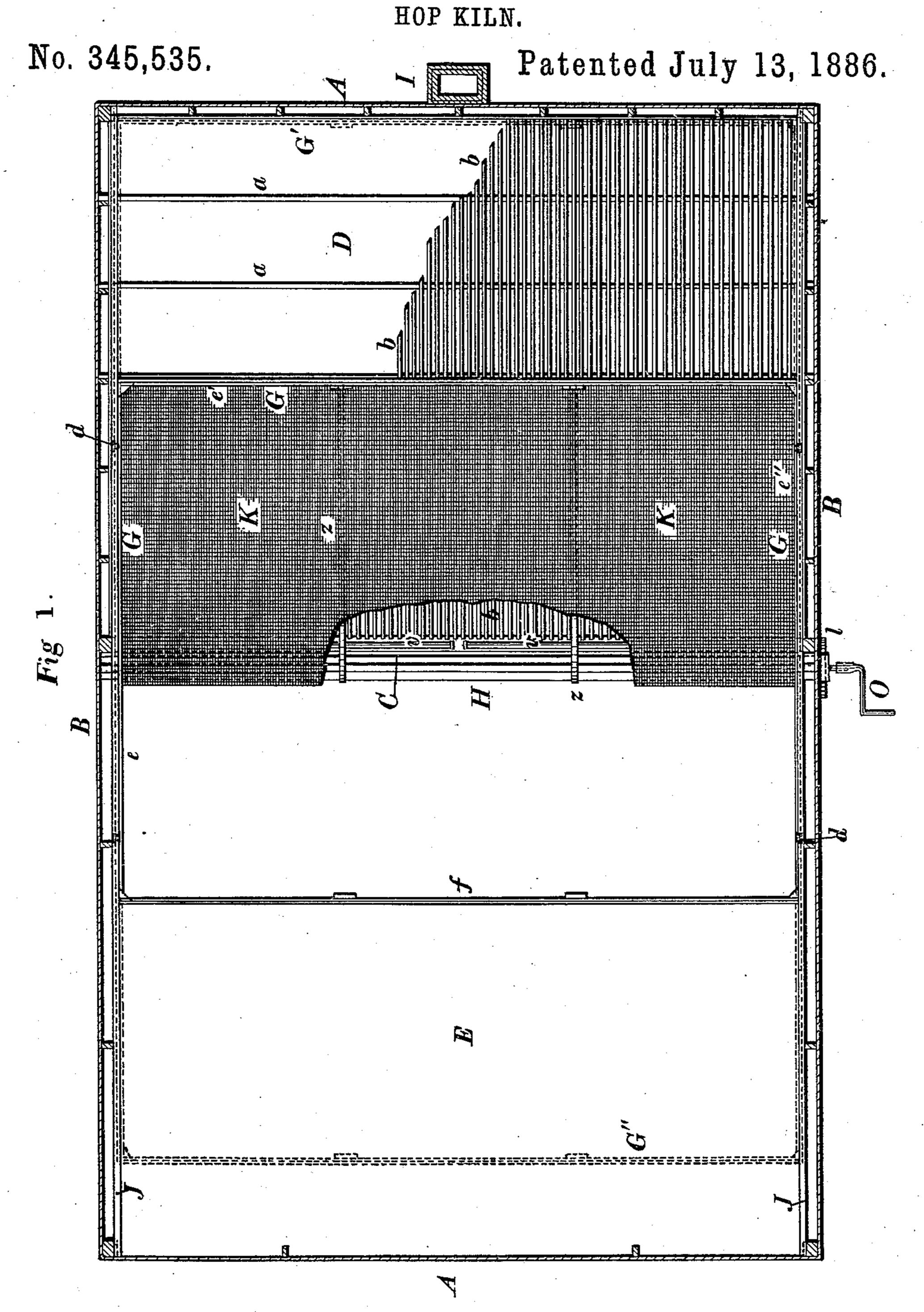
B. PEER, Jr.



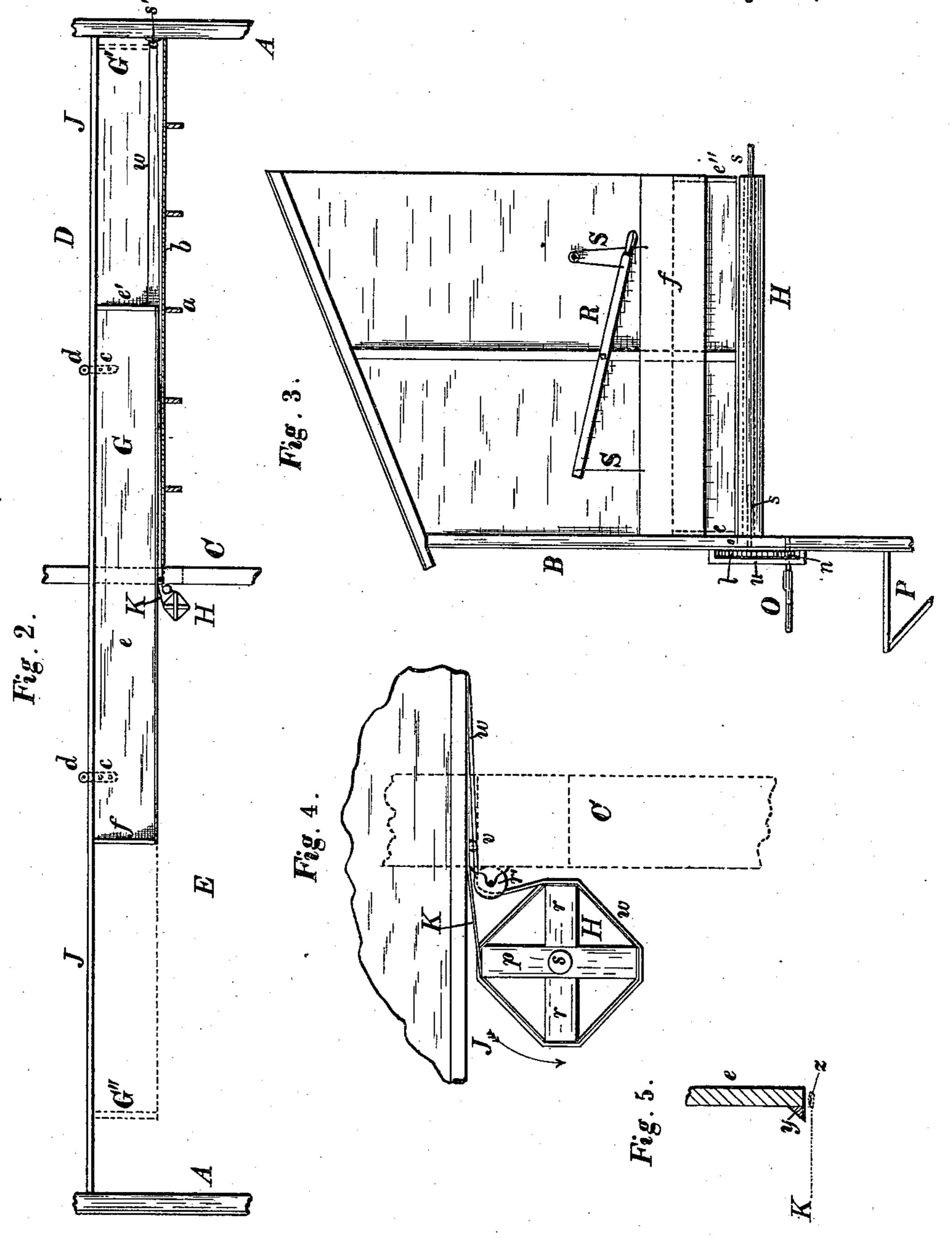
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MVENTOR Deer, Gr. Ly Geo. B. Selden. Attorney

B. PEER, Jr.
HOP KILN.

No. 345,535.

Patented July 13, 1886.



WITNESSES HG Phillips. J. E. Sharper os. Oser gr. Gr. Geo. B. Selden, Attorney

United States Patent Office.

BENJAMIN PEER, JR., OF HONEOYE FALLS, NEW YORK.

HOP-KILN.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 345,535, dated July 13, 1886.

Application filed January 2, 1886. Serial No. 187,362. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, BENJAMIN PEER, Jr., of Honeoye Falls, Monroe county, New York, have invented certain Improvements In Hop-5 Kilns, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings.

My invention relates to improvements in hop-kilns, whereby the handling of hops dur-10 ing the drying operation is facilitated and rendered less expensive by means of the apparatus described and illustrated in the following specification and accompanying drawings, the novel features of which are specified

15 in the annexed claims.

My improvements in hop-kilns are represented in the accompanying drawings, in which Figure 1 is a horizontal section through a building fitted up for drying hops and con-20 taining my invention, the plane of section being taken above the movable tray with flexible bottom on which the hops are dried, which parts are shown in plan. Fig. 2 is a vertical longitudinal section. Fig. 3 is a vertical 25 transverse section. Fig. 4 is a sectional view through the reel on which the kiln-cloth is wound, made on an enlarged scale. Fig. 5 is a vertical section through one of the sides of the movable tray.

In the accompanying drawings, A A and B B represent the walls or sides of a suitable building adapted to the purpose of drying hops. The building is divided by a vertical partition, C, into two sections or compart-35 ments, one of which, D, is used for drying hops, while the other, E, receives the hops after they are dried, the transfer from the drying section being effected by the movable tray G, having a flexible bottom of suitable cloth 40 or fabric which is wound about the reel H. The drying-compartment is provided with a suitable horizontal platform consisting of the cross-beams a a and the slats b b, which support the flexible bottom of the tray G, on 45 which the hops are placed during the drying operation. Below the platform, in the dryingcompartment, is placed a suitable heater or hotair furnace, adapted to heat the air and cause it to rise through the slatted platform, the kiln-

50 cloth forming the bottom of the tray and the

hops placed thereon, thereby effecting the dry-

ing of the latter. Suitable openings are made l

in the compartment D below the tray for the admission of air to be warmed by the heater, and above the same, or in the roof of the build- 55 ing, for the escape of the heated air. The chimney I, Fig. 1, by which the products of the combustion of the fire in the heater are carried away, may be placed either inside or outside the wall of the compartment D. In order to 60 economize the heat as much as possible, the compartment D is preferably lathed and plastered. On two of the opposite sides of the building are placed the horizontal guides or ways J J, on which the tray G is supported 55 by means of the arms c c, provided with rollers dd, so that it may be moved backward and forward on the ways. The tray G consists of the three vertical sides e e' e'', secured together at the corners, so as to inclose a rectan- 70 gular space slightly smaller than the dimensions of the drying-compartment, and a fourth side, f, which may be either secured to the others or detachably connected thereto.

In Figs. 1 and 2 of the drawings the tray G 75 is shown in full lines as occupying a position in about the middle of its travel, the kiln-cloth being partially wound up on the reel H; but when the operation of drying the hops is in progress the tray would occupy the position 80 indicated by the dotted lines G', the kiln-cloth loaded with hops extending entirely over the drying-compartment D, and when it is desired to deposit the dried hops in the compartment E the tray is moved along to the position in 85 dicated by the dotted lines G", during which movement the cloth is wound up on the reel H, the side e forcing all the hops off the kilncloth and insuring their delivery into the receptacle E. One end of the canvas or kiln-cloth 90 K, which forms the flexible bottom of the tray, is attached to the bottom of the side e' of the tray, its other end being connected to the reel H. The apron of kiln-cloth is attached to the drum or reel H by being nailed to the surface of the 95 drum, or to one of the longitudinal timbers pof the reel, when the latter form of construction is used. After the hops on the tray have been sufficiently dried the tray is moved from right to left in Figs. 1 and 2 by turning the reel H 100 and winding the canvas bottom of the tray upon it, thereby transferring the dried hops from the drying-compartment D to the receiving-compartment E. For convenience of

345,535

illustration the tray is shown in full lines at about the middle of its horizontal movement, the canvas being partially wound on the reel H; but during the operation of drying the 5 hops the tray would occupy the position in the drying-chamber D indicated by the dotted lines G', while the extremity of its travel to the left is represented by the dotted lines G". The direction in which the reel revolves when to the tray is being moved from the dryingchamber to the receiving-compartment is indicated by the arrow in Fig. 4.

is the movement of the tray when loaded with dried hops, I attach to 15 the reel H a spur-gear, l, which meshes with a pinion, n, provided with a hand crank, O, a suitable platform, P, being attached to the side of the building to enable the attendant to operate the crank. The reel H may be a sim-20 ple cylindrical drum or roller; but I prefer to make it, as shown in Fig. 4, of the longitudinal timbers prr, which are attached together and provided with metallic spindles s s at each end, which revolve in suitable journals affixed 25 to the walls of the building. The gear l is fastened to the outer end of one of the spindles s, a suitable bracket or housing, u, being attached to the side of the building to support the gear and pinion. By using a reel of 30 the form shown in the drawings I give the cloth an irregular or jerking motion as the reel revolves, thereby insuring the separation

from the cloth of any adhering hop-dust. In order to strengthen and support the 35 cloth forming the bottom of the tray, I provide it with the metallic strips z z, which are fastened at one end to the end e' of the tray and at the other to the winding drum or reel. The strips are made of brass, or some metal 40 sufficiently flexible to permit the winding of the strips about the drum at the same time with the cloth. The cloth is turned over the strips z z at its edges and secured thereto, as indicated in the sectional view, Fig. 5, which 45 also shows a molding, y, which I may apply to the lower inner edge of the walls of the tray, for the purpose of strengthening the same and preventing any of the hops from escaping. If the capacity of the receiving or cooling 50 room E be limited, it may be desirable to make the end f of the movable tray G so that it can be removed before the dried hops are dumped, as otherwise it might prevent the free movement of the tray by coming in contact with the 55 hops already deposited in the cooling-room. I therefore in such cases construct the end fso that it may be detached from the tray or

lifted up out of the way, as indicated in Fig. 3, in which it is shown connected to a le-60 ver by means of the ropes S S, so that it may be elevated by the movement of the lever. The lever R is pivoted to a post or bar depending from the roof or any suitable cross-beams

of the building, one of the ropes S being led 65 around a corner-pulley attached to any suitable support, so that the board or partition f_{ij} which forms one end of the tray, when the hops |

are being dried, may be raised equally at both extremities. The ends of the board fare arranged to slide up and down in suitable guides 70 minus or ways on the side of the building, and at its center it may be provided with a guide arranged to slide up and down on the post which supports the pivot of the lever R.

In order to support the cloth where it passes 75 through the partition C, I place the roller v underneath the cloth at this point. The roller serves to relieve the friction. It consists of a wooden cylinder provided with spindles at each end arranged to revolve in suitable jour-80 nals attached to the partition or walls of the building. Suitable bearings may be provided: near the middle of the roller to prevent its bending from the pressure of the cloth upon it.

In order to insure the return movement of 35 the tray after a kilnful of hops has been deposited in the cooling-room, I employ the return-ropes w—one on each side of the tray which are attached to the winding drum near each end thereof, and pass around the rollers 90 r', Fig. 4, underneath the sides of the tray, to the wall of the building, where they are led around the corner-pulleys s' and back to the tray, to which they are attached in any suitable manner. By giving the winding drum a 95 movement the reverse of that indicated by the arrow in Fig. 4 the ropes w way be wound up on the drum, the cloth unwound, and the tray moved back to the position over the slatted platform, ready for the operation of drying anti-100 other kilnful of hops.

By the use of my improved hop-kiln I am enabled to save all the dust, which is ordinarily lost by sifting through the cloth when the kiln is emptied by shoveling. I also save the 105 employment of the help necessary for the removal of the dried hops from the drying-room, and hops dried by my invention are better and bring a higher price than when handled in the ordinary way.

I claim—

1. The combination, with a hop-kiln consisting of the drying-compartment D and the receiving-room E, of the movable tray G, having flexible apron K, attached at one end to 115 one side of the tray and at the other end to the winding-drum H, substantially as described.

2. The combination, with a hop-kiln consisting of the drying-compartment D and the receiving-room E, separated by the partition 120 C, of the tray G, movable from one room to the other, flexible support or apron K, attached at one end to the tray and at the other to the winding-drum H, substantially as and for the purposes described.

3. The combination, with the movable tray G, having flexible apron K, attached at one end to one side thereof and at the other end to the winding-drum H, of the supporting-platform consisting of slats a a, substantially as 130 described.

4. The combination, with the movable tray G, having flexible apron K, attached at one end to one side thereof and at the other end

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to the winding drum H, of the return-rope w,

substantially as described.

5. The combination, with a hop-kiln consisting of two compartments separated by a partition, of the ways J, movable tray G, constructed to travel on the said ways, and the apron K, attached at one end to one side of the tray and at the other end to the winding-drum H, substantially as described.

6. The combination, with the movable tray G, of the winding-drum H, flexible apron K, attached at one end to one side of the tray and at the other to the winding-drum, and provided with two or more metallic strips, z z,

15 substantially as described.

7. The combination, with the movable tray G, of the flexible apron K, attached at one end to one side of the tray and at the other end to the reel H, constructed of polygonal form and

adapted to impart an irregular jerking mo- 20 tion to the cloth by its rotation, substantially as described.

8. The combination, with the movable tray G, consisting of the sides e e' e'' and removable board f, of the flexible apron K, attached at 25 one end to one side of the tray and at the other end to the winding drum H, substantially as described.

9. The combination, with the movable tray G, having flexible apron K, attached at one 30 end to one side of the tray and at the other to the winding drum H, and the supporting-

roller v, substantially as described.

BENJAMIN PEER, JR.

Witnesses:

GEO. B. SELDEN, H. G. PHILLIPS.