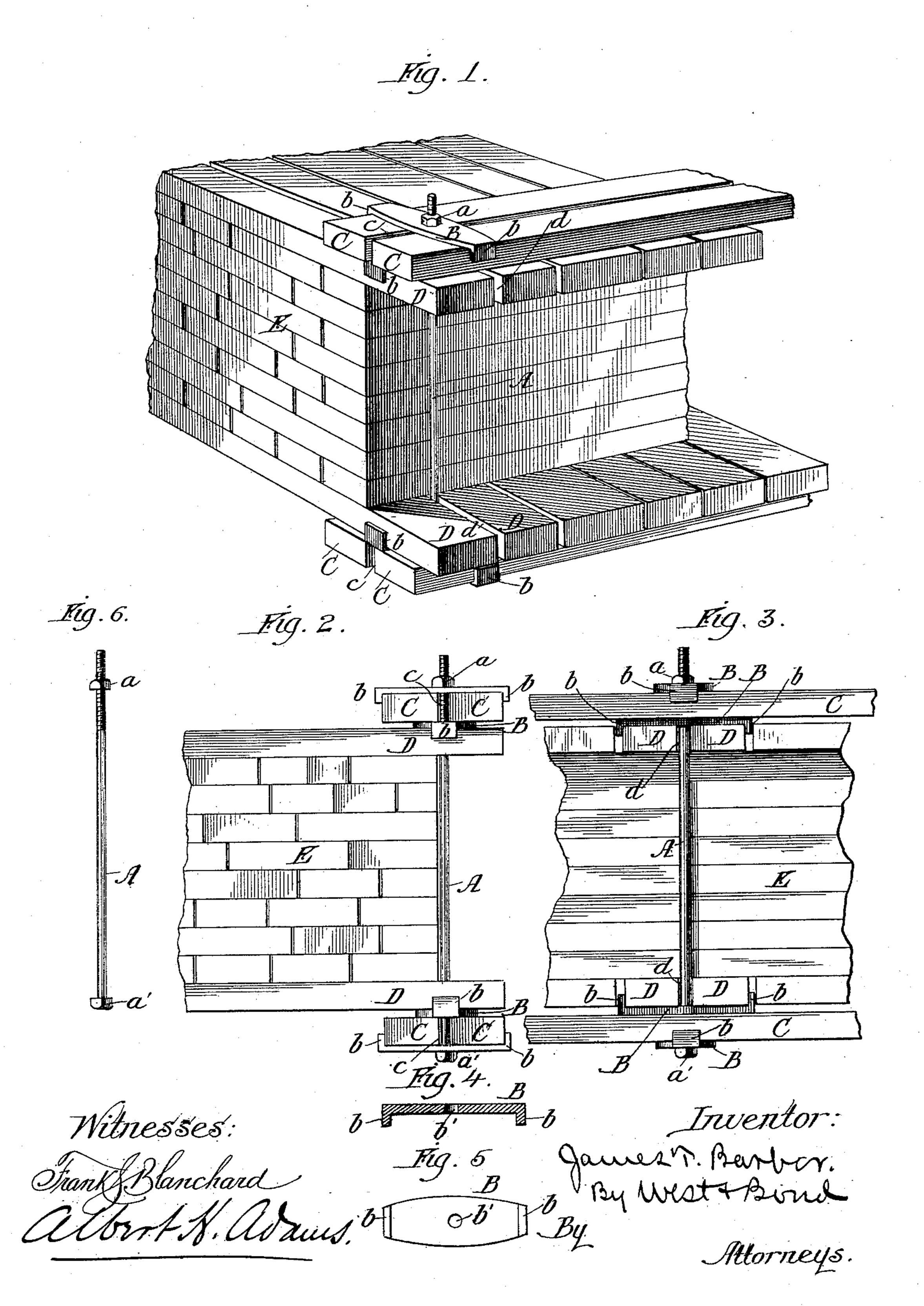
(No Model.)

## J. T. BARBER.

DEVICE FOR BINDING TOGETHER LUMBER.

No. 338,334.

Patented Mar. 23, 1886.



## United States Patent Office.

## DEVICE FOR BINDING TOGETHER LUMBER.

JAMES T. BARBER, OF HANNIBAL, MISSOURI.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 338,334, dated March 23, 1886.

Application filed December 4, 1885. Serial No. 184,707. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, James T. Barber, residing at Hannibal, in the county of Marion and State of Missouri, and a citizen of the United States, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Devices for Binding Together Lumber, Timber, &c., of which the following is a full description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, in which—

corner of a pile of lumber with the binding devices attached; Figs. 2 and 3, side elevations showing different sides with the binding devices in place; Fig. 4, a longitudinal section of one of the clamping-plates; Fig. 5, an inner face view of one of the clamping-plates; Fig. 6, a detail of the clamping-rod.

This invention is mainly designed for use in binding together pieces of lumber of va20 rious kinds, timbers, &c., to construct a crib or raft to be transported by water, and has for its objects to bind the pieces forming the crib or raft firmly together without injury to the pieces, and by the use of some of the pieces which constitute the crib or raft.

The objects of my invention I accomplish in the manner and by the construction of devices hereinafter described and claimed.

In the drawings, A represents a clamping-30 rod made of round iron, as shown, or of other suitably-shaped rod, one end having a screwthread to receive a nut, a, and the other being provided with a head, a'.

B represents the clamping plates, each formed of a flat portion having at each end a turned flange, b, the body having an opening, b', for the passage of the rod A.

C represents the upper and lower bindingstrips, formed of the pieces composing the crib

Drepresents clamping pieces formed by projecting a row of the pieces at the top and bottom beyond the main portion of the crib or

raft, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

E is the main portion of the crib or raft.

The rods A are to be of a length for the depth of the crib or raft, and the clamping-plates B are to be of a width to have the space

between the ears or flange b receive the pieces

50 CD, by which the clamping of the crib or raft together as a whole is accomplished in connec-

tion with the rods and clamping-plates, a rod and four clamping-plates being used at each corner of the crib or raft. In the drawings, however, one corner only is represented, the 55 other corners having a similar arrangement.

In use the lower plate B has placed thereon in the arrangement shown the lower crosspieces C, the rod passing up through the hole b' and between a space, c, left between the 60 pieces C for this purpose. Another plate B is then slipped onto the rod and arranged crosswise in relation to the first plate B. The lower series of pieces D are then placed on the lower strips C, the two pieces at each side 65 lying within the ears b of the second plate B, as shown in Fig. 1, a space, d, being left between the two pieces for the passage of the rod A. The body E of the crib is then piled onto the lower pieces D, as usual, until the desired 70 height is reached, when a row of pieces D, running in a corresponding direction with the lower pieces D, is projected, and a clamp B placed over the first two, as shown in Fig. 1, the pieces coming between the ears or flanges 75 b, and having a space, d, between them for the passage of the rod A. The cross-strips C for the top are then placed over the top pieces D, and a clamp-plate B dropped over them, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, and then the nut a 80 is screwed down, drawing the pieces forming the raft together, and holding them firmly in place by the clamping-pieces C D.

When necessary or desirable, the plates B and clamping-rod A can be applied to the 85 sides and ends of the raft or crib in the same manner as applied to the corners, such application being shown in Fig. 3, the lower clamping-plate B receiving the cross-strips C, the next clamping plate receiving two of the 90 pieces D, and the first upper clamping-plate receiving the top pieces D, and a clampingplate B being placed over the upper pieces C, the rod A passing through the clampingplates and through openings c d, left between 95 the respective pieces C D for this purpose. It will be seen by this arrangement that the clamping-pieces do not have to be bored or otherwise mutilated for the passage of the clamping rods, as such rods pass between the 100 pieces, and it will also be seen that, the plates B standing crosswise to each other and being

drawn firmly to the clamping-pieces C D by the rods A, no racking or displacement of the plates can occur, as movement in any direction is prevented by the ears or flanges b of the plates, which resist movement in all directions of the clamping-pieces, and as long as the clamping-pieces remain in position the body of the crib or raft will be held firmly together.

The devices are very simple, and can be readily and quickly applied to the crib or raft, and in tearing the raft to pieces no obstruction will occur by reason of the clamping-plates, as the nuts a can be removed, the up-

partes, as the fluts a can be removed, the up-15 per clamping - plates B withdrawn to allow the top strips C to be removed, and so on until the entire raft is taken apart. What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The combination, with the timber composing the crib or raft, of the opposite binding-strips C and D, crossing each other, the plates interposed between the strips and each having end flanges embracing the strips D, and provided with the intermediate opening, the 25 plates arranged upon the outer strips C, and each having the end flanges embracing the same, and provided with the intermediate opening and the headed clamping - bolt A, passing through all of said plates, substan-30 tially as described.

Witnesses: JAMES T. BARBER.

and so on W. T. MILROY,
FRED B. WINSLOW.