(No Model.)

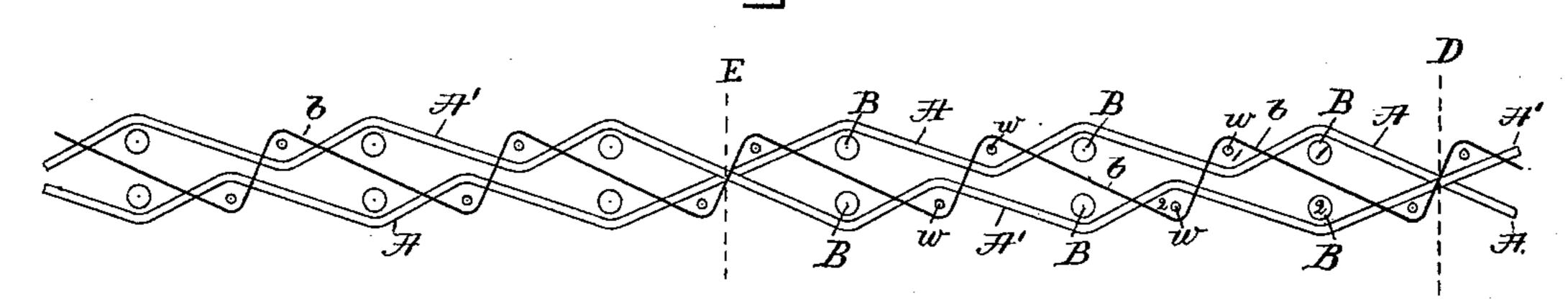
G. CROMPTON.

WOVEN FABRIC.

No. 335,567.

Patented Feb. 9, 1886.





Fiq:2.

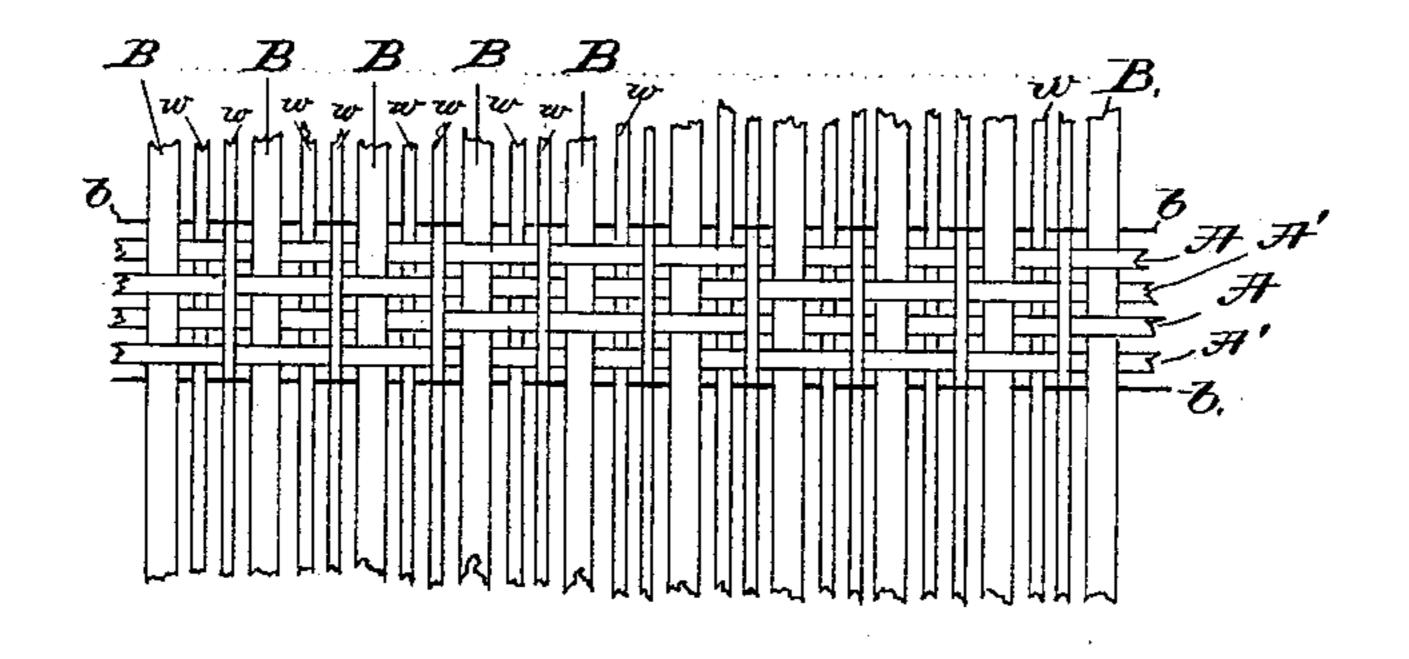
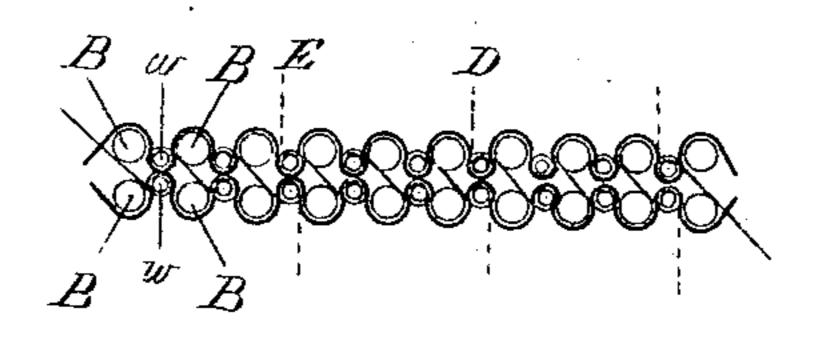


Fig:3.



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United States Patent Office.

GEORGE CROMPTON, OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS.

WOVEN FABRIC.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 335,567, dated February 9, 1886.

Application filed August 20, 1885. Serial No. 174,855. (No specimens.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, George Crompton, of Worcester, county of Worcester, and State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in Woven Fabrics, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like letters on the drawings representing like parts.

This invention has for its object to produce 10 a cheap, strong, firm, and durable double-faced carpet fabric, wherein the figure at each side the fabric is derived from face-warps carried, preferably, by two harness-frames, the said face-warps appearing at one and then at the 5 other side of the fabric for one or more picks. The face-warps have co-operating with them a binder-warp, preferably one thread of binderwarp to every two or more threads of facewarp. The said face-warps and binder-warps 20 are caught and held together by stuffer or cord weft and binder-weft. The binder-weft at alternate picks passes above all the facewarps and then below all the face-warps, the binder-weft being tied to the upper and then 25 to the lower side of the face - warp by the binder-warp, two picks of binder-weft and two picks of stuffer or cord weft being put in in succession, the binder-warp being lifted into the upper half of the shed between the inser-30 tion of the first and second shots of stuffer or cord weft, the binder-warp thus splitting the stuffer or cord weft, the crossing of the warp and weft being such, substantially as described, as to enable the two shots of stuffer or cord 35 weft when beat up into the shed to lie one substantially over the other, forming ribs substantially opposite each other at opposite faces of the fabric, instead of leaving the rib on one side opposite the space or groove at the other 40 side and in line with the binder-weft, the binder-weft occupying similar positions opposite each other and between the cord-weft when beat into the shed, the fabric thus made showing permanently at each side loops of face-45 warp filled with a stuffer or cord weft, the large and more expensive face-warp being tied down closely at each side the large stuffer or cord weft, making astrong, firm, and durable fabric.

My invention consists, essentially, in a comble-faced fabric made substantially as will be hereinafter described, and composed of face-

warps and binder-warps, the warps from the two surfaces being alternated, that from the lower surface passing to the upper surface, and vice versa, the said face-warps receiving in each 55 shed made between them two shots of stuffer or cord weft, and being tied together about the said stuffer or cord weft by fine binder-weft, the stuffer or cord weft being split by the binder-warp in each shed made in the face-warps.

Figure 1 represents a longitudinal section of a piece of fabric embodying my invention; Fig. 2, a diagram representing the arrangement of the warp and weft threads in the fabric; Fig. 3, a longitudinal section of the fabric 55 as it will appear when beat up closely.

The threads shown in Figs. 1 and 2 are separated to avoid confusion; but in the actual fabric the said threads will all be beat closely together by the reed, and substantially as in 70 Fig. 3.

To produce the carpet, I make use of an ordinary two-shuttle loom, well known in the art to which this invention relates, with the addition of instrumentalities for controlling 75 the binder-warps, and also for raising and lowering at stated periods, as hereinafter set forth, all of the face or body warps.

For the binder-warps an independent set of harness is provided, the same being operated 80 through any of the well-known intermediaries used for like purposes from a cam on the picker-shaft.

The sheds for the binder-weft are formed by the binder-warps on the one hand and by \$5 all the face or body warps on the other hand.

The face-warps A A', preferably of wool and of different colors, and dyed or printed according to the colors and patterns it is desired the carpet shall show, will be manipulated, 90 preferably, by two harness-frames of usual construction, so as to split the face-warps at suitable intervals to form sheds for the introduction of the stuffer or cord weft B B, carried by a shuttle, the face-warp threads uppermost or at one side of the fabric remaining at that side of the fabric for as many picks as desired, and then being carried to the other side of the fabric.

The binder-warps b, of fine strong thread, 100 carried by one harness-frame, are distributed at suitable intervals between the face-warps,

and are made to appear at one end at the other side or face of the fabric between each two shots of stuffer or cord weft.

The binder-weft w will be carried by a suitable shuttle.

Starting from the line D, Fig. 1, the facewarps are all lifted and the binder-warps left. down, thus forming a shed between all the face-warp and the binder-warp to receive a shot of binder-west w, then a part—say substantially one-half—of the face-warp will be lowered by the harness, which, with the binderwarp then down, forms a shed for the reception of the pick No. 1 of stuffer or cord weft B'. 15 Then the binder-warp b is lifted above the lower half of the face-warp then remaining down, and a second shot, 2, of stuffer or cord weft, B, is inserted in the shed formed. Then the binder-warp is retained up and all the 20 face-warp permitted to descend, and a shot of binder-west w is inserted. Then all the facewarps are lifted, the binder-warp being permitted to descend, and a second shot (marked) 2) of binder-weft w is thrown, and this oper-25 ation is repeated until such time as it is desired that the face-warp uppermost in the last shed to receive the stuffer or cord weft be made to appear at the opposite side of the fabric.

When it is desired to make the warp at

one face of the fabric show for one or more sheds at the opposite face of the fabric, the said face-warp threads are themselves bodily carried, as indicated at the line E, from the upper to the lower part of the shed, as will 35 be readily understood.

I claim--

A double-faced fabric in which the face and binder warps are combined with stuffer or cord weft and with binder-weft, substantially in 40 the manner hereinbefore set forth, whereby a fabric is produced with ribs on both of its faces formed by the same face-warps bent about the stuffer or cord weft, the ribs at opposite picks of the fabric being substantially opposite 45 each other, the face-warps being bound down at each side of each stuffer or cord weft by the binder-warp and binder-weft, two picks of the latter lying between each two picks of the stuffer or cord weft, the binder-warp separating each two alternate picks of stuffer or cord weft, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specificution in the presence of two sub-

scribing witnesses.

GEORGE CROMPTON.

Witnesses:

J. A. WARE,

C. M. EDWARDS.

It is hereby certified that in Letters Patent No. 335,567, granted February 9, 1886, upon the application of George Crompton, of Worcester, Massachusetts, for an improvement in "Woven Fabrics," an error appears in the printed specification requiring correction, as follows: In line 1, page 2, the word "end" should read and; and that the Letters Patent should be read with this correction therein that the same may conform to the record of the case in the Patent Office.

Signed, countersigned, and sealed this 23d day of March, A. D. 1886.

[SEAL.]

H. L. MULDROW,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

Countersigned:

M. V. Montgomery,

Commissioner of Patents.