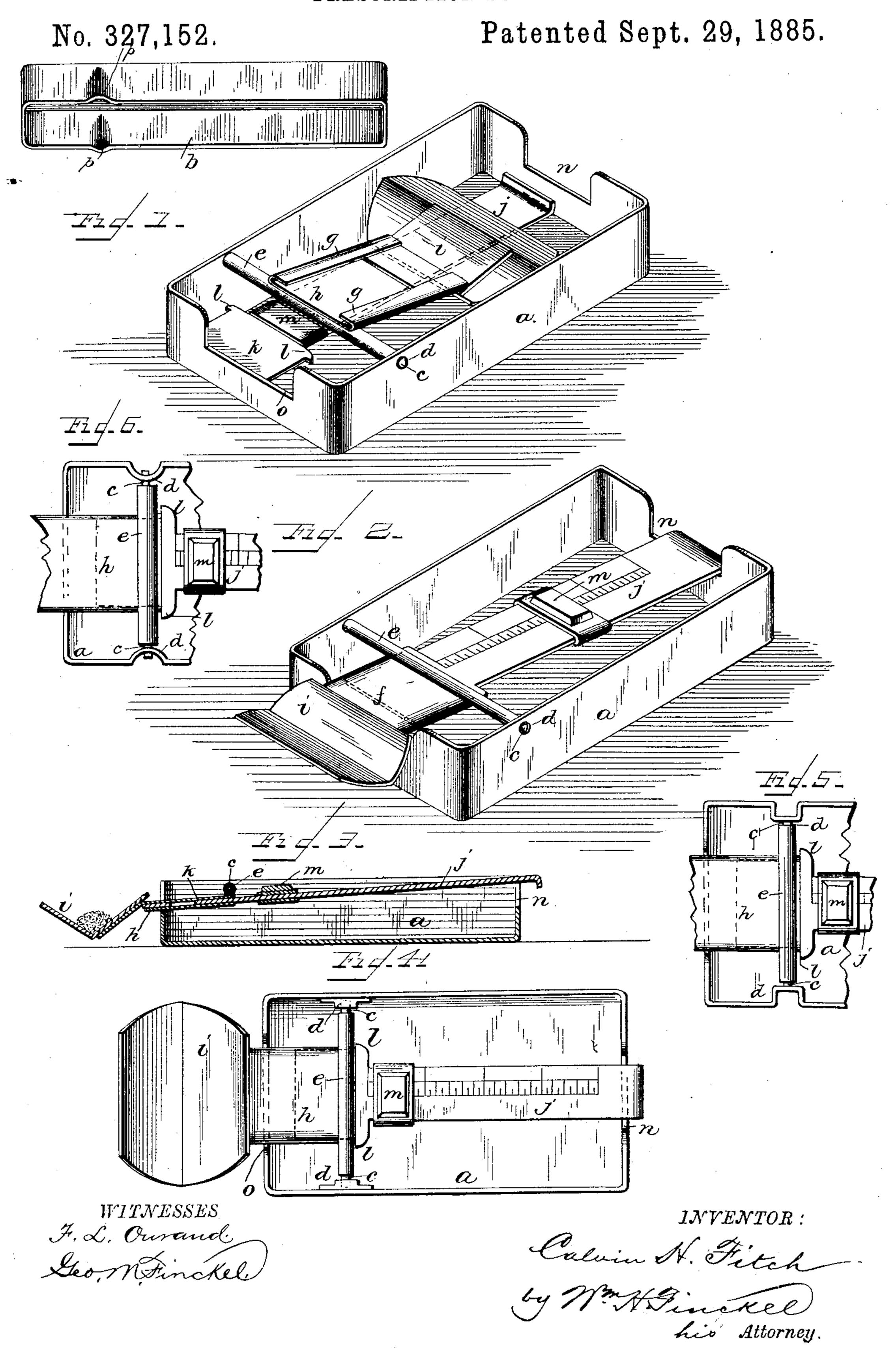
## C. H. FITCH. PRESCRIPTION SCALE.



## United States Patent Office.

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## PRESCRIPTION-SCALES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 327,152, dated September 29, 1885.

Application filed January 19, 1885. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Calvin H. Fitch, a citizen of the United States, residing at Middletown Springs, in the county of Rutland and State of Vermont, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Prescription-Scales, of which the following is a full, clear,

and exact description.

The object of this invention is to provide 10 portable balances or scales that may be carried in a person's pocket for the use of physicians and others, and for families for weighing small quantities of medicine or small divisions of other articles or substances. In order 15 to secure accuracy, that quality so indispensable, particularly in medicine, I deem it essential that the balances shall be of as few parts as possible, and that a permanent pivot be provided for such balances. In order to get 20 the scales within a compass compatible with easy portability some portions must be capable of disjointing, and I find that the member that may be so detached with a minimum loss, and, in fact, no detriment to accuracy, is 25 the graduated arm and weight; hence in constructing my scales I employ a casing or box in which the pan and socket-piece are fixed to a fulcral pin or shaft permanently hung in said casing, and adapted to be turned out from 30 such box for use, and to be reversed into the box when not in use, said pan having facilities for readily receiving a detachable graduated arm and movable weight thereon constituting the beam, and shaped to preserve the 35 balance, and also permit the ready discharge of its contents, the box forming a base or pedestal for the scales, and being provided with a suitable cover.

In the accompanying drawings, illustrating my invention, in the several figures of which like parts are similarly designated, Figure 1 is a perspective view of the scales in place in the box, the cover being shown to the left. Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the scales ready for use. Fig. 3 is a vertical longitudinal section of the same; Fig. 4, a top plan view with a modification in the bearings for the fulcral pin, and Figs. 5 and 6 plan views of other modifications of the bearings, the scale of the 50 drawings being somewhat enlarged over the actual size.

The box or casing a is made preferably of metal, and rectangular or oblong in shape, struck up in dies or otherwise formed, and its cover b is similarly formed and readily de- 55 tachable; or said box and its cover may be constructed of wood, paper, or other suitable material. c is the fulcral pin or shaft, preferably made of steel wire drawn with a knifeedge, as shown, and having its bearings in 60 holes d in opposite vertical sides of the box, near one end of such box. This pin may be made from a solid piece of steel or other suitable metal with knife-edge shouldered journals at each end, (see Fig. 5,) obtained by re- 65 ducing the size of the pin or shaft at its ends; but, preferably, as more economical and to secure a more perfect bearing, the pin is passed through a tube, e, and said tube is equal in length to the distance between the sides of the 70 box within the box, while the pin c is as much longer as is the outside width of the box greater than its inside, or a little more than that, so as to insure permanence of the pin in its bearings, and prevention of so much longitudinal 75 movement as would permit the accidental disengagement of the pin and its bearings.

To the tube e (or to the pin e, if the shaft is used without the tube,) is secured a strip of metal, f, the longitudinal edges g of which are 80 turned down, and then toward each other parallel with the piece f, to form a socket or sockets, h; and to the free end of said socket-piece f is affixed the scale-pan i, which may be round, flat, or any shape used for scales; 85 but I prefer to make it V shape in cross-section, so as to preserve the "balance" of the scales, and obviate the necessity for adjustment, and, furthermore, to facilitate the emptying of the pan of its contents.

The pan and its socket-piece may be made of one piece of sheet metal stamped to shape, or cut and shaped in dies, or it may be formed of two pieces suitably united, as by solder.

Instead of having the bearings for the fulcral 95 pin in the sides of the box, they may be separate pieces, something like sheet-metal-pail bail ears secured to the sides within the box, as indicated in Fig. 4, or the sides of the box may be indented, as in Figs. 5 and 6, either 100 angularly or in an arc of a circle to form such bearings.

The scale beam and pan may be made of one solid piece, or the scale beam and pan may be made of separate pieces, and these soldered or fastened together in any other suitable 5 manner, and the pan and scale-beam may be so adjusted as to work all within the box; but, preferably, the scale-beam or graduated arm jhas a tenon, k, to fit the socket h of the socketpiece of the pan, and it is limited in its inner 10 movement in said socket, and truly registered therein by lateral lugs l. This scale-beam is about the length of the box inside. It is provided with a suitable counterpoise or weight, m, sliding thereon by the provision of 15 a loop on its under side embracing the said beam, as indicated in Figs. 1, 2, and 3.

The vertical end walls of the box are cut out at n and o to permit the movement of the

scales when put together for use.

When the pan is reversed, or turned into the box, as in Fig. 1, the knife-edge is reversed with it, and consequently it is saved the wear upon it, which is more injurious in disuse ordinarily than when in use.

When the parts are connected, as in Fig. 2, the box forms a base or pedestal for the scales, and they are in this position ready for use.

The openings n and o, while permitting free play of the scales, preclude all undue lateral 3c motion, and they are usually no deeper than the flange or rim of the cover, so that the cover when in place will completely inclose all openings in the box.

When the bearings for the fulcral pin are in 35 the sides of the box themselves, the cover will be made with recesses p to cover them; but these additions to the cover are not necessary when such bearings are used, as shown in

Figs. 4, 5, and 6.

The pan may be unloaded by catching up the box and scales together and tipping them sidewise; and inasmuch as the pan from its V shape will compel the load to seek its bottom angle, and thus preserve the balance without 45 deviation and the use of extraneous means to this end, so the load may be readily discharged in a compact mass.

I desire to lay special stress on making the pan a fixture, for thus it obviates any proba-50 bility of losing said pan and greatly facilitates the manipulation of the device and overcomes the necessity for any adjustment of the pan to balance it.

I propose putting these scales on the market 55 nickel-plated, or in polished brass, or the like, and to supply each with a spatula and a medicine-dropper.

I do not confine this invention simply to a scale for weighing small quantities, but scales 60 may be made on this principle of any capacity, and may be made portable or stationary.

What I claim is—

1. A scale comprising a box having fixed 65 sides provided with bearings, a scale-pan provided with a tube, e, and a bearing-pin secured therein, whereby the pan is permanent-

ly hung in the said bearings, a scale-beam connected with such pan, and a movable cover for the box to inclose the pan, bearings, and 70 beam within the box, substantially as described.

2. A prescription-scale comprising a covered casing or box having fixed sides, a scale-pan permanently hung in the said fixed sides, and 75 rotatable on its bearings, so as to be capable of being turned into and out of the box, and a scale-beam adapted to be connected with and disconnected from such pan, substantially as described.

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3. A box, a scale-pan provided with a socket-piece, and a knife-edge fulcral pin secured in bearings in the sides of said box, and rotatable in said bearings to adapt it to be turned into and out from said box, and a detachable 85 scale-beam provided with a tenon to engage the socket-piece of the pan, combined substantially as described.

4. A box provided with bearings, a fulcral pin rotatable in said bearings, and a scale- 90 pan secured to said pin and adapted to be turned into or out from the box, combined with a detachable scale-beam, substantially as

described.

5. A box provided with bearings, a fulcral 95 pin having a knife-edge and rotatable in said bearings, and a scale-pan rigidly affixed to said pin and adapted to be turned out of or into said box to bring the knife-edge of the pin into operative and inoperative positions, 100 respectively, with respect of its bearings, substantially as described.

6. A box provided with side bearings, a fulcral pin having a knife-edge and rotatable in said bearings, a scale-pan and a tube at- 105 tached to the socket-piece extending from said pan through which the fulcral pin extends to its bearings on either side, substantially as de-

scribed.

7. The scale-pan made V shape in cross- 110 section combined with a fulcral pin having permanently-fixed bearings, and a scale-beam, whereby the article or substance to be weighed is compelled to a given center, and a true balance thus preserved, substantially as de- 115 scribed.

8. The box a, provided with openings n o in its ends, side bearings, and a cover combined with the pan, its socket-piece, fuleral pin, and detachable tenoned scale-beam and weight 120

thereon, substantially as described.

9. The combination, with the socketed scalepan, of the tenoned scale-beam having stoplugs l co-operating with the said socketed pan to insure the correct position of the beam 125 in the socketed pan, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 17th day of January, A. D. 1885.

CALVIN H. FITCH.

Witnesses:

Byron S. Fitch, H. SWINEFORD.