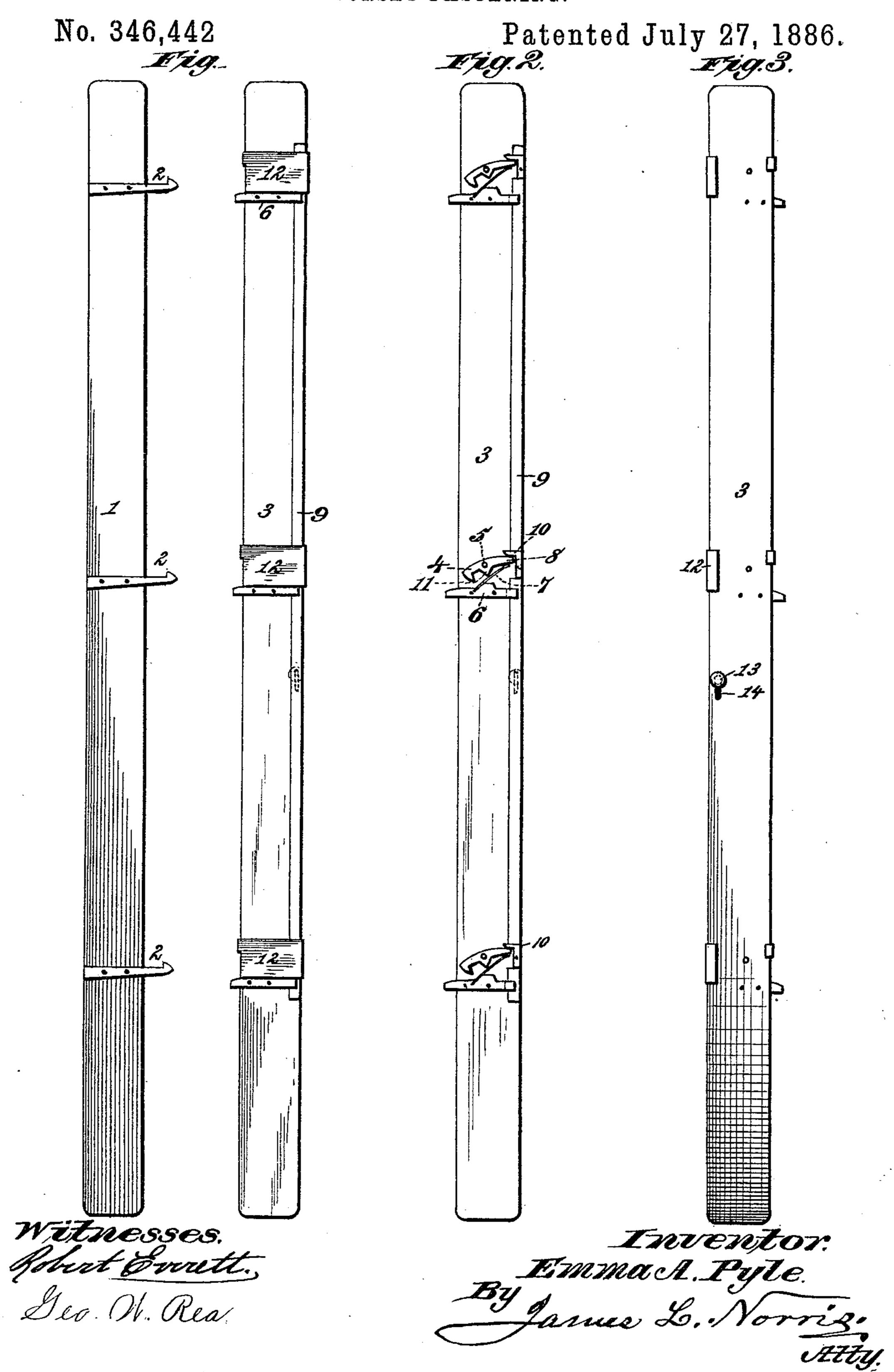
E. A. PYLE.
CORSET FASTENING.



United States Patent Office.

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CORSET-FASTENING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 346,442, dated July 27, 1886.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EMMA A. PYLE, a citizen of the United States, residing at New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, have invented new and useful Improvements in Spring Locking Mechanism for Corset-Steels, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to that class of spring locking devices for corset-clasps which comprises spring-impelled hooks pivoted at one end to one steel and acted on by pins secured to a longitudinally-sliding strip on such steel, said hooks engaging hooks secured to the other steel.

My invention has for its object to improve such mechanism and provide a device for each pivoted hook, which not only serves as a guide and rest for the hook on the opposite steel, but also serves as a guide for the longitudinally-sliding strip that actuates the locking-catches.

The object of my invention I accomplish in the manner and by the means hereinafter described and claimed, reference being made to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of the inner sides of the steels, showing the latter separated; Fig. 2, a similar view of the steel which carries the locking-catches, omitting the cover-plates of the latter; Fig. 3, a front view of the steel shown in Fig. 2, with the cover-plates in position.

In order to enable those skilled in the art 35 to make and use my invention, I will now describe the same in detail, referring to the drawings, where the number 1 indicates a stay or steel having a series of rigidly-attached hooks, 2, projecting from one of its longitudinal edges. 40 The other steel, 3, is provided with a series of locking-catches, 4, corresponding in number to the hooks on the steel 1. The lockingcatches are journaled adjacent to the middle of their length upon or to pivot-pins 5 on the 45 steel, in proximity to transverse-attached plates 6, to which are attached one end of flat springs 7, the other and free ends thereof acting against the heels or tail-pieces 8 of the locking-catches, so as to normally hold the lat-50 ter in position to engage the hooks on the other steel. The plates 6 extend somewhat I described.

beyond the outer edge of the steel 3, in order to constitute guides for the hooks and to support the hooks, so that they will be held in engagement with the catches until the latter 55 are operated to disengage them from the hooks. A narrow metal strip or plate, 9, extends longitudinally along the inner edge of the steel 3, and is provided with offsets, lugs, or projections 10, which engage the heels or tail-pieces 60 of the locking-catches in such manner that if the strip 9 be moved downward upon the steel the heels of the catches will be depressed, and the locking ends of the catches thereby released from engagement with the hooks on the 65 steel 1. At the pivotal point of the catches they are provided with shoulders, in the form, as here shown, of angular or V-shaped extensions 11, which serve as abutments to limit the movement of the hooks 2 when inserting them 70 to engage the catches.

The locking-catches, spring, and transverse plate are covered and protected by cover or cap plates 12, clasped around or otherwise secured to the steel in such manner that the fabric of the corset or of the covering to the steel cannot interfere with the effective operation of the locking mechanism, while at the same time the cover or cap plates serve as guides and retainers to the longitudinally-movable strip 80 which actuates the catches.

In order to move the unlocking plate or strip 9, I provide it with an attached knob or finger-piece, 13, the shank of which projects through a slot, 14, in the steel, whereby a downward 85 pressure exerted on the finger-piece will move the strip and simultaneously operate all the catches to release them from the hooks. The cover or cap plates constitute housings to the locking mechanism, and their outer ends are 90 open or slotted for the entrance of the hooks between the transverse attached strips and the locking catches.

What I claim is—
1. The combination, with a corset stay or 95 steel having attached hooks, of a stay or steel having a series of spring-catches pivoted intermediate their ends to provide tail-pieces in rear of the pivots, and a longitudinally-sliding strip having offsets which engage said rearwardly-extending tail-pieces, substantially as described.

2. The combination, with a corset stay or steel, of a corset stay or steel having pivoted spring catches provided with rearward-projecting tail-pieces, a longitudinally-sliding strip having offsets engaging said rearward-extending tail-pieces, and plates secured to the steel opposite the catches, respectively, each of said plates extending at one end across the sliding strip to guide the same, and at the other end serving to guide the hook on the opposite stay or steel and hold it in engagement with its catch, substantially as described.

3. The combination, with a corset-stay, 1, having attached hooks 2, of a stay having

catches 4, pivoted intermediate their ends, and provided at one edge with laterally-projecting abutments 11, the longitudinally-sliding strip 9, having offsets 10, engaging the tail ends of the catches, and the plates 6, projecting forward beyond the edge of the stay and rear-20 ward across the sliding strip, substantially as and for the purposes described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

EMMA A. PYLE.

Witnesses:

C. F. Brown, N. M. Hughes.