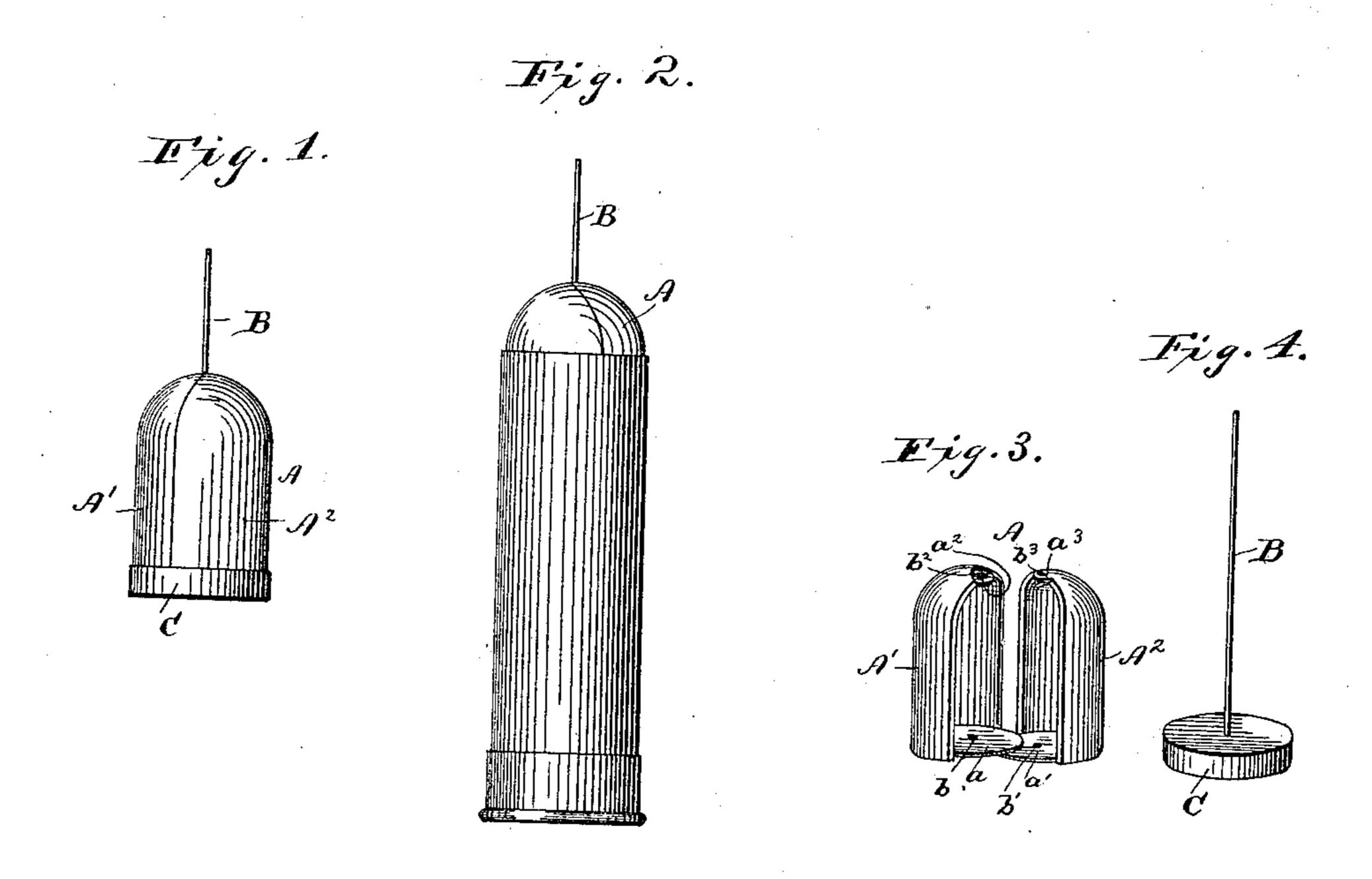
(No Model.)

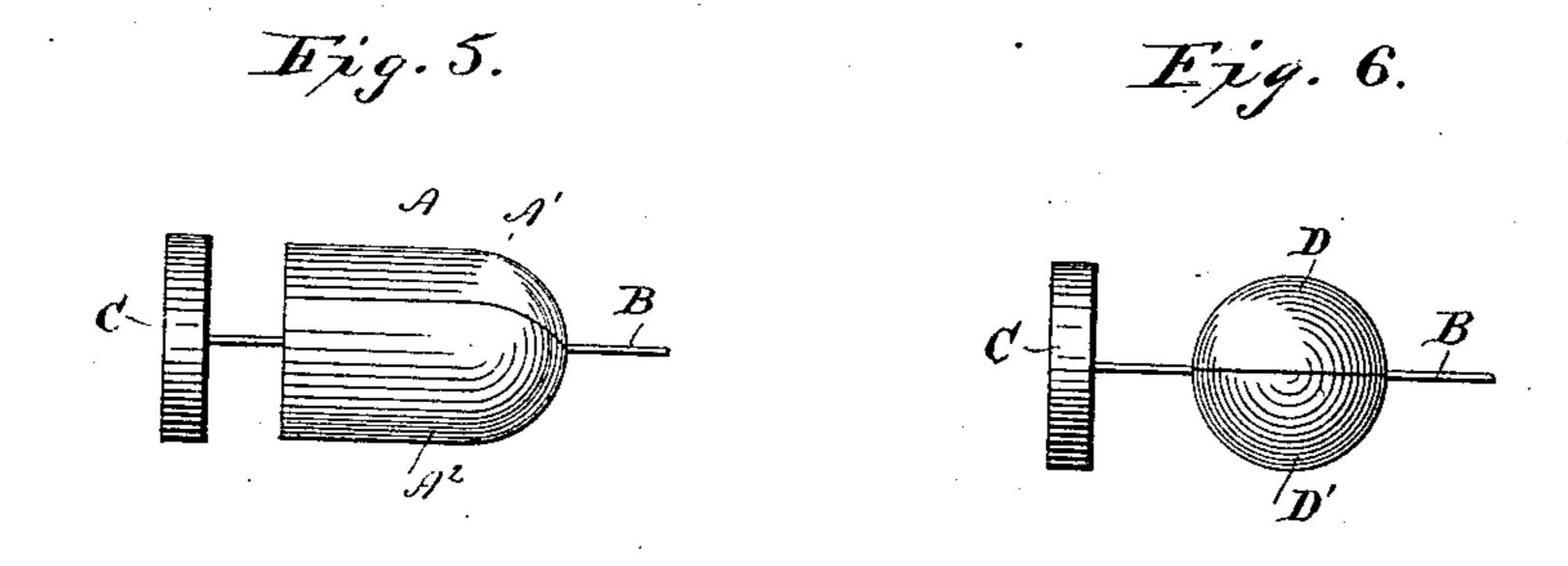
J. W. JOHNS.

CANISTER SHOT.

No. 341,245.

Patented May 4, 1886.





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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES WATSON JOHNS, OF WHITE HOUSE, CRAMOND BRIDGE, NEAR EDIN-BURGH, SCOTLAND.

CANISTER-SHOT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 341,245, dated May 4, 1886.

Application filed August 1, 1885. Serial No. 173,288. (No model.) Patented in England March 19, 1884, No. 5,101.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES WATSON JOHNS, a subject of the Queen of Great Britain, residing at White House, Cramond Bridge, near Edin-5 burgh, Scotland, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Canister-Shot for Use with Small-Arms, (for which Letters Patent of Great Britain have been granted to me, No. 5,101, bearing date the 19th day of March, 1884;) 10 and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention relates to a new and improved 15 device or combination of parts for confining and retaining a charge of shot in a compact body after it leaves the muzzle of the gun and during a portion of its flight, and automatically effecting the liberation of the charge 20 during its flight at an approximately predetermined point of range, this result being effected or produced by the action of the atmosphere or gravity, or both combined, upon the device or devices employed for maintain-25 ing the charge in a compact body; and to this end my said invention, which I regard as generic in nature, consists in the combination, with a segmental, sectional, or separable canister or inclosing-shell for the reception of the 30 charge of shot and a suitable retainer or locking device for preventing the escape of the shot, said parts constituting the canister or shell proper, of a device borne by the canister or shell and connected with or acting upon 35 the retainer or locking device in such manner as to permit the canister or shell to open and liberate the charge of shot during the flight of the projectile, said last-named device being actuated to effect this result by the resistance 40 of the atmosphere or the action of gravity, or both combined.

after-described improved form and construction of the canister or inclosing-shell, exhibit-45 ing the preferred embodiment of my beforementioned generic invention, whereby the results described may be secured, with the additional advantage that the canister can be employed as an automatic discharging-shell or

preferred form and construction of my invention I show in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is an elevation of a cylindrical can- 55 ister embodying my said invention. Fig. 2 is an elevation of the same placed in a cartridge, and ready for firing; Fig. 3, a perspective of the segments forming the canister. Fig. 4 is a perspective of the spindle and wad; Fig. 5, 60 an elevation of the canister, showing the spindle partly withdrawn; and Fig. 6 is an elevation of a spherical canister embodying my invention.

Referring to said drawings, A is a cylindri- 65 cal canister or inclosing-shell, made of light metal or other suitable material, and composed of two or more segments, A' A². Said segments have lapping parts, $a \ a'$ and $a^2 \ a^3$, which parts are provided with eyes or holes 70 b b' and $b^2 b^3$. When the segments are put together, the eye b will register with the eye b'and the eye b^2 with the eye b^3 , and said eyes will be in the line of the axis of the canister.

B is a light spindle or rod, which passes 75 freely through the eyes or holes in the segments, and serves as a locking or retaining device, holding said segments together. At one end the spindle is secured to the center of a wad or disk, C, made of some suitable ma- 80 terial. Said wad or disk is slightly larger in diameter than the diameter of the canister. When the segments are locked together by the spindle, the wad or disk rests against the base of the canister and projects around the same. 85 The canister is charged with shot and the segments locked together by passing the spindle through the eyes or holes. Said canister is then placed in any ordinary cartridge-shell, as shown in Fig. 2, and is ready for firing. 90 During the flight of the projectile the resistance of the atmosphere or gravity, or both My invention also consists in the herein- | combined, acting on the wad or disk, withdraws the spindle from the canister, allowing the segments to fall apart and liberate the 95 shot. The spindle can be made of different lengths, projecting more or less beyond the crown of the canister. The point at which the shot will be liberated being approximately determined by the length of said spindle, the 100 50 converted into a non-discharging shell having | greater the length the greater the range atall the desirable qualities of solid shot. This | tained. By confining the shot when dis-

charged and during the greater portion of its flight, said shot is prevented from trailing. When liberated, it is in a highly-concentrated form, and each pellet will strike with equal 5 velocity. The range is also increased, as the shot, being confined during the greater portion of its flight, will retain its velocity much longer than when permitted to separate immediately upon discharge. When desired, the 10 charge can be converted into solid shot by simply bending or hooking the forward end of the spindle over the crown of the canister, which will prevent said spindle from being withdrawn.

In Fig. 6 I show a spherical canister composed of two segments, D D'. If desired, a

conical canister may be used.

It is obvious that various changes can be made in the construction and arrangement of 20 the several parts of my said invention without departing from the principle of the same, and I do not wish to be understood as limiting myself to the specific construction herein shown and described.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure

by Letters Patent, is—

1. A separable canister or shot-inclosing shell, in combination with a removable locking spindle or rod passing through the separa-30 ble parts of the canister or shell and holding the same closed to retain the shot, and a retarding device connected with the locking spindle or rod to actuate the same and effect the liberation of the shot during the flight of 35 the projectile, all arranged and operating substantially as shown and described.

2. A separable canister or shot-inclosing shell made in segments, in combination with a removable locking spindle or rod passing | 40 through the segments and holding the canister or shell closed to retain the shot, and a wad or disk or equivalent means connected with the locking spindle or rod, and adapted to automatically effect the withdrawal of said lock-

45 ing spindle or rod during the flight of the projectile and permit the canister or shell to separate and liberate the shot, substantially as shown and described.

3. A separable canister or shot-inclosing shell made in segments, having lapping parts 50' provided with eyes adapted to register with each other, in combination with a removable locking spindle or rod passing through the eyes in the segments and holding the canister or shell closed to retain the shot, and a wad 55 or disk connected with the locking spindle or rod, and adapted to automatically effect the withdrawal of said locking spindle or rod during the flight of the projectile and permit the canister or shell to separate and liberate 60 the shot, all arranged and operating substan-

tially as shown and described.

4. A separable canister or shot-inclosing shell made in segments, in combination with a removable locking spindle or rod passing 65 through the segments and holding said canister or shell closed to retain the shot, and a wad or disk of larger diameter than the diameter of the canister, connected with the locking spindle or rod, and adapted to automatically 70 effect the withdrawal of said locking spindle or rod during the flight of the projectile and permit the canister or shell to separate and liberate the shot, substantially as shown and described.

5. A separable canister or shot-inclosing shell made in segments, in combination with a removable flexible locking spindle or rod passing through the segments and holding the canister or shell closed to retain the shot, and 80 a retarding wad or disk connected with the locking-spindle to actuate the same, whereby the projectile may be used as an automatic discharging-shell or may be converted into a non-discharging shell by bending the forward 85 end of the spindle or rod, substantially as shown and described.

Dated this 24th June, 1885.

J. WATSON JOHNS.

Witnesses: GEO. W. HERDE, 36 George Street, Edinburgh, Iron Merchant. WILLIAM A. BAIN, Law Clerk, 36 George Street, Edinburgh.