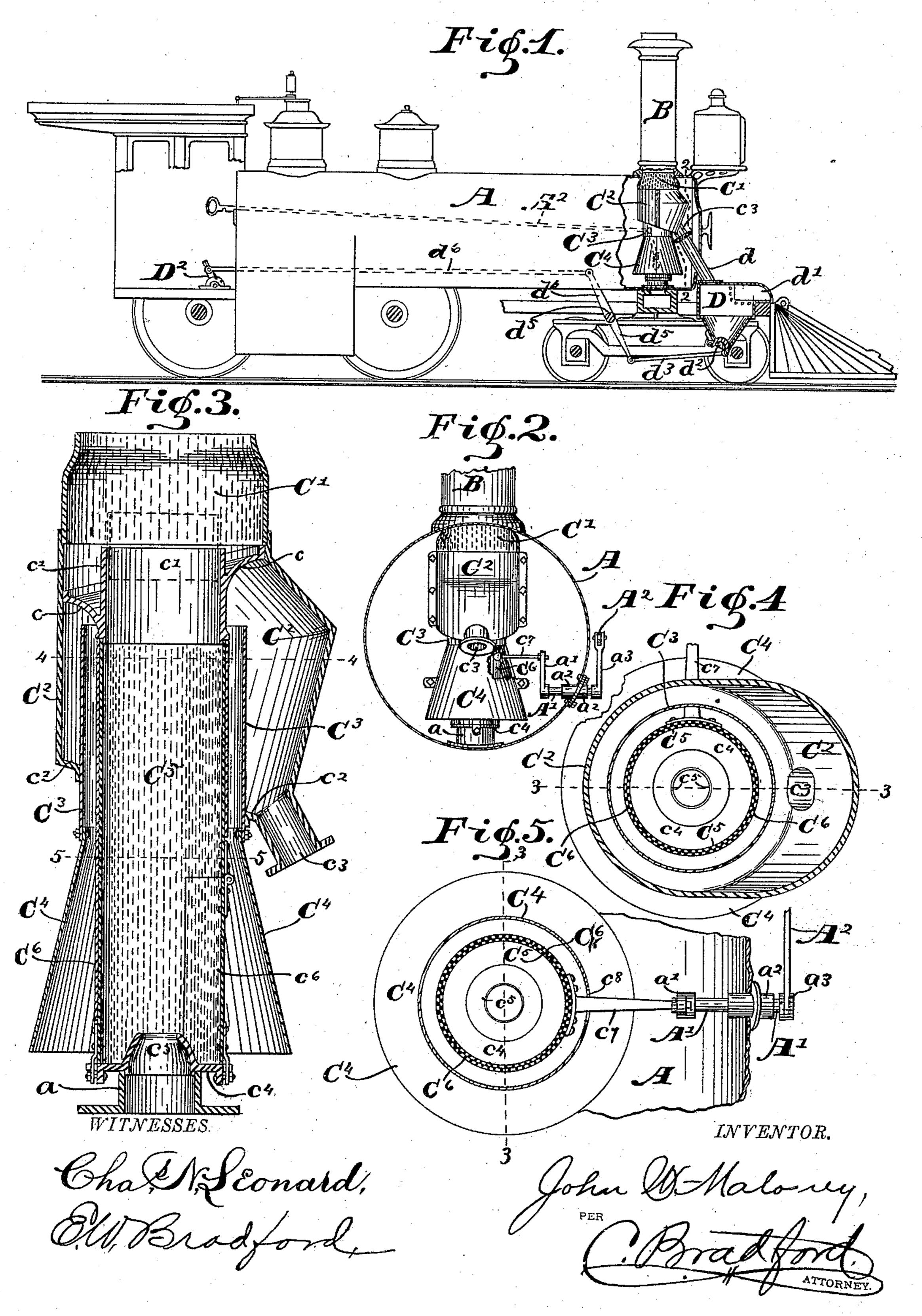
J. W. MALONEY.

SPARK ARRESTER.

No. 331,072.

Patented Nov. 24, 1885.



United States Patent Office.

JOHN W. MALONEY, OF INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

SPARK-ARRESTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 331,072, dated November 24, 1885.

Application filed September 8, 1885. Serial No. 176,472. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John W. Maloney, of the city of Indianapolis, county of Marion, and State of Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Spark-Arresters, of which the following is a specification.

My present invention consists in various improvements on that construction of spark-arresters shown in Letters Patent No. 314,254, granted to me on March 24, 1885, by the use of which said spark-arrester is rendered more perfect in operation, more convenient to clean, and less liable to become clogged by "sweat" or cinders, as will be hereinafter more partic-

ularly described.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, which are made a part hereof, and on which similar letters of reference indicate similar 20 parts, Figure 1 is a side view of a locomotive. provided with my said invention, one side of the smoke-box being broken away to show its location and arrangement; Fig. 2, a front elevation of said invention and surrounding 25 parts as seen when looking to the left from the dotted line 2 2 in Fig. 1; Fig. 3, a central vertical section through the device separated on the dotted line 33 in Figs. 4 and 5; Fig. 4, a cross-section looking downwardly from 30 the dotted line 4 4 in Fig. 3, and Fig. 5 a similar view on the dotted line 55 in same figure.

In said drawings, the portions marked A represent the boiler; B, the smoke stack; C', C², C³, C⁴, C⁵, and C⁶, the several parts of the spark-arrester proper, and D a receptacle for

the sparks.

The boiler, smoke-stack, and surrounding parts are or may be of any ordinary or suitable construction, and therefore need no special description. The screen and inverted cone commonly used in the smoke-stack are, however, omitted, leaving said smoke-stack entirely free from obstruction.

As in the aforementioned Letters Patent, the body of the spark-arresting device is composed of several parts, which are arranged in substantially the same general manner. The upper part, C', is perforated and connected to the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part, C², is connected to the first and ex-

inner portions. It is provided with a funnelshaped top, c, inclined from its front to rear side. Around the edge of the central open- 55 ing therein, and cast integrally with said top, is an upwardly-projecting pipe, c', which extends up about to the lower edge of the perforated part C', and thus conducts the exhaust and smoke from below directly into the "up- 60 per draft," and prevents it from expanding into the enlarged portion just below the part C' and impairing the draft. As will be readily seen, this pipe can be made adjustable, if desired, by simply adding a section of pipe, as 65 shown in dotted lines, which can be adjusted up or down, as the weak or strong current of the exhaust from below seems to demand. Said part is also provided with an inclined bottom, c^2 , terminating at its lowest point in 70 an orifice, c^3 , connected with a spout, d, which leads to the spark-receptacle. The third portion, C3, is secured in the opening in the bottom of the part C², and extends up within said part about two-thirds of the way to the top 75 thereof and down a short distance below said bottom, as shown. The fourth part, C4, is secured to the lower end of said part C3, and extends down nearly to the bottom of the device. It is preferably formed flaring from its 80 top to its bottom, and is secured to said part C³ by bolts or catches, so as to be easily detached when it is desired to get to the inside of the apparatus for any reason. A perforated pipe, C5, is mounted within said 85 parts C³ and C⁴, its top being connected to the lower edge of the top c of the part C^2 , and its bottom having a base-plate, c^4 , secured thereon, which sets onto the exhaust-nozzle a, said plate being provided with an opening which 90 registers with said nozzle, around which is preferably formed a flange, c^5 , somewhat contracted toward its end to form a perfect nose to said nozzle, as shown. In the lower front side of said pipe I provide a door, c6, and 95 thus when it is desired to get to the inside of said pipe to clean it out, or for any other reason, it can be readily done by simply detaching the part C4 and opening this door, thus giving ready access to the nozzle and interior 100 of the apparatus.

the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part, \mathbb{C}^2 , is connected to the first and extends down a short distance, surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part, \mathbb{C}^2 , is connected to the first and extends down a short distance, surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part, \mathbb{C}^2 , is connected to the first and extends down a short distance, surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part, \mathbb{C}^2 , is connected to the first and extends down a short distance, surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part, \mathbb{C}^2 , is connected to the first and extends down a short distance, surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part, \mathbb{C}^2 , is connected to the first and extends down a short distance, surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part is a surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part is a surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part is a surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part is a surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part is a surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack. The second part is a surrounding the lower end of the smoke-stack is a surrounding the lower end of the surroundin

shape of elongated slots in each of said pipes. It is of substantially the same length as the pipe C⁵, its lower end resting upon a projecting edge of the base-plate c^4 , except at its front 5 side, which is preferably cut away from the top of the door c^6 to permit the free operation of said door. (Of course this part could also be provided with a door covering the door in the part C5, if preferred; but I do not deem ro it necessary.) On one side of said pipe is riveted an outwardly-projecting arm, c^7 , which extends out through a slot, c⁸, in the part C⁴, and connects with an arm, a', on the inner end of the rock-shaft A', which is jour-15 naled in an air-tight bearing, a^2 , in the shell of the boiler. On the outer end of said rockshaft is provided an arm, a³, which is connected to a long rod, A2, running to the cab. Said rod is provided with notches on its under 20 side, near its handle, which engage with a catch-piece on the side of the cab. Thus when from sweat or any other cause the perforations in said pipes become clogged, or cinders become lodged therein, and the op-25 eration of the apparatus thus becomes impaired, the engineer or fireman, by simply taking hold of the handle on the end of said rod A² and giving it a shake, operates, through the connecting arms and the shaft A', to 30 move the pipe C⁶ back and forth upon the pipe C5, and cut off all adhering cinders, soot, or other clogs, and frees the perforations from all obstructions, and permits the free and unobstructed operation of the mechanism. By 35 this means the operator is also enabled to partially or entirely close said perforations when from any cause it is desired so to do, the notches in the handle being arranged so as to bring said two pipes in exactly the various 40 relative positions that may be desired. The receptacle D for the sparks is usually

located in front of the smoke-box on or in the frame-work of the cow-catcher. Its front top portion is formed of a separate piece, d', 45 bolted in position, and thus if anything should be caught by the cow-catcher and thrown against said part, breaking it, it could be readily replaced without disturbing the receptacle proper. Its lower portion is pref-50 erably hopper-shaped, and is provided with a discharge-door, d^2 . Said door is formed in the shape of a half-ball, its curve side fitting into the opening, and thus insuring a tight joint at all times, as all cinders and other mat-55 ter which would become lodged upon a flat door and prevent it from being closed tightly will slide off from this by reason of its formation. It is hinged at one side, and at its other side is preferably connected back to an op-60 erating-lever, D2, in the cab by means of the rod d^3 , levers d^4 , operating on the rock-shaft d^5 , and the connecting-rod d^6 , thus permitting the operator to empty said receptacle from the cab at any time, and then tightly close it again. In general operation my improved appa-

aforementioned Letters Patent, the exhaust entering through the nozzle a, and the smoke being drawn in through the perforated pipes into the smoke stack, while the cinders are 70 carried up over the top of the part C3 into the part C², and thence to the receptacle D, as therein; but by the use of these improvements I provide means for keeping the perforated pipes free from obstruction, means 75 for regulating the draft, and access to the interior of the device, as has been fully set forth.

Having thus fully described my said invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure 80 by Letters Patent, is—

1. The combination, with a spark-arrester secured in the smoke-box, of an internal double perforated pipe, one part of which is adapted to move upon the other, whereby said 85

perforations may be kept unobstructed, substantially as set forth.

2. The combination, in a spark-arrester secured to the lower end of a smoke-stack, consisting of an internal perforated pipe hav- 9c ing another perforated pipe mounted and adapted to move thereon, a surrounding pipe, an enlarged portion surrounding the upper ends of these portions, and provided with a top and bottom with an orifice leading there- 95 from, the space between said internal perforated pipes and the pipe surrounding them leading into this portion below its top, substantially as set forth.

3. The combination, in a spark-arrester 100 secured to the lower end of a smoke-stack, of the parts C' and C2, said part C2 being provided with a top having a central opening around which is a pipe, c', extending up toward the smoke-stack, a perforated pipe se- 105 cured at its top around the lower edge of said opening in said top c, and a pipe surrounding said perforated pipe and extending up into said part C2, substantially as set forth.

4. The combination, with the other parts 110 of the spark-arrester, of the perforated pipe C^5 , provided in one side with a door, c^6 , substantially as described, and for the purposes specified.

5. The combination, in a spark-arrester 115 secured to the bottom of the smoke stack, of a portion, C², having a top, c, provided with a central opening, and a bottom, c^2 , having a central opening, pipes C³ C⁴, leading from below said bottom up into said portion, the perfo- 120 rated pipe C⁵, connected at its top to the top c of said portion C2, and the perforated pipe C6, surrounding said pipe C5, and provided with an arm, c^7 , extending out through the other parts, and means connected thereto for 125 moving said pipe C⁶ upon said pipe C⁵, substantially as set forth.

6. The combination, with a spark-arresting device secured in the smoke-box to the bottom of the smoke-stack, of the receptacle D and a 130 pipe leading from said device to said receptaratus is not dissimilar from that shown in the cle, said receptacle being provided with a

semi-spherical door in its bottom, substantially as set forth.

7. In a spark-arresting apparatus, the combination, with the receptacle D for the sparks, of a semi-spherical-shaped door, d^2 , arranged with its curved side fitting into the opening, substantially as set forth.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, at Indianapolis, Indiana, this 4th day of September, A. D. 1885.

JOHN W. MALONEY. [L. s.]

In presence of—

E. W. BRADFORD, CHARLES L. THURBER.