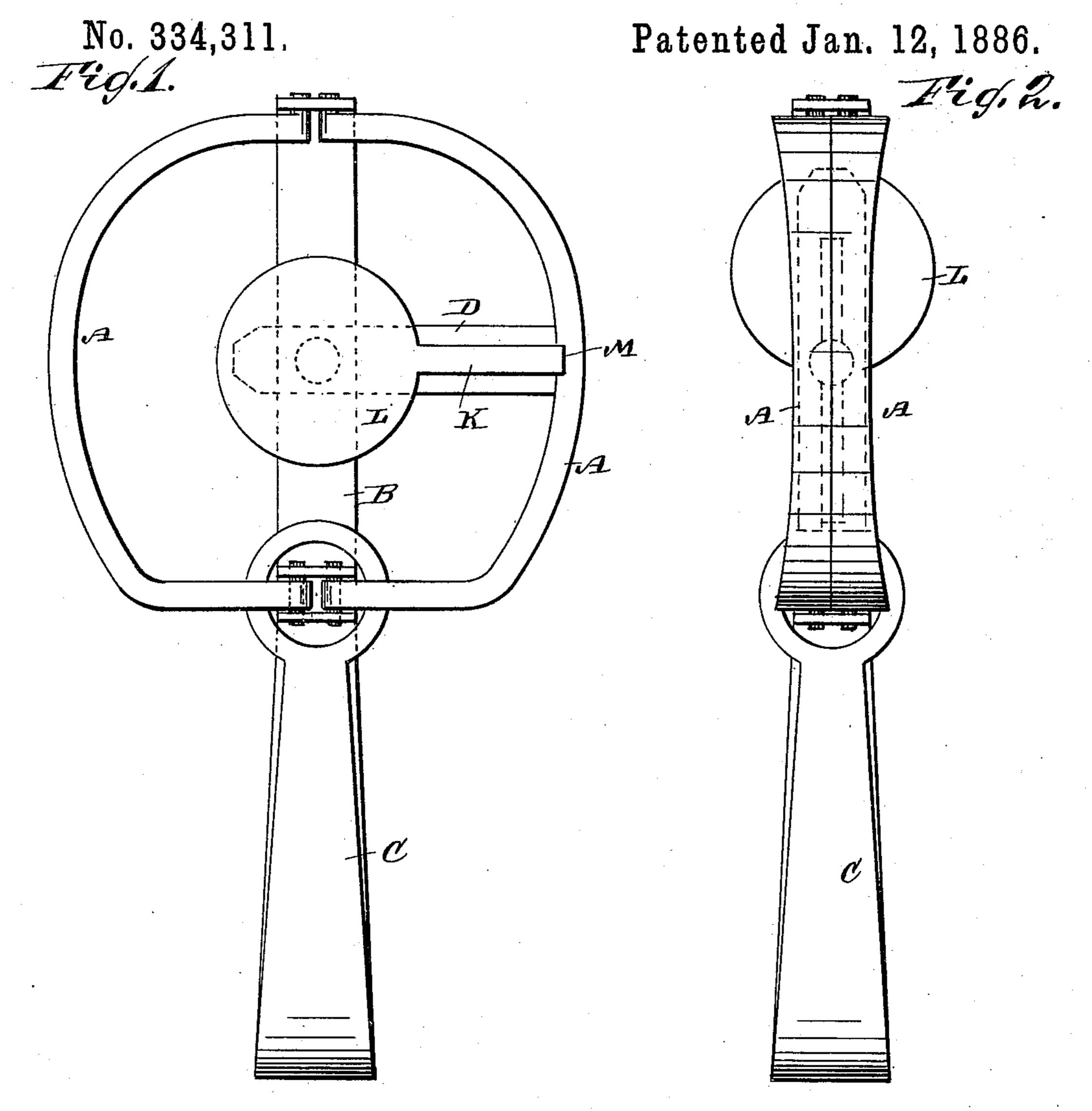
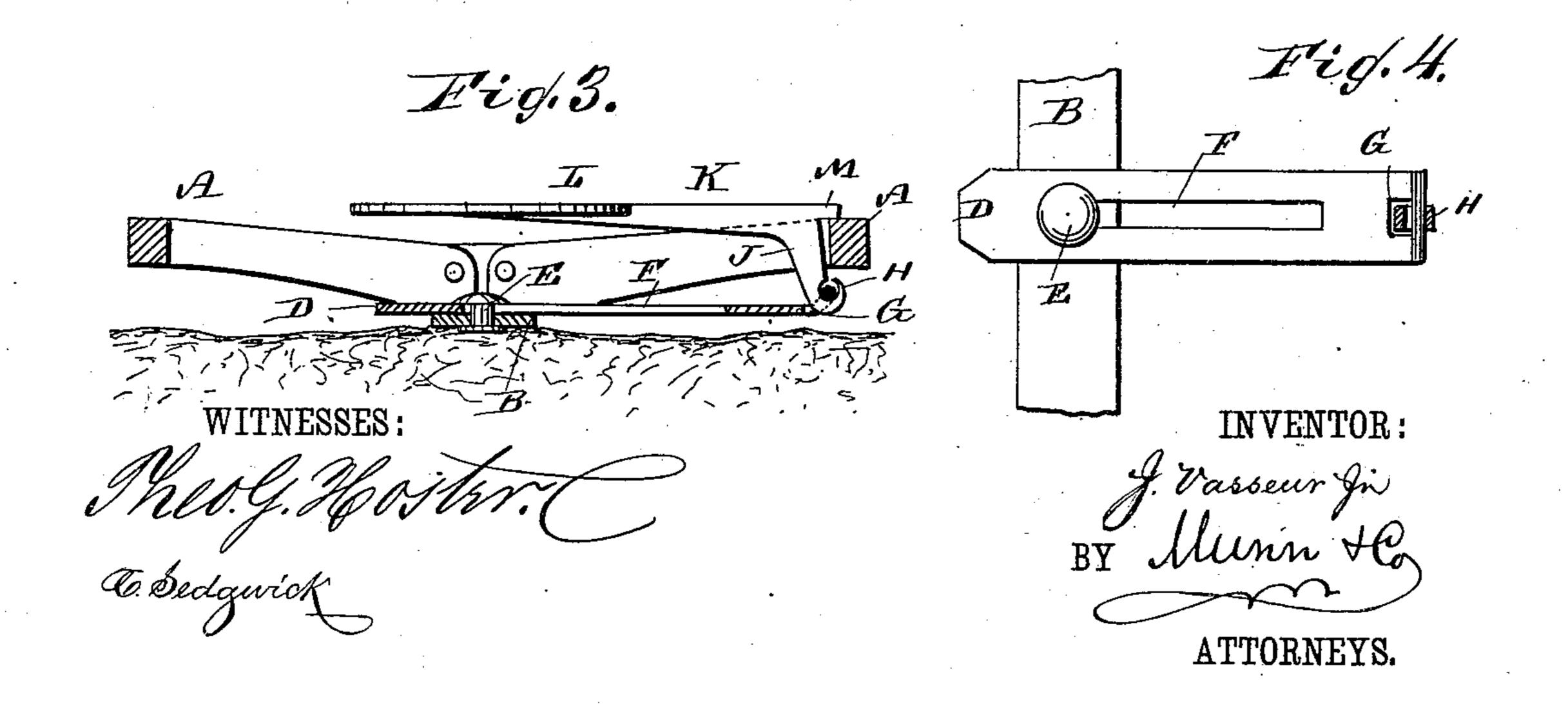
## J. VASSEUR, Jr.

SPRING TRAP.





## United States Patent Office.

JOSEPH VASSEUR, JR., OF ONTONAGON, MICHIGAN.

## SPRING-TRAP.

## SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 334,311,dated January 12, 1886.

Application filed January 30, 1885. Serial No. 154,450. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

have invented a new and Improved Spring-5 Trap, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to certain new and useful improvements in single and double spring-traps having jaws which are acted up-

10 on by the spring.

The object of my invention is to simplify the construction of spring-traps so that, besides being more substantial and convenient, they will be more reliable in use.

The invention consists in the combination, with the jaws and spring, of a catch-lever adjustable a greater or less distance from the jaw, and of a sliding plate on which the lever is held, and which plate is adapted to be 20 swung over and parallel with the bottom plate on which it is held.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate

25 corresponding parts in all the figures. Figure 1 is a plan view of my improved trap open or set. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the same closed and folded as when not in

use. Fig. 3 is a cross-sectional view of the 30 same open. Fig. 4 is a plan view of the slid-

ing plate.

The jaws A, of the usual construction, are pivoted on the upper surface of the bottom plate, B, and are acted upon by a spring, C, 35 of the usual construction, which may form a continuation of the bottom piece, or may be

a separate piece.

On the bottom piece or plate, B, a transverse piece, D, is held by a bolt or rivet, 40 E, passed through the longitudinal slot F of the piece D, and held on the bottom plate, but being loose enough to permit sliding the piece D transversely to the bottom plate or to turn the piece D on the bottom plate. The 45 outer end of the cross-piece D is bent up and provided with an aperture or slot, G, for receiving a hook, H, formed on a downward projection, J, of a catch-lever, K, on the inner end of which the pan L is formed.

50 On the outer end of the said lever K a lug, M, is formed, which is adapted to be passed over the upper or inner edge of one jaw A, and thus hold the jaws open.

Be it known that I, Joseph Vasseur, Jr., it down, thus causing the lug M to release 55 of Ontonagon, Ontonagon county, Michigan, | the jaw it held, thereby permitting the spring C to throw the jaws against each other.

> When the trap is to spring easily, the piece D is moved farther toward the middle of the bottom plate, B, so that the lug M projects 65

less over the jaw.

When the trap is to spring more difficultly, the piece D is moved outward to cause the lug M to project farther over the jaw A.

When the trap is not in use, the piece D 65 is swung parallel with and over the bottom plate, so that the trap will occupy less space and can be packed and stored in a smaller place, and can be carried more readily.

Having thus described my invention, I claim 70 as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent-

1. In a jaw-trap, the combination, with the jaws and spring, of a piece held on the bottom piece or plate transversely adjustable, and of the catch-lever provided with the pan and 75 pivoted on the outer end of the said adjustable piece, substantially as herein shown and described.

2. In a jaw trap, the combination, with the jaws and spring, of a catch-lever adjustable a 8c greater or less distance from the jaws, substantially as herein shown and described.

3. In a jaw-trap, the combination, with the jaws and spring, of the slotted piece D, held adjustably on the bottom plate, B, and of the 85 catch-lever K, pivoted on the piece D, substantially as herein shown and described.

4. In a jaw-trap, the combination, with the jaws and spring, of the transversely-adjustable piece D, having its end bent up, and of 90 the catch-lever K, having a hook passed through the upwardly-bent outer end of the piece D, substantially as herein shown and described.

5. In a jaw-trap, the combination, with the jaws and spring, of the slotted piece D, the 95 bolt E, the lever K on the outer end of the piece D, and provided with the lug M, and pan L, substantially as herein shown and described.

JOSEPH VASSEUR, JR.

Witnesses:

M. A. Powers, L. C. BUTLER.