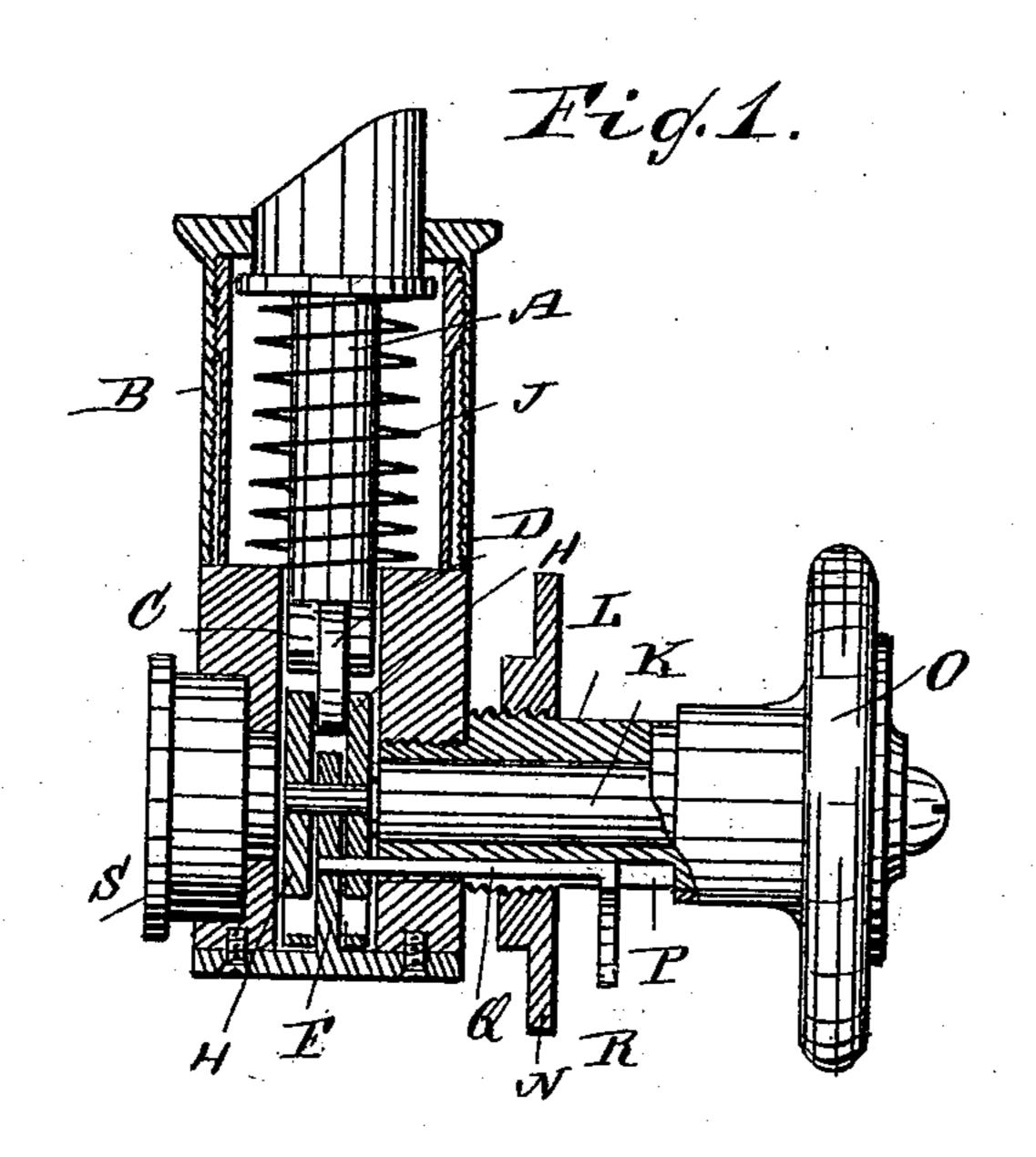
(Model.)

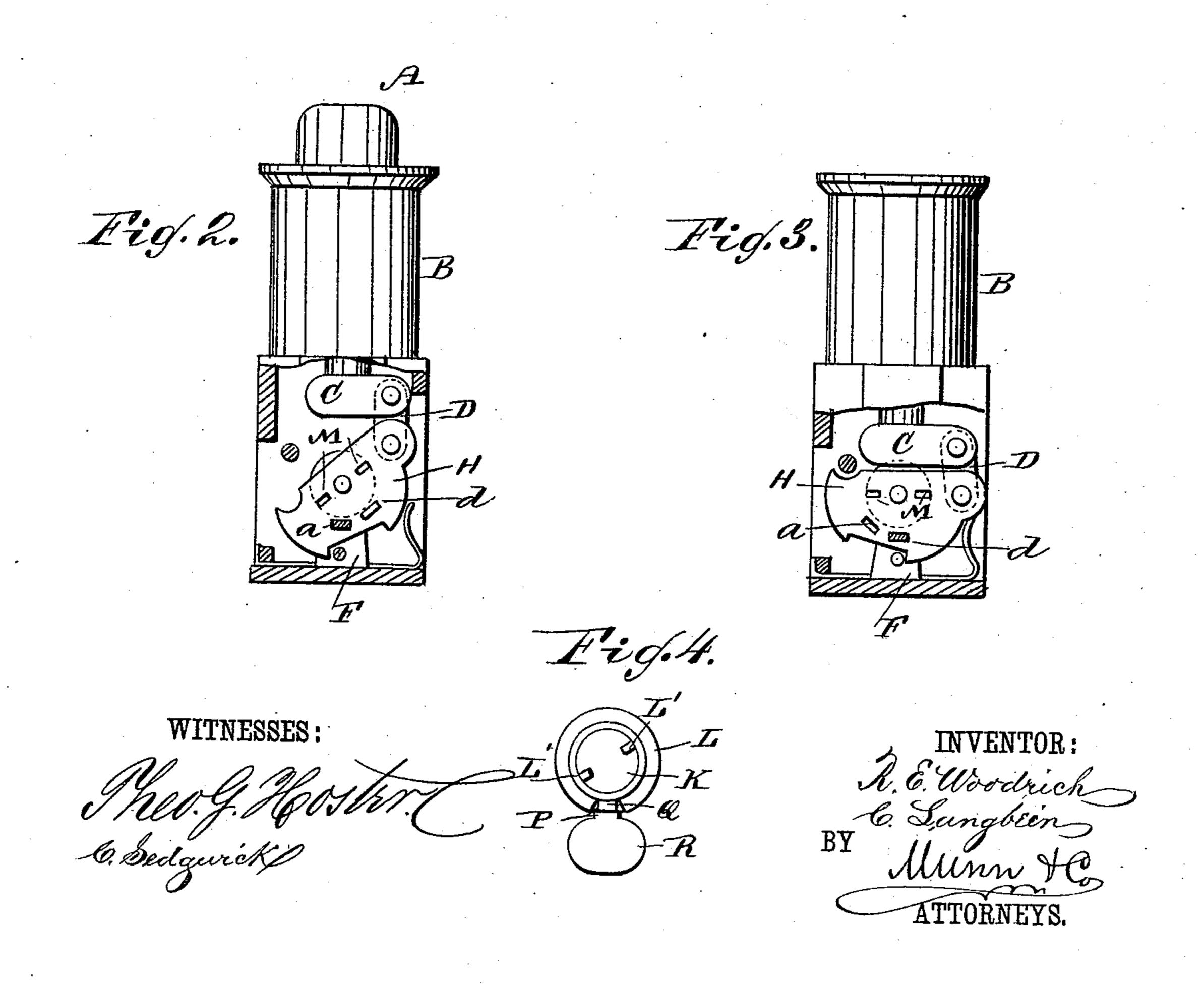
R. E. WOODRICH & C. LANGBEIN.

LATCH.

No. 326,258.

Patented Sept. 15, 1885.





United States Patent Office.

RUDOLF E. WOODRICH, OF NEW YORK, AND CHARLES LANGBEIN, OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.

LATCH.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 326,258, dated September 15, 1885.

Application filed November 21, 1884. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, RUDOLF E. WOOD-RICH, of the city, county, and State of New York, and CHARLES LANGBEIN, of Brook-5 lyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Lock, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of our invention is to provide a 10 new and improved lock which is constructed with a sliding bolt acted upon by a knobshaft, and also adapted to be locked in place

by means of a latch.

The invention consists in the combination, 15 with a lock-casing, of a sliding bolt in the same, a knob-shaft connected with the bolt, and a sliding latch in a sleeve surrounding the knob-shaft.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying 20 drawings, forming part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate cor-

responding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a longitudinal sectional view of our improved lock. Fig. 2 is a side view of 25 the same, parts being broken out and the bolt being thrown. Fig. 3 is a like view, the bolt being withdrawn. Fig. 4 is an inner end view of the knob-shaft.

The bolt A is held to slide longitudinally 30 in a tubular casing, B, the bolt projecting from one end of the casing, and having its end beveled or provided with a beveled head.

On the inner end of the bolt A a crosspiece, C, is held, and to the same a link, D, is 35 pivoted, which is also pivoted to a plate, H, pivoted on a partition, F, projecting from the bottom of the casing B into a groove or slit in the bottom of the plate, whereby by turning the said plate H on its pivot the bolt A is 40 withdrawn.

A spring, J, coiled around the bolt A, presses

the same outward.

The knob-shaft K is arranged to revolve but not to slide in a sleeve, L, screwed into 45 one side of the casing B at the lower end of the same, and the said knob-shaft is provided at its inner end with two prongs, L', which pass into apertures M in one side of the plate H, whereby the plate H can be turned by 50 means of the knob-shaft K.

sleeve L, and a knob, O, is secured on the outer end of the knob-shaft K.

A longitudinal groove, P, is formed in the outer surface of the sleeve L, and in the same 55 a slide, Q, is arranged, which is provided with a downwardly or outwardly projecting handle-piece, R.

The plate H is provided with two apertures, a d, for receiving the end of the slide 60 Q, and an aperture, h, is provided in the partition F for receiving the end of the slide.

On that side of the lock-casing opposite the one on which the sleeve L is secured a keyguide, S, is arranged, which is adapted to re- 65 ceive and guide a key, the end of which is to be engaged with the plate H to turn the same.

The operation is as follows: To withdraw the bolt, the knob-shaft is turned to swing that 70 end connected with the bolt toward the rear end of the lock-casing. As soon as the knobshaft is released the spring J throws the bolt outward. To lock the bolt in place, the slide Q is pushed inward so that its inner end passes 75 through the aperture a in the plate H and the aperture h in the partition F. The door cannot be opened, as the bolt is locked in place securely.

When the bolt is to be locked in place so 8c that it cannot catch, it is first pulled inward and the slide Q pushed inward to pass through the aperture d in the plate H and aperture hin the partition F. The lock thus serves as an ordinary knob-lock, a key-lock, a night-latch, 85 and a safety-lock. The key-guide is held flush with the outside of the door, and the knob is

on the inside.

Having thus described our invention, what we claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 90 Patent, is—

1. In a lock, the combination, with the casing, of a sliding bolt having a cross-piece, a pivoted plate in the casing, and a link connecting the pivoted plate with the cross-piece 95 of the bolt, substantially as herein shown and described.

2. In a lock, the combination, with a casing, of a sliding bolt, a knob-shaft, a pivoted plate connected with the knob-shaft and the bolt, a 100 sleeve surrounding the knob-shaft, and a slid-An escutcheon-ring, N, is screwed on the | ing latch in the sleeve for locking the said pivoted plate in place, substantially as herein shown and described.

3. In a lock, the combination, with a casing, of the sliding bolt A, cross-piece C, and link D, the pivoted plate H, having apertures a d, and the latch Q, substantially as herein shown and described.

4. The combination, with the casing B, of the bolt A, the partition F, having an aper-

ture, h, cross-piece C, the link D, the pivoted 10 plate H, having apertures a d, the sleeve L, the knob-shaft K, and the sliding latch Q, substantially as herein shown and described.

RUDOLF E. WOODRICH. CHARLES LANGBEIN.

Witnesses:

OSCAR F. GUNZ, C. SEDGWICK.