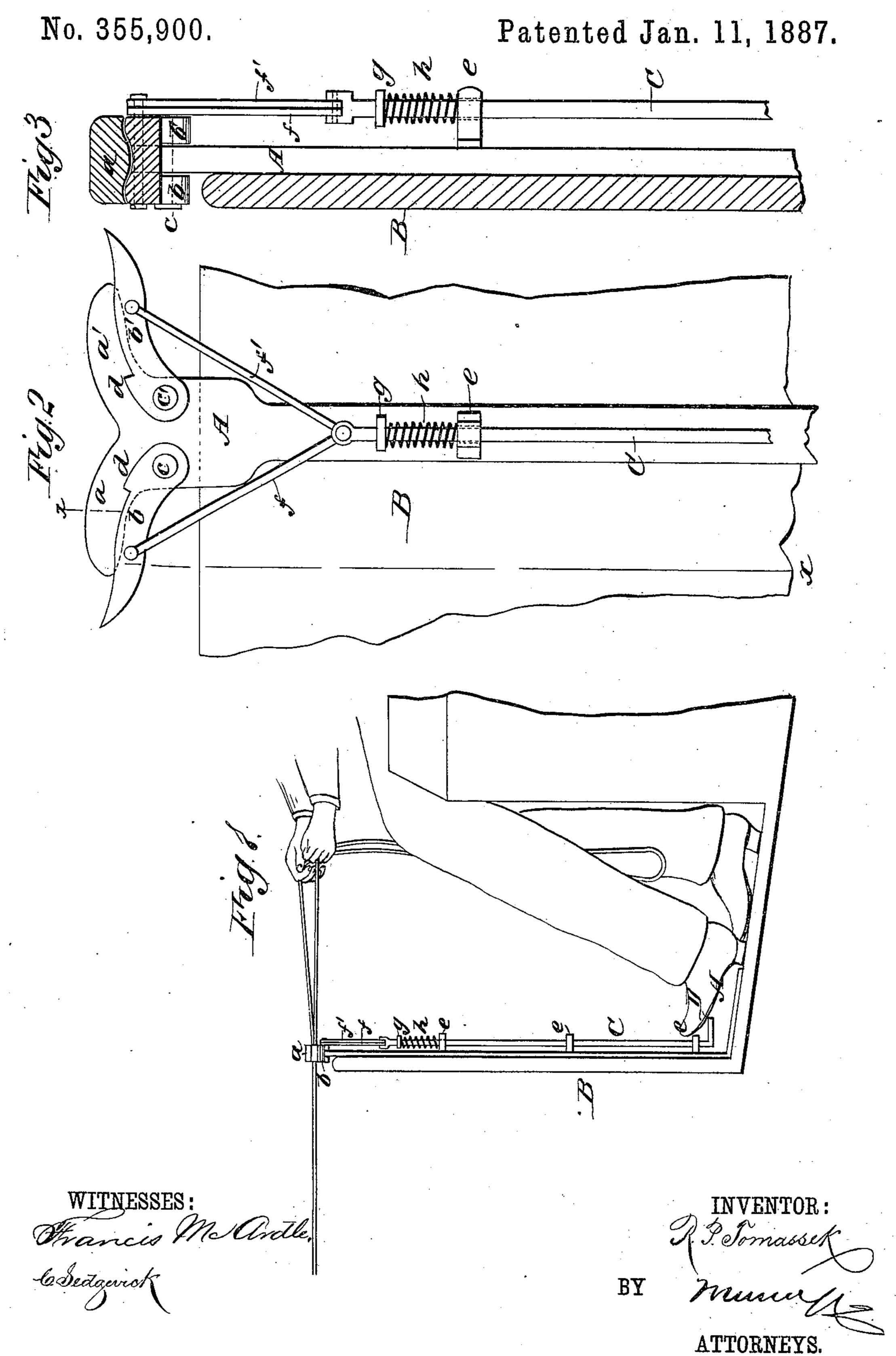
R. P. TOMASSEK.

REIN HOLDER.



United States Patent Office.

ROMEO P. TOMASSEK, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO HIMSELF AND MALCOM H. VENNARD, OF SAME PLACE.

REIN-HOLDER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 355,900, dated January 11, 1887.

Application filed September 21, 1886. Serial No. 214,162. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ROMEO P. TOMASSEK, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Rein-Holder, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the annexed drawings, forming a part thereof, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of my improved rein-holder, showing its application to the to dash-board of a vehicle. Fig. 2 is an enlarged front elevation of the upper portion of my improved rein-holder, and Fig. 3 is a side elevation taken partly in section on line x x in Fig. 2.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts in all the views.

The object of my invention is to provide a simple and efficient rein-holder for attachment to the dash-boards of vehicles.

My invention consists in a pair of clampingjaws—one for each rein—which are closed by a spring, and are arranged to be opened by the

pressure of the foot.

The bar A, forming the body of the rein-25 holder, extends upward along the inner face of the dash-board B, and is secured thereto in any suitable way. The lower end of the bar A is angled and secured to the floor of the vehicle, and the upper end, which projects a 30 short distance above the dash-board, is provided with two curved arms, a a', projecting laterally from the bar. The bar A below the arms a a' is widened, and the arms a a' are made thicker than the body of the bar. To 35 the bar A, near opposite edges, below the arms a a', are pivoted curved jaws b b' on the rivets cc'. The under surface of each arm a a' is corrugated longitudinally, as shown in Fig. 3, and the jaws b b' are correspondingly corru-40 gated to insure a firm hold of the jaws upon

of the jaws.

A rod, C, provided with a foot-piece, D, at its lower end, is arranged to slide in guides e, projecting from the bar A, and to the upper

the reins. Each jaw b b' is provided with a

shoulder, d, near its pivot, for preventing the

reins from slipping inward toward the pivots

end of the rod C are jointed the rods ff', which are pivotally connected with the jaws bb', and upon the rod C, near its connection 50 with the rods ff', is secured a collar, g, between which and the upper guide, e, is placed a spiral spring, h, under compression, which tends to force the rod C upward, and thus cause the jaws bb' to press against the arms aa'.

To facilitate the entrance of the reins between the jaws b b' and the arms a a', the jaws b b' are prolonged beyond the ends of the arms a a', and the ends of the said arms are

rounded, as shown in Fig. 2.

When it is desired to introduce the reins into the holder, the driver presses the footpiece D with his foot, thus drawing down the rod C against the pressure of the spring h, and withdrawing the jaws b b' from the arms a a', 65 when the reins may be introduced between the jaws and the arms a a', one rein being placed in each jaw. The rod C is then released, when the spring h will close the jaws tightly, clamping the reins.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent-

1. In a rein-holder, the combination of the bar A, provided with the arms a a' and the 75 guides e, the jaws b b', pivoted near opposite edges of the bar A and adapted to close against the arms a a', the rod C, received in the guides e and provided with the foot-piece D, the connecting-rods f f', pivoted to the rod C and to 80 the jaws b b', and the spring h, adapted to push up the rod C and close the jaws b b' against the arms a a', substantially as described.

2. In a rein-holder, the combination of the 85 bar A, provided with the arms a a', having corrugated faces, the jaws b b', pivoted to the bar A, and having in their faces corrugations adapted to the corrugations of the arms a a', and means, substantially as shown and degoes scribed, for operating the jaws.

3. The combination, with the bar A, provided with the arms a a', of the jaws b b', pivoted to the bar A and provided with the

shoulder d, and means, substantially as shown and described, for operating the said jaws b b'.

4. The combination, with the bar A, provided with arms a a', of the jaws b b', prospected beyond the ends of the arms a a', the spring-pressed rod C, provided with the footpiece D, and the rods f f', pivotally connected

with the rod C and with the jaws $b\ b'$, substantially as shown and described.

ROMEO P. TOMASSEK.

Witnesses:

C. Sedgwick,

E. M. CLARK.