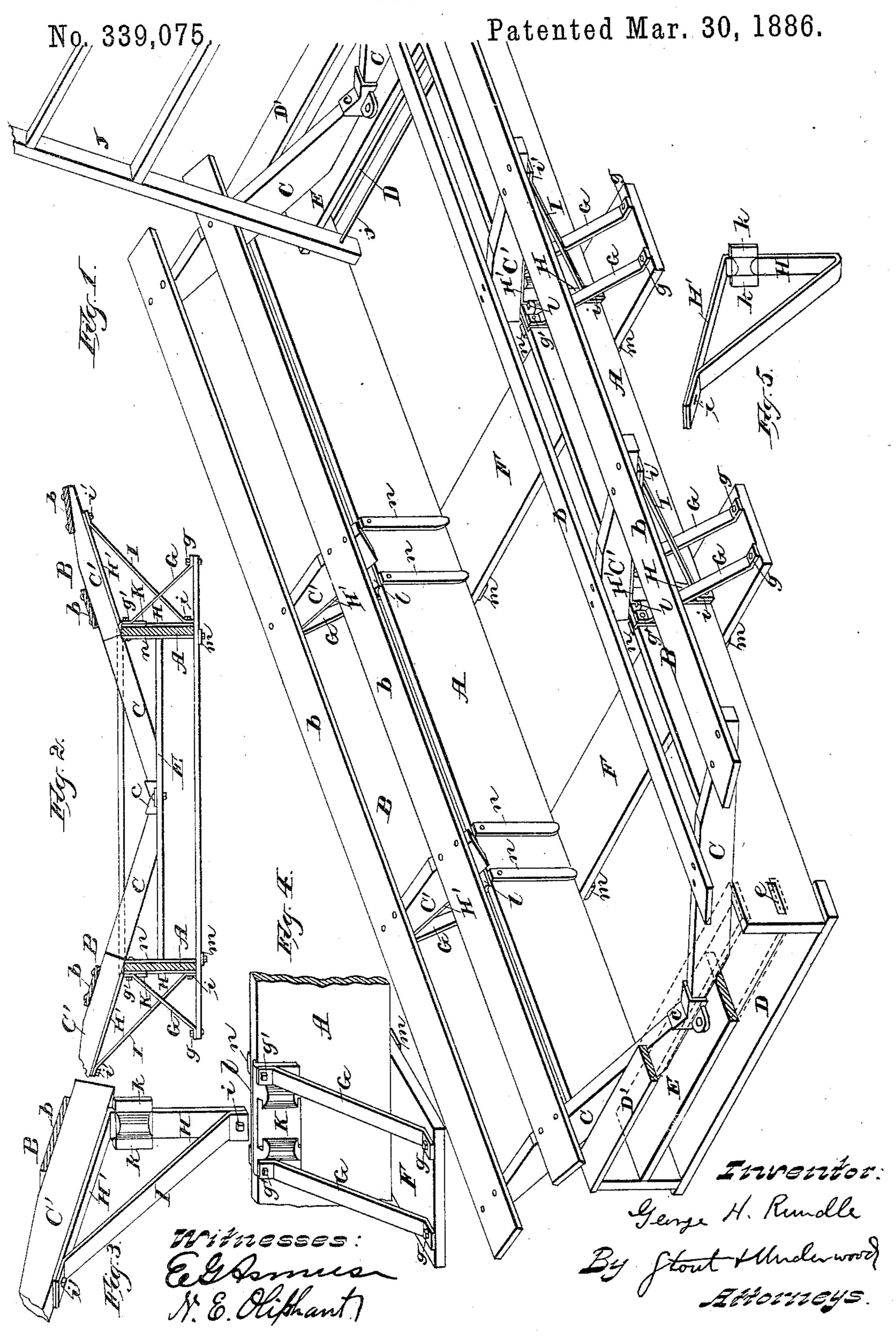
G. H. RUNDLE.

HAY RACK.



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE H. RUNDLE, OF PALMYRA, WISCONSIN.

HAY-RACK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 339,075, dated March 30, 1886.

Application filed January 13, 1886. Serial No. 188,385. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE H. RUNDLE, of Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, and in the State of Wisconsin, have invented certain 5 new and useful Improvements in Hay-Racks; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof.

My invention relates to hay-racks; and it consists in certain peculiarities of construc-10 tion, as will be hereinafter described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 represents a perspective view of my invention; Fig. 2, a transverse section;

15 and Figs. 3, 4, and 5, detail views.

A represents longitudinal sills forming the vertical stationary sides of my hay-rack, said parts being united at their front and rear ends by transverse top and bottom sills, D D', and 20 centrally located between these latter sills are transverse brace-pieces E, the ends e of which are mortised in the extremities of the parts A. The transverse sills D D' and bracepieces E have their outer edges flush with the 25 ends of the longitudinal sills A; but said bracepieces, being of greater width than the parts D D', are inwardly extended and centrally provided with double socket-plates c.

Secured to the inner sides of the longitudi-30 nal sills A are straps n n, which have their lower ends passed through intermediate transverse sills, F, and adapted to receive nuts m m, said intermediate sills being laterally extended beyond the outer sides of the parts A.

By having the intermediate cross-sills upon the under side of the stationary or body portion of my hay-rack a clear uninterrupted space is left therein from front to rear, thereby doing away with the ordinary cross-braces, and 40 leaving no projections to come in contact with the forks in loading and unloading, and at the same time increasing the carrying capacity of my rack.

BB represent removable hay-supporting 45 frames, which are composed of long end braces, C, short intermediate braces, C', and slats b b, the inner ends of said end braces being constructed to fit the socket-plates c, and having a bearing on the inwardly-extended portions of 50 the transverse brace - pieces E. The several braces of the racks B bear upon the upper edges | the latter centrally provided with double

of the longitudinal sills A when said racks are in position for use, and each of the intermediate braces, C', has secured thereto the arm H' of a triangular bracket. The arms H'H of the tri- 55 angular brackets are united at i i' by an arm, I; or, if desired, each bracket may be formed from a single strip suitably bent and joined, as

shown by Fig. 5.

The vertical arms H of the triangular brack- 60 ets are each provided with lateral wings k k, designed to engage socket-plates K, which latter have lips l, adapted to come over upon the upper edges of the longitudinal sills A. These socket-plates are retained in position upon 65 the outer sides of the longitudinal sills A by means of straps G, bolted at g to the intermediate bottom sills, F, and at g' to said plates, the bolts at the latter point being the same that serve to retain the straps n n in place upon the 70 inner sides of said longitudinal sills, and which pass through the respective parts A Kn.

By having the end braces, C, of the racks B adapted to fit the socket-plates c on the parts E, and the vertical bracket-arms H of the inter- 75 mediate braces, C', designed to engage the plates K on the outer sides of the longitudinal sills A, said racks can be readily placed in po-

sition for use and as readily removed.

The ladder J is of the ordinary construct 80 tion, and is pivotally supported upon a transverse rod, j, so as to be folded down between the longitudinal sills or stationary sides A when not required for use; or, if desired, the rod may be withdrawn and said ladder en- 85 tirely removed. By having the interior of the main portion of my rack unobstructed from front to rear and the frames B and ladder J removable, said main portion can be readily employed as a wagon-body for carrying va- 90 rious materials other than hay or straw, it being only necessary to place suitable boards upon the transverse sills D F in order to accomplish the above-described result.

Having thus fully described my invention, 95 what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is—

In a hay-rack, a main body portion consisting of longitudinal side sills having their ends united by top and bottom transverse sills and 100 interposed inwardly - extended brace - pieces,

socket-plates, in combination with intermediate laterally-extended transverse sills secured against the under edges of said longitudinal sills, and removable side frames having their end braces designed to engage the socket-plates on the interposed brace-pieces, substantially as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I

have hereunto set my hand, at Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee and State of Wis- 10 consin, in the presence of two witnesses.

GEORGE H. RUNDLE.

Witnesses:

H. G. UNDERWOOD, MAURICE F. FREAR.