

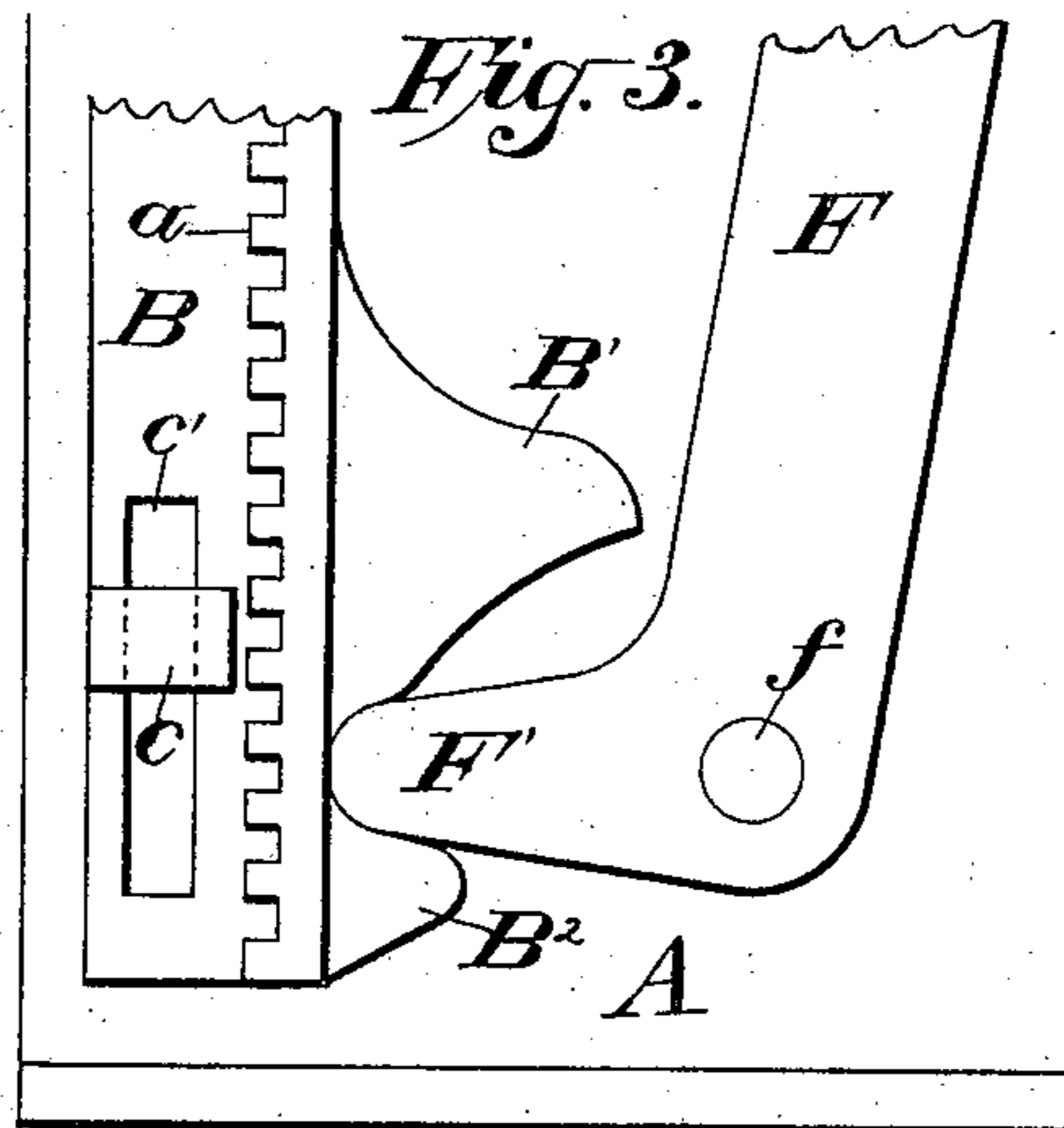
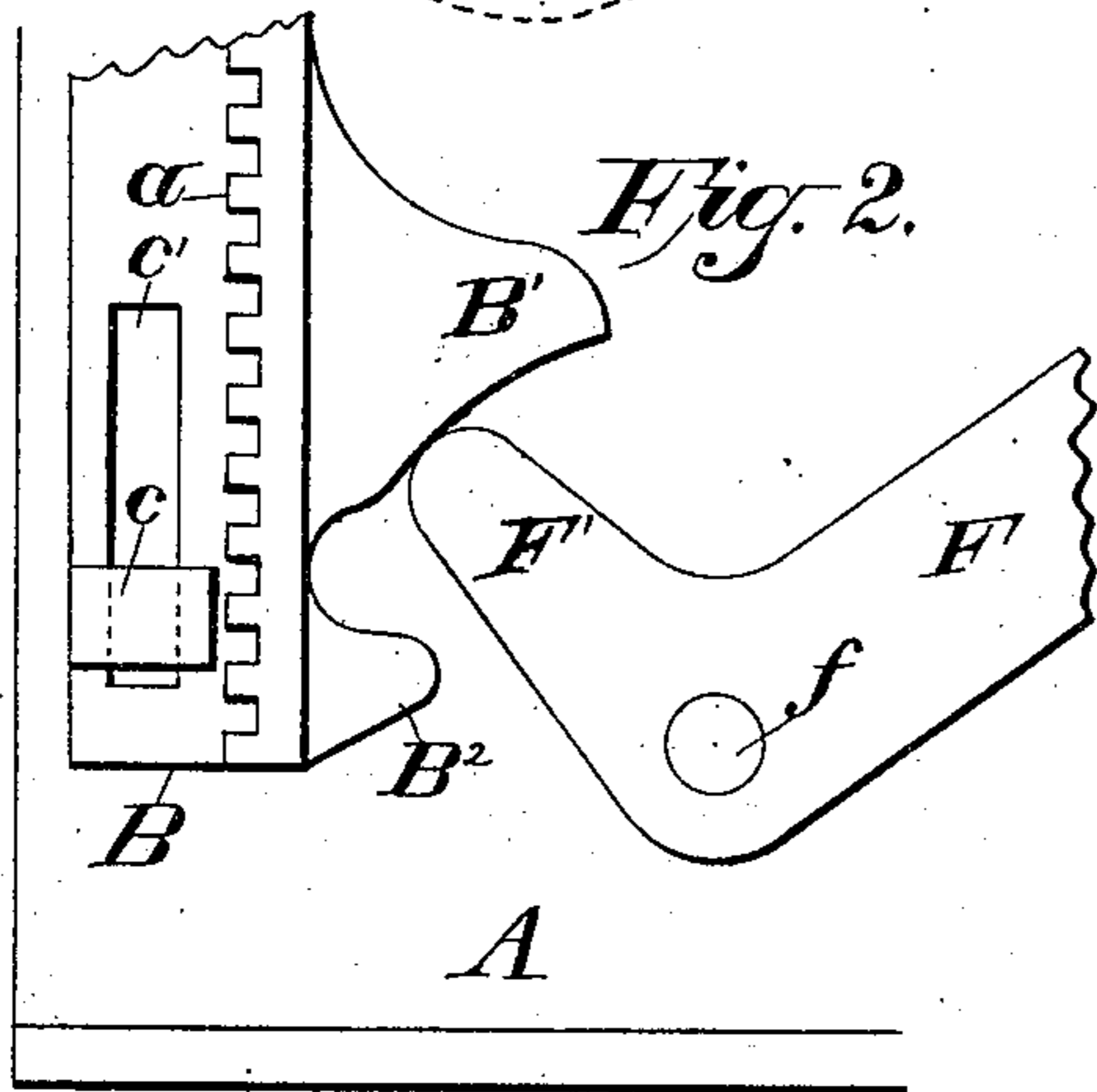
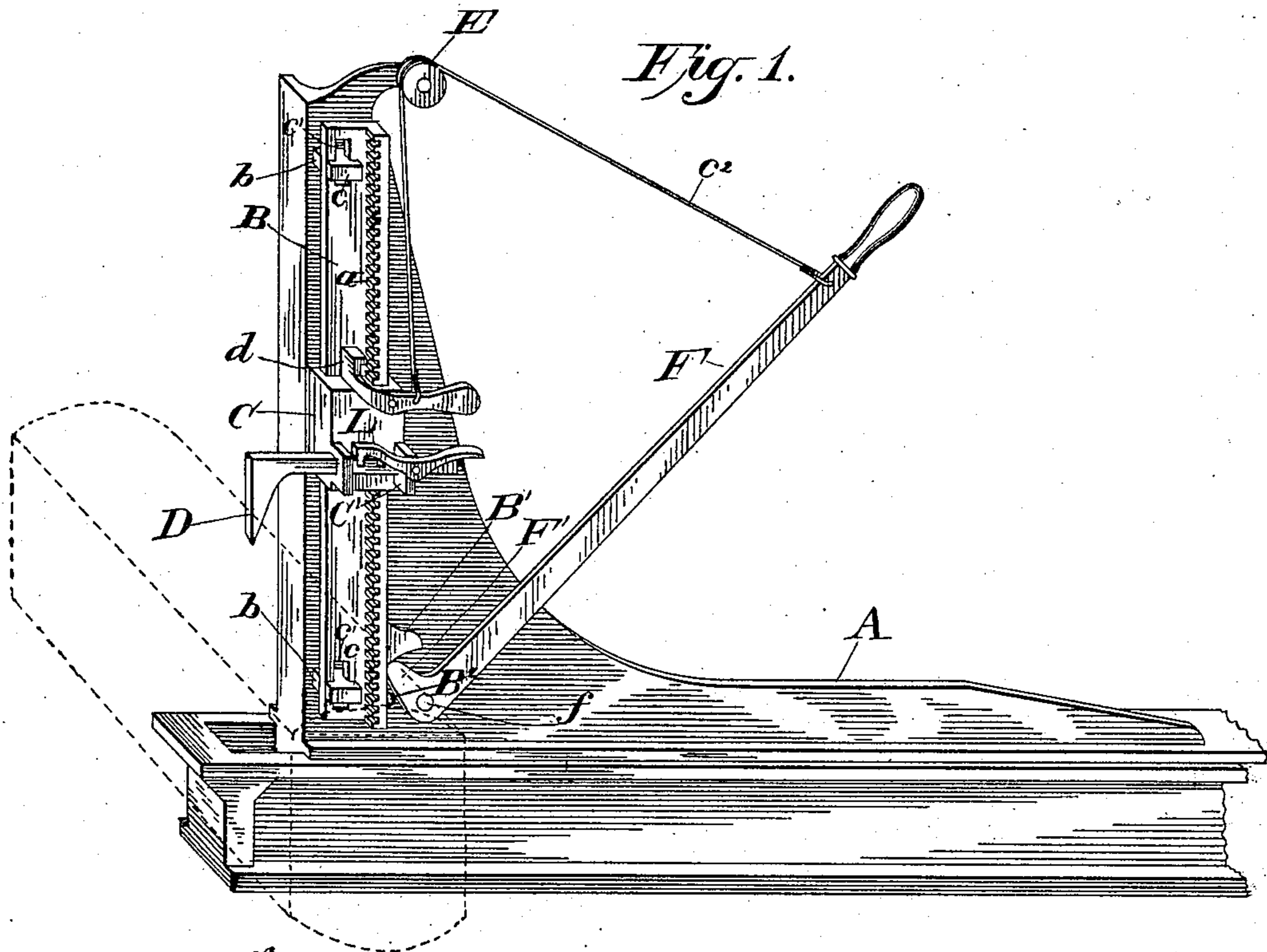
(No Model.)

L. JOHNSON.

SAW MILL DOG.

No. 321,222.

Patented June 30, 1885.



Witnesses:

E. J. Smith  
R. Platz

Inventor:

Louis Johnson  
By *Stuart & Hudsonwood*  
Attorneys.

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LOUIS JOHNSON OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

## SAW-MILL DOG.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 321,222, dated June 30, 1885.

Application filed April 23, 1885 (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, LOUIS JOHNSON, of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Saw-Mill Dogs; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof.

My invention relates to saw-mill dogs, and will be fully described hereinafter.

10 In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a saw-mill dog embodying my improvements, and Figs. 2 and 3 are details.

A is the knee, which may be of any desired form, and to this is secured an angle-bar, B, by 15 T-bolts  $c$  in the slots  $c'$ . The bar B is held out from the knee by washers  $b$ , so that a carrier, C, for the gripping-tooth D may be slipped onto it. The shortest flange of bar B is toothed, as at  $a$ , to receive a pawl,  $d$ , that is pivoted to 20 carrier C, and the handle of which projects back far enough toward the rear of the knee; and to this handle is secured a rope, chain, or wire,  $c^2$ , that, extending up over a sheave, E, is then secured to the handle of a hand lever, F. Just 25 below the pawl  $d$  the carrier C is provided with lugs  $C'$  to receive the handle of the gripping-tooth D, and this handle is notched on its upper side to take a pawl, L, by which it is held in adjustment. The lower end of 30 angle-bar B is provided with cam-lugs  $B'$   $B^2$ , and finger  $F'$ , that projects from the lower end of the lever F, (which latter is pivoted to the knee at  $f$ ,) projects or fits between these lugs.

The operation of my device is as follows: 35 When a cant or log is to be taken by the dog, the lever F is turned down from a vertical, and while its finger  $F'$  lifts upon the bar B, through cam-lug  $B'$ , its handle, by drawing upon the flexible connection  $c^2$ , will lift upon 40 the handle of pawl  $d$ , disengage the pawl from

the teeth of bar B, and will raise the carrier C, and at the same time the finger  $F'$  will lift the bar B. Now, when the gripping-tooth is to be dropped upon the cant the lever is lifted toward a vertical, and both the bar and car- 45 rier are dropped until the tooth D strikes the cant. This will cause connection  $c^2$  to slack, the pawl  $d$  will engage between two of the teeth  $a$  and lock the carrier, and the finger  $F'$ , acting on lug  $B^2$ , will force bar B down and 50 draw tooth D into the cant.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a saw-mill dog, the combination of a 55 sliding tooth-carrier and its locking-pawl with a vertically-sliding supporting-bar and a lever engaging at one end with the supporting-bar, while its other end is connected with the sliding carrier and its locking-pawl by 60 means of a band passing over a pulley on the frame and secured to the arm of said pawl, as set forth.

2. In a saw-mill dog, the supporting-bar of the tooth-carrier having cam-lugs on its lower 65 end, in combination with a lever having a finger for engagement with said cam-lugs, a sliding tooth-carrier and its locking-pawl, and a band connecting the upper end of the lever with the arm of said pawl and passing over a 70 pulley on the frame, as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand, at Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, in the presence of two witnesses.

LOUIS JOHNSON.

Witnesses:

S. S. STOUT,  
H. J. FORSYTHE.