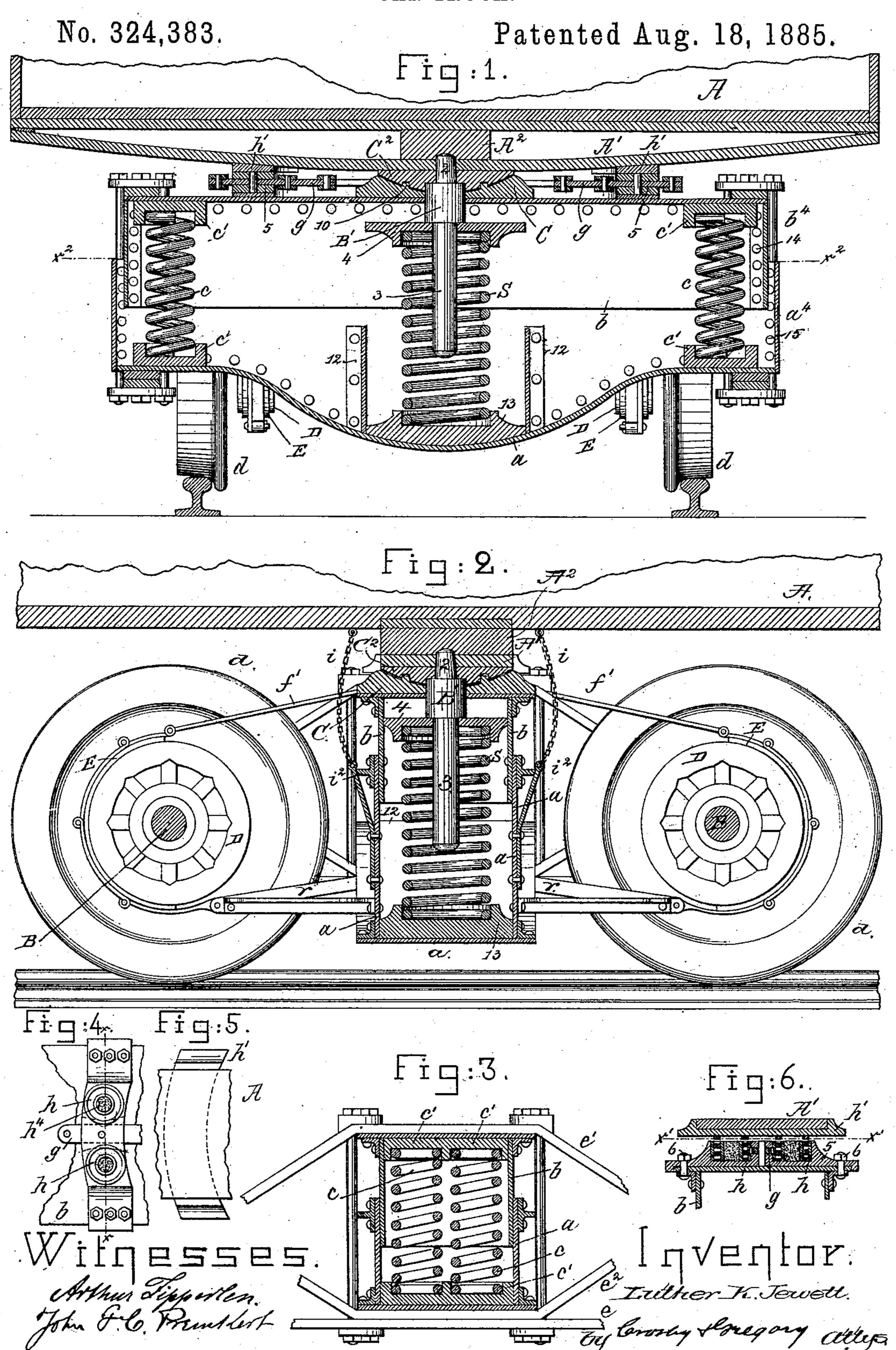
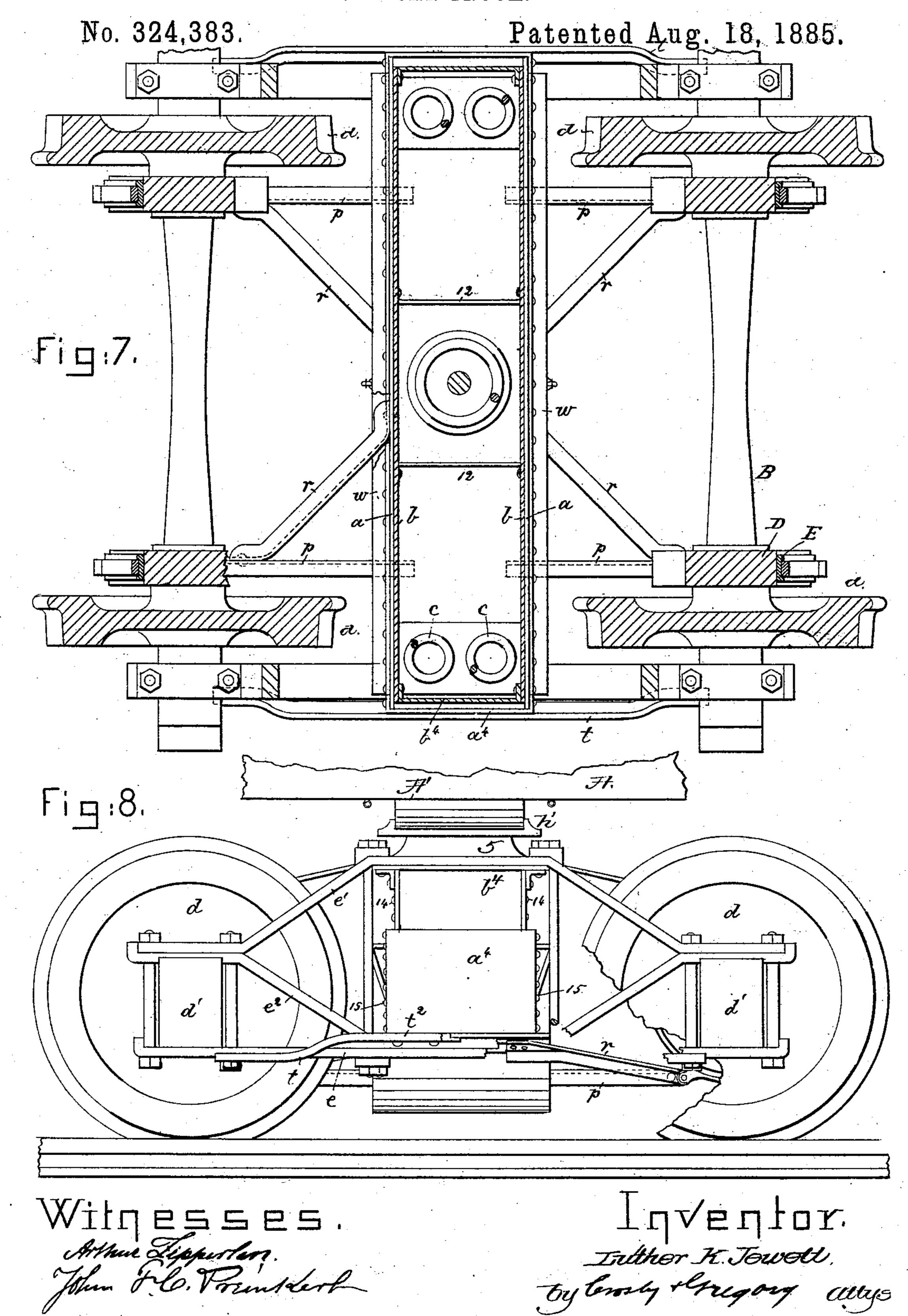
L. K. JEWETT.

CAR TRUCK.



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United States Patent Office.

LUTHER K. JEWETT, OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

CAR-TRUCK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 324,383, dated August 18, 1885.

Application filed December 29, 1884. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, LUTHER K. JEWETT, of Boston, county of Suffolk, State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in Car-5 Trucks, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like letters on the drawings representing like parts.

This invention has for its object to produce so a car-truck in which a very considerable proportion of the load represented by the carbody and its contents will be carried by the king-bolt, the latter being supported in a yielding manner by a spring carried by the under

15 or rigid part of the bolster.

In ordinary cars the weight of the car-body and its contents is thrown upon the center part of the bolster, and the latter is supported by springs located only at or near its outer 20 ends, and the king-bolt is used merely to keep the rocker-plate of the car-body upon the bolster. In this old plan the dead-weight of the car-body is distributed equally upon the springs at or near the ends of the bolster, so 25 that the car in running upon and following the inequalities of the track is raised at one and then at its other side, according to which side of the track is highest; and as one end of the truck is raised it has to correspondingly 30 raise the car-body on the same side of the track, which is accompanied very frequently by very considerable jarring strain.

To increase the steadiness of the movement of the car-body, and thus improve its riding 35 qualities, I have devised means whereby much of the weight of the car-body is supported in a yielding manner by center springs at or near the center of the bolster and by springs at the ends of the bolster, and also preferably 40 through spring-supported curve-plates which are constructed to gradually take or act to suspend a part of the load in a yielding manner between the rocker-plate and the end

springs of the bolster.

When a car-body suspended in accordance with my invention is being run on an uneven track, or one out of level, the effect of the blows of the wheels against the track will for the most part be taken up by the end 50 springs of the truck, and will be dissipated by said end springs, and the blows will not be

given to the car-body above the bolster, and consequently swaying movement and jar which would be felt by passengers will be greatly reduced, if not obviated. The distri- 55 bution of the load partly on the king-bolt at the center of the bolster is especially desirable when a car is rapidly rounding a curve, for at such times it is a matter of very considerable importance to maintain as much of 60 the weight of the car-body as possible at the center of the bolster and as near as possible to the center of gravity of the moving body or the truck.

Herein I have shown my invention as ap- 65 plied to a car-truck having a bolster substantially such as illustrated in my Patent No. 279,951, to which reference may be had.

Figure 1 of the drawings is a cross-section through the bolster of a car-body and truck 70 embodying my improvements, the end springs and king-bolt being in elevation. Fig. 2 is a partial longitudinal vertical section of a carbody and one of my improved trucks. Fig. 3 is a sectional detail showing the bolster with 75 the intermediate springs and braces. Fig. 4 is a detail looking down upon the curve-plates attached to the bolster or looking down below the dotted lines x' x', Fig. 6; Fig. 5, a detail of the curve-plate attached to the under side 80 of the rocker; Fig. 6, a section of Fig. 4 in the dotted line x, but showing the curve-plate of the rocker above it. Fig. 7 is a section of Fig. 1 in the dotted line x^2 , and Fig. 8 is a partial end view of a car embodying my in- 85 vention.

The wheels d d of the truck, the two-part bolster ab, composed of boiler or plate iron, one part arranged to slide vertically within the other, the end springs c, the metal cups c', and 90 the braces $e e' e^2$ are substantially as in my patent referred to, except that herein I have shown two end springs placed between the rigid and the yielding members a b of the bolster instead of one, as in the said patent, and also 95 that I have herein shown the rigid part of the bolster as downwardly curved at its central part to thus throw much of the weight of the car below the line of the axles of the truck. thus bringing the weight of the car below its roo center of gravity. The car-body A, but partially shown, has at

its under side the usual rocker, A', which near its center receives and holds a metal bearingblock, A², which is provided with a recess to receive the upper pivot, 2, of the king-bolt B', 5 having a large head, which in use fills the hole in the center plate C—a circular plate attached to the movable part b of the bolster the shank or stem of the king-bolt being extended down through the covering-plate 4 of 10 the center spring D, the lower side of the head of the king-bolt resting upon the said coveringplate, as in Figs. 1 and 2. The rocker, at its lower side, is provided with convex center plate C2, which enters the concaved face of 15 the center plate C, attached to the bolster. The central portion of the plate C² also receives the head of the king-bolt, and the plate C² is also provided with an annular groove, which is a little wider than the annular projec-20 tion 10, attached to the plate C, the said annular projection entering the annular groove in plate C². The center opening in the plate C², about the sides of the part 2 of the king-bolt and about its head, is sufficiently larger than 25 the diameter of the said part 2 and head, and so also is the annular projection 10 sufficiently smaller in width than the annular groove in the plate C² to permit a certain amount of rocking movement of the car-body upon the 30 king-bolt and the center plate, C2, as the curveplates h' of the car-body or the rocker-plate comes to a variable bearing on the yielding curve-plate 5 of the bolster.

The center spring, S, in practice will be suf-35 ficiently stiff to support about one-fourth of the weight of the car-body and its load before the bolster begins to act upon and to compress the end springs, c, and as the latter are compressed the center spring receives about one-40 half the load, and the end springs, cq, the balance. When the car-body is unloaded, the weight thereof will be sustained chiefly by the center spring S at the center of the bolster of each truck, the weight of the car-body on the 45 king-bolt placing the plate 4 at a little distance below the under side of the top of the movable part b of the bolster, and as the car is loaded the weight therein gradually depresses the center spring S and also the end springs, 50 c c.

Throwing a very considerable portion of the weight of the car-body upon the center springs enables much of the weight of the car to be kept near the center of the bolster, and also enables the weight to be in a measure suspended between the end springs and the car-body, so that jars and concussions resulting from blows of the wheels on the track will be taken up or dissipated by the springs before reaching the car-body, and so also a large part of the weight of the car will be kept at the center of the truck, which is especially desirable when rounding curves in the track.

To yet further cushion the load, the curve-65 plates 5, two of which are bolted to the bolster by bolts 66, are provided in the process of casting with annular chambers for the recep-

tion of strong springs h, the upper ends of which extend above the said curve-plates and are acted upon and receive against them the 70 pressure of the upper curve-plates, h', attached to the rocker A', the said springs when employed being compressed between the times of compressing the center springs D and the end springs, c c, the springs h taking a part of 75 the weight of the car between the center and ends of the bolster and acting as cushions to resist movement of the car.

The car-body is attached by strong chains i i to braces $i^2 i^2$, connected with the rigid 80 stationary portion b of the truck-bolster at or near its center, as shown in Fig. 2, the said chains acting to prevent the car-body from being thrown from the truck, as is very frequently the case in railway accidents. These 85 chains are strong enough to prevent the body leaving the trucks, thereby obviating telescoping of the bodies, which happens only when the bodies leave the truck. The chains i^2 are sufficiently long to permit the necessary 90 rise and fall of the body on its supportingsprings when the car is running, and the springsupported king-bolt is so held and acted upon that its upper end, 2, will remain in engagement with the rocker-plate, even when the 95 chains are taut or straight, the king-bolt acting at all times to obviate lateral movement of the body from the trucks.

The axles B have applied to them drums D, embraced by pivoted brake-shoes E, which are 100 substantially as shown in my application filed March 24, 1884, Serial No. 125,310, to which reference may be had, except that herein the said drums and brake-shoes are flat at their contacting surfaces rather than V-shaped, as 105 shown in the said application.

To strengthen the bolster member b, and at the same time provide rigid walls to surround the foot-plate 13, which receives the lower end of the spring S, I have provided the bolster 110 with the upright cross-plates 12.

The levers g g and links f' f' are substantially the same as the devices marked by like letters in my application referred to, filed March 24, 1884.

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The plates or webs at the ends of the portions a b of the bolster are joined by metallic plates a^4 b^4 , respectively, which are riveted thereto by the rivets 14 15, thus adding greatly to the strength of the metallic bolsters, 120 and also excluding dust, &c.

The bars p, on which the brake-shoes are pivoted, are braced by braces r, composed of angle-iron joined with the rigid part a of the bolster and with the bars p, as best shown in 125 Fig. 7.

Outside the truck the metal frame which receives the journals d' is braced by the bracing-rod t, which, near its center, is rabbeted to the rigid part u of the bolster, thus greatly 130 strengthening the truck, preventing the liability of the axle B from becoming strained out of parallelism.

The curve-plate 5 has an oil-chamber, h^4 ,

for the reception of oiled packing or waste to supply oil to the rubbing-surfaces of the curveplates.

Pieces of angle iron w are placed at the 5 junction of the side plates and the bottom plate of the pieces of metal plates constituting the under rigid member, a, of the bolster.

I claim—

1. The car-truck having a bolster supported 10 by end springs and a centrally-located independent spring, D, and the king-bolt B', sustained by it, combined with the car-body and its rocker, and with center plates C C', attached to the body and bolster and held in 15 place by the king-bolt, substantially as described.

2. In a car-truck, a bolster having its central part bent down below the load of the axles, combined with the car-body, a central 20 spring, and a king-bolt supported by the said spring and receiving a part of the weight of the car-body, substantially as described.

3. The car-body and the truck having a bolster supported by end springs, combined with 25 center plates and with the curve-plates, and springs co-operating therewith to take a portion of the load of the car and act as cushions between the car-body and truck outside the center plates, substantially as described

4. The car-body provided with a rocker, the 30 truck having a bolster provided with end springs, and a centrally-located spring and king-bolt sustained by it and receiving part |

of the weight of the car-body and the center plates, combined with curve-plates and cush- 35 ioning-springs co-operating therewith, sub-

stantially as described.

5. The rigid hollow bolster member a, having the braces 12, the foot-plate 13, center spring S, king-bolt B2, plate B', on which the 40 head of the bolt rests, and the movable member b of the bolster, and center plates C \mathbb{C}^2 , combined with the car-body and its rocker, substantially as described.

6. The truck having a bolster provided with 45 end springs, the spring-supported king-bolt, and the car-body, combined with chains to keep the car-body down upon the truck, sub-

stantially as described.

7. The bolster and the braces p to support 50 the brake shoes or straps E, combined with the braces r, connecting the brace p with the

bolster, substantially as described.

8. The car-truck having a two-part bolster provided with end springs, combined with the 55 braces t, connected at their centers with the bolster and at their ends with the box-supporting side frames or bars of the car-truck, substantially as described.

Intestimony whereof I have signed my name for to this specification in the presence of two sub-

scribing witnesses.

LUTHER K. JEWETT.

Witnesses:

B. J. Noyes, Jos. P. LIVERMORE.