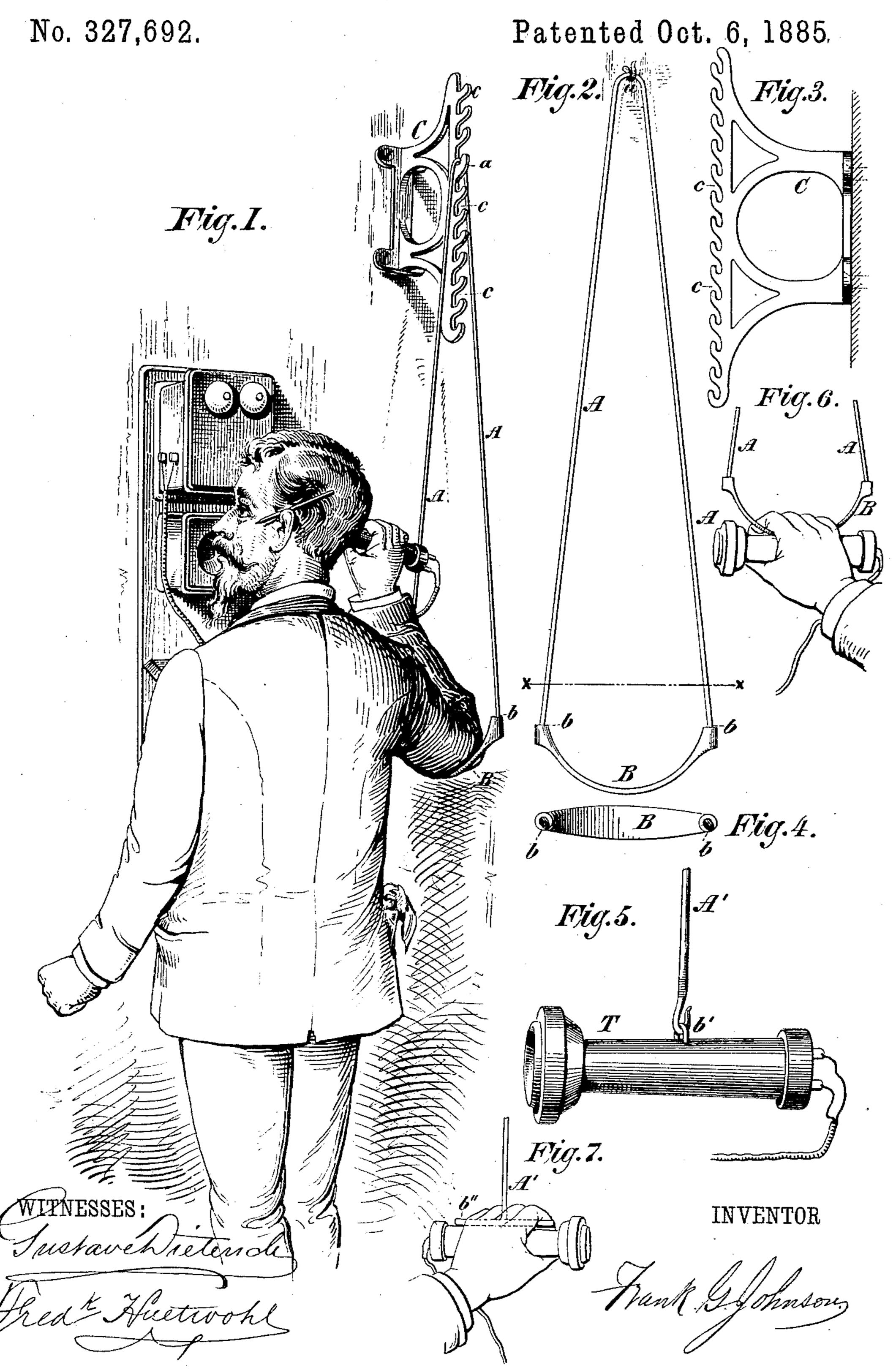
F. G. JOHNSON.

ARM REST FOR TELEPHONE USES.



United States Patent Office.

FRANK G. JOHNSON, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

ARM-REST FOR TELEPHONE USES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 327,692, dated October 6, 1885.

Application filed January 31, 1885. Serial No. 154,511. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Frank G. Johnson, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented new and useful Improvements in Arm-Rests for Telephone Uses; and I hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form

a part of this specification.

device for an arm-rest to be employed in connection with telephones for the purpose of relieving the telephone-operators of the usual fatigue, which is caused by holding to the ear for a considerable time the telephone-receiver, and at the same time so constructed and employed as not to limit in the least the free motion, in all lateral directions, of the elbow, hand, arm, or body of the telephone-operator, and so arrranged, too, that it can be employed on either side of the telephone-transmitter and by persons of different heights.

results consists of a hanging or pendent support for the elbow or hand, which is held or supported at the upper end by being suitably attached to the side wall, by means of a hook or staple, or, preferably, by means of a projecting and adjustable-bracket attached to the wall near to and on either side of the telephone-transmitter, as illustrated by the ac-

companying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view showing the device in use. Fig. 2 is a view of the suspen-35 sion-rod that supports the arm-piece B, shown as attached directly to the wall of the room; Fig. 3, a view of the projecting adjustable bracket, from which is suspended the hanging-rest; Fig. 4, a view of the arm-piece, seen 40 from the line x x in Fig. 2; Fig. 6, a view showing the method of supporting the arm by means of grasping the arm-piece and the telephonereceiver with the hand instead of placing the elbow upon it; Fig. 7 shows a modification of 45 the suspension-rod and arm-piece, and Fig. 5 shows how the suspension-rod can be modified so as to employ the telephone-receiver itself as the arm-piece by grasping it with the hand.

Similar letters refer to similar parts throughout the several views.

The supporting-bracket C, which is fastened | in which case the cross-bar b'' and the tele-

to the same wall on which is secured the telephone-transmitter, is placed somewhat higher than the transmitter to facilitate lateral 55 motion of the arm-piece B, and a suitable distance to the right or left of the transmitter; or one of these brackets may be placed on either side of the transmitter to accommodate left as well as right handed persons in the use of 6c the rest.

To suit persons of different heights the supporting-bracket is provided with a long vertical edge or bar, having upon its outer edge a series of suitable hooked projections, cc. 65. This bracket C is also extended so as to project out from the wall upon which it is fastened, so as to bring the hooked projections cc in nearly a vertical line with the natural position of the elbow and hand of the operator when standing in a convenient position before the transmitter, to prevent the necessity and effort of drawing the suspension-rod A A much out of the vertical line of its support on the bracket.

A A are the suspension-rod or support of the arm-piece B, which consists, preferably, of a metallic rod, bent in the form of a small semicircle at the top, to furnish a convenient means of hooking or attaching it to and detaching it 80 from the supporting-bracket C, or other support, in order to adjust the rest to persons of different heights. The arm-piece B is made, preferably, flat and partially semicircular to better fit the arm, and is attached to the sus- 8: pension-rod, at b b; or it (the arm-piece) may be a straight round bar, or of any other suitable shape if only it is long enough between the points b b to freely admit the elbow or hand to pass between the two branches of the sus- 90 pension-rod A A.

Instead of placing the elbow upon the armpiece B, the telephone-receiver and the armpiece B can be grasped together in the hand, as shown in Fig. 6, which rests the arm as effectually as if the elbow rested on the armpiece, only, in this mode of using the rest, the suspension-rod A A needs to be raised higher on the adjustable supporting-bracket or wall.

Instead of making the suspension-rod A A ic in two parts, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, it may be made single, as shown by A', and be provided with a straight cross-bar, as b", Fig. 7, in which case the cross-bar b" and the tele-

phone-receiver are grasped together in the hand, as shown in Fig. 7.

Figure 5 shows the method of using the rest by attaching the suspension-rod A' directly to the telephone-receiver T, as shown by b', and thus utilizing it (the receiver) as the armpiece.

Of course, in the use of the word "arm-piece" in this specification I do not limit myself as signifying that the elbow only is to be placed upon the rest to relieve the arm, as the arm is afforded rest when its weight is supported by placing the arm upon the rest, or by grasping the rest with the hand.

The rest is adjustable to persons of different heights by simply hooking the suspension rod A A onto any desired projections c c of the bracket, as shown at a, Fig. 1, or at such different elevations on the wall as will suit the height of the person desiring to employ the telephone.

By the employment of the suspension-rod A A as the support of the arm-piece B it (the arm-piece) is rendered freely mobile in all lateral directions, which, therefore, prevents any restraint upon the free motion of the hand, arm, or body in a horizontal plane while employing the rest, which result is indispensable to the convenient use of the telephone.

I do not limit myself to any particular form or style of supporting-bracket, as I am aware that a great variety of these may be made—as, for instance, a series of pins or separate hooks may be placed one above another instead of a bracket made in a single piece—for the securing the suspension-rest to the wall, or even a single support attached to the wall may be employed, as shown by Fig. 2.

What I claim as my invention, and desire 40

to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In combination with a transmitter of a telephone, the hanging arm-rest, consisting of the suspension-rod A A and arm-piece B, attāched to the side wall, D, above and at the 45 side of the telephone-transmitter, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

2. The combination, with a transmitter of a telephone, of the supporting bracket C, having any desired projections cc, and hanging arm-50 rest, consisting of the suspension-rod A A and arm-piece B, substantially as and for the purposes described.

FRANK G. JOHNSON.

Witnesses:

JNO. J. MALMAR, WM. D. JUDSON.