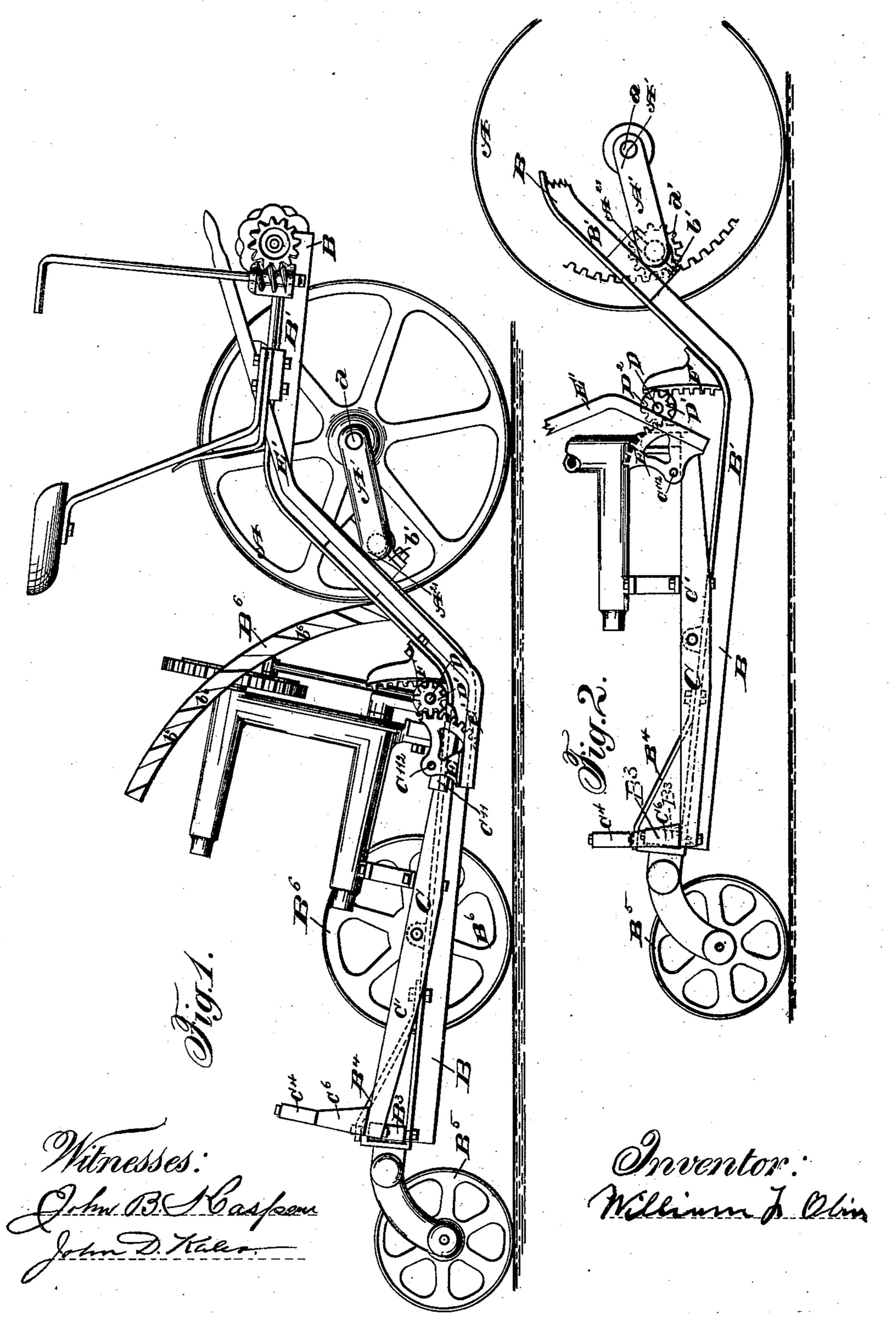
W. F. OLIN. GRAIN HARVESTER.

No. 342,969.

Patented June 1, 1886.

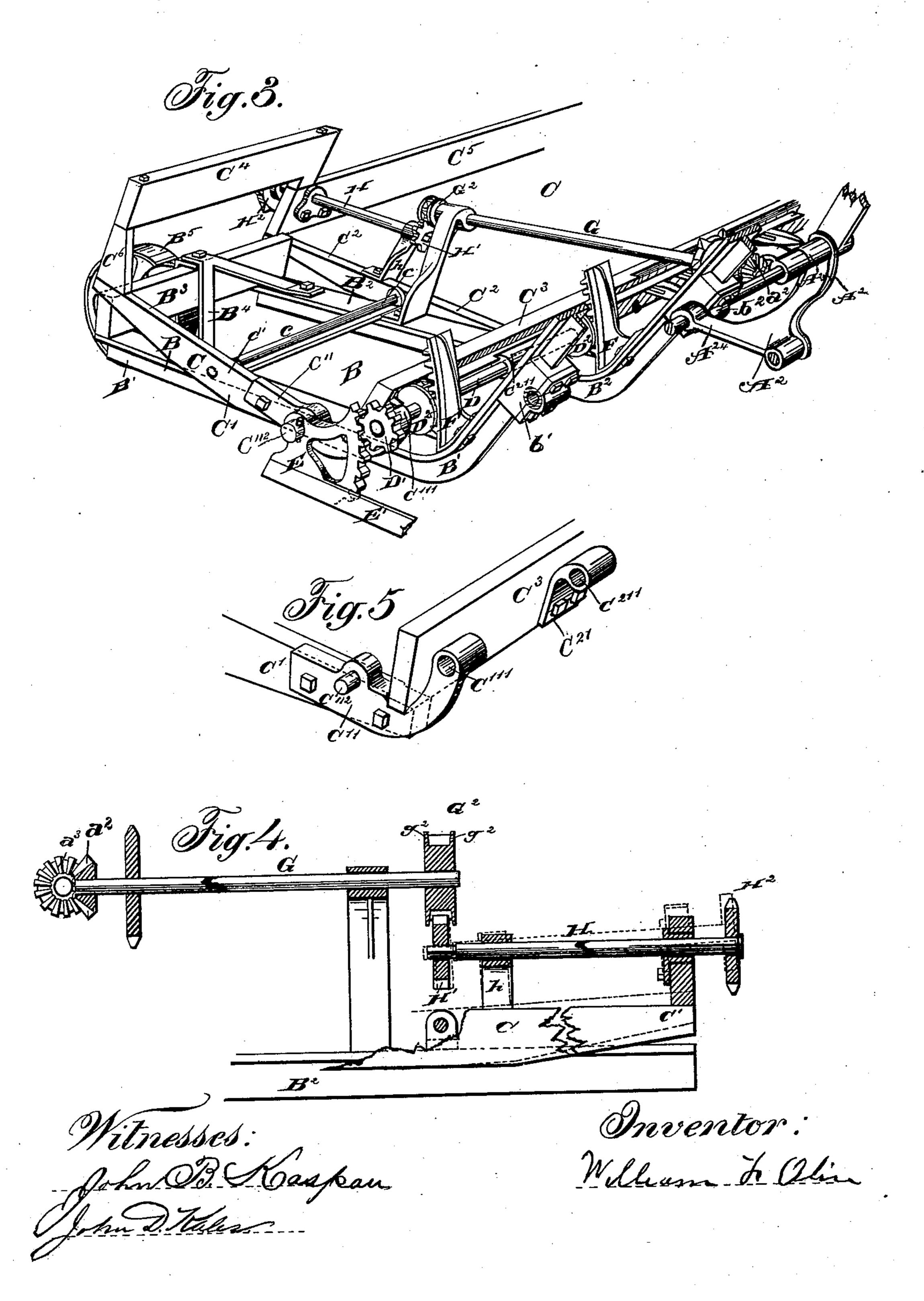


(No Model.)

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United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM F. OLIN, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

GRAIN-HARVESTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 342,969, dated June 1, 1886.

Application filed July 6, 1885. Serial No. 170,786. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM F. OLIN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illi-5 nois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Grain-Harvesters, which are fully set out in the following specification.

The purpose of this invention is to provide an improved mechanism for tilting or chang-10 ing the inclination of the platform and sickle of a harvesting-machine by rocking said platform over a pivot on the principal frame instead of rocking the entire frame bodily over the ground contact of the wheels. It com-15 prises the platform frame sustaining the fingerbar and binder and platform-conveyer, and pivoted on the principal frame, the means for rocking it over its said pivot at will, and the means for communicating power from the 20 shafts on the principal frame to the mechanism on the platform-frame. As illustrated, and hereinafter described, its details are adapted to a harvester having the vertical plane of the sickle in the rear of the drive-wheel, and 25 the principal frame pivoted to a crank on the drive-wheel axle or driving-frame and raised and lowered by the swinging of said crank.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is an outer side elevation of the several frames and drive-30 wheel, showing the platform-frame tilted down in front to the lowest point. Fig. 2 is a similar view, unnecessary parts being broken away, showing the platform-frame horizontal. Fig. 3 is a perspective from the front outer 35 corner, showing the principal and platform frames and the gearing connecting their respective shafts. Fig. 4 is a sectional elevation of the shafts and their bearings and intermeshing gear-wheels, by which power is 40 transmitted from the principal to the platform frame at all inclinations of the platform. Fig. 5 is a detail perspective of the bearings on the platform-frame of the shaft which carries the pinion by which the tilting movement is com- | line with the box C¹⁷⁷. In the boxes C¹¹¹ and 95 45 municated.

A is the drive-wheel. a is the main axle; A' A2, cranks rigid with the main axle, and with it constituting the drive-wheel frame.

B is the principal frame. It comprises the 50 parallel bars B' and B2, preferably of iron, and

wheel, from a point in front of said wheel back horizontally above the axle to a point in the rear of the vertical plane of the axle, then obliquely back and down nearly to the 55 ground, then back and with a slight upward slope to the rear of the platform. The said parallel bars are connected at their rear ends by the cross - beam B³ and the V shaped brace B4, connected to said bars and to said 60 cross beam. Other cross beams or ties may be provided. The frame B is pivoted to the wrists A²¹ A²² of the crank-arms of the drivewheel frame A, and raised and lowered in front by any mechanism which will swing said 65 cranks. The boxes b' b^2 on the bars B' B^2 afford bearings for the wrists A²¹ A²², respectively. The wrist A^{22} is produced through the two branches A²³ and A²⁴ of the yoke crank A², and is journaled therein as a shaft, and 70 carries the main gear-pinion a' and the bevelpinion α^3 , by which the power is communicated from the drive-wheel to the shafts on the principal frame. The principal frame B is sustained at the rear by the caster-wheel B5. 75

C is the platform-frame, comprising the two parallel bars C' and C2, connected rigidly by the finger-bar or front sill, C3, and by the rear cross-bar, C4, the rear sill, C5, being interposed between the bar C² and the cross-bar C⁴, and 80 bound by the same bolt which secures the latter, and the bolster C6 being interposed and similarly bound between the outer end of the cross-bar C' and the bar C'. About midway between the front and rear sills the frame C is 85 pivoted to the frame B, the horizontal shaft c, provided with suitable bearings in both frames, serving as the pivot. To the bar C', at its front end, is secured the clip C11, provided with the horizontal transverse bearing-box C¹¹¹ and 90 the stud-pivot C¹¹², for uses hereinafter explained. At suitable distance inward from the clip C" there is secured to the front sill, C³, the clip C²¹, having the bearing-box C²¹¹ in C²¹¹ is journaled the shaft D, having outside the clip C¹¹ the pinion D', and between the clius C¹¹ and C²¹ the pinions D², all fixed on said shaft. Upon the stud-pivot C¹¹² is pivoted at its center the gear-sector E, meshing with 100 the pinion D', and provided with the rigid extending, one on each side of the drive- | handle E', which is extended up within reach

of the driver's seat. Upon each of the bars B' and B² is fixed a concave segment-rack, F, whose center of curvature is the axis of the pivotal shaft c. Said racks F are respectively 5 engaged by the pinion D2. To the principal frame is secured at any convenient point the notched segment B^6 , whose lateral notches b^6 are adapted to receive and detain the arm or handle E'. Upon the principal frame B is to journaled the shaft G, deriving motion from the bevel-pinion a^3 through the bevel-pinion a^2 , fixed on said shaft, and communicating motion by a chain over the sprocket-wheel G', fixed on its forward end, and having fixed on 15 its rear end the pinion G². Upon the platform-frame is journaled the shaft H, having one bearing in a bracket, h, fixed on the bar L², and another in a suitable box on the rear sill, C⁵. In front of the forward bearing in 20 the bracket h it is squared, and has fitted upon such squared portion and adapted to slide on it the pinion H', meshing with and driven by the pinion G². Upon the rear end it has the sprocket-wheel H2, to drive the platform-con-25 veyer and other mechanism mounted on the platform-frame. The pinion G² has the flanges g^2 g^2 , adapted to embrace the pinion H' and retain the two pinions in mesh, notwithstanding any longitudinal movement of either shaft.

30 To rock the platform-frame on its pivot the shaft c—the driver, by means of the handle E', rocks the gear-sector E over its pivot, thereby revolving the pinion D' and the shaft D and the pinion D2, which latter, engaging 35 with the concave racks F, "climb" the latter, and carry up their shaft D and the front edge of the platform-frame C, to which its journalbearings C¹¹¹ and C²¹¹ are secured, and thus give to the platform any desired inclination 40 or tilt within the range of the arc of the rack F. As the platform-frame C is thus rocked over its pivot c, the position of the shaft H and its bearings and the sprocket-wheel H2 changes, as illustrated by the full and the dot-45 ted outlines in Fig. 4. In the course of this change of position the pinion H' slides on the squared portion of the shaft H, and is re-

tained in mesh with the pinion G2 by the flanges $g^2 g^2$ of the latter. The vertical plane of these gears G² and H' is preferably, as illus- 50 trated, the vertical plane of the shaft c, so that the rocking of the frame C over that axis does not appreciably alter the distance between the centers of said gears. The grain end of the platform-frame is supported by the 55 grain-wheel B6, whose axle is in the same vertical plane with the pivot of the said platform-frame, and, as shown, is in line with said pivot, this being its ordinary working position even when made adjustable vertically.

I claim— 1. In a harvesting-machine, in combination with the main frame, a platform-frame carrying the cutting mechanism pivoted on said main frame, segment-rack on the main frame 65 whose center of curvature is the axis of said pivot, a gear-segment pivoted on the platform-frame and provided with a suitable handle, a shaft journaled on the platformframe parallel with the pivot thereof, and 70 gear-pinions thereon meshing, respectively,

with the segment-rack on the main frame and the gear-segment on the platform-frame, all operating substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. In a harvesting-machine, in combination with the main frame, the platform-frame pivoted and wholly sustained on said main frame, a driving-shaft journaled on the main frame transversely to the vertical plane of the pivot 80 of the platform-frame, a gear-wheel on said shaft in the vertical plane of the said pivot, a shaft journaled on the platform-frame, and having a pinion meshing with and driven by the pinion first mentioned, one of said pin-85 ions being adapted to slide on its shaft, and the other being provided with flanges embracing the teeth of the sliding gear, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

WILLIAM F. OLIN.

Witnesses:

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