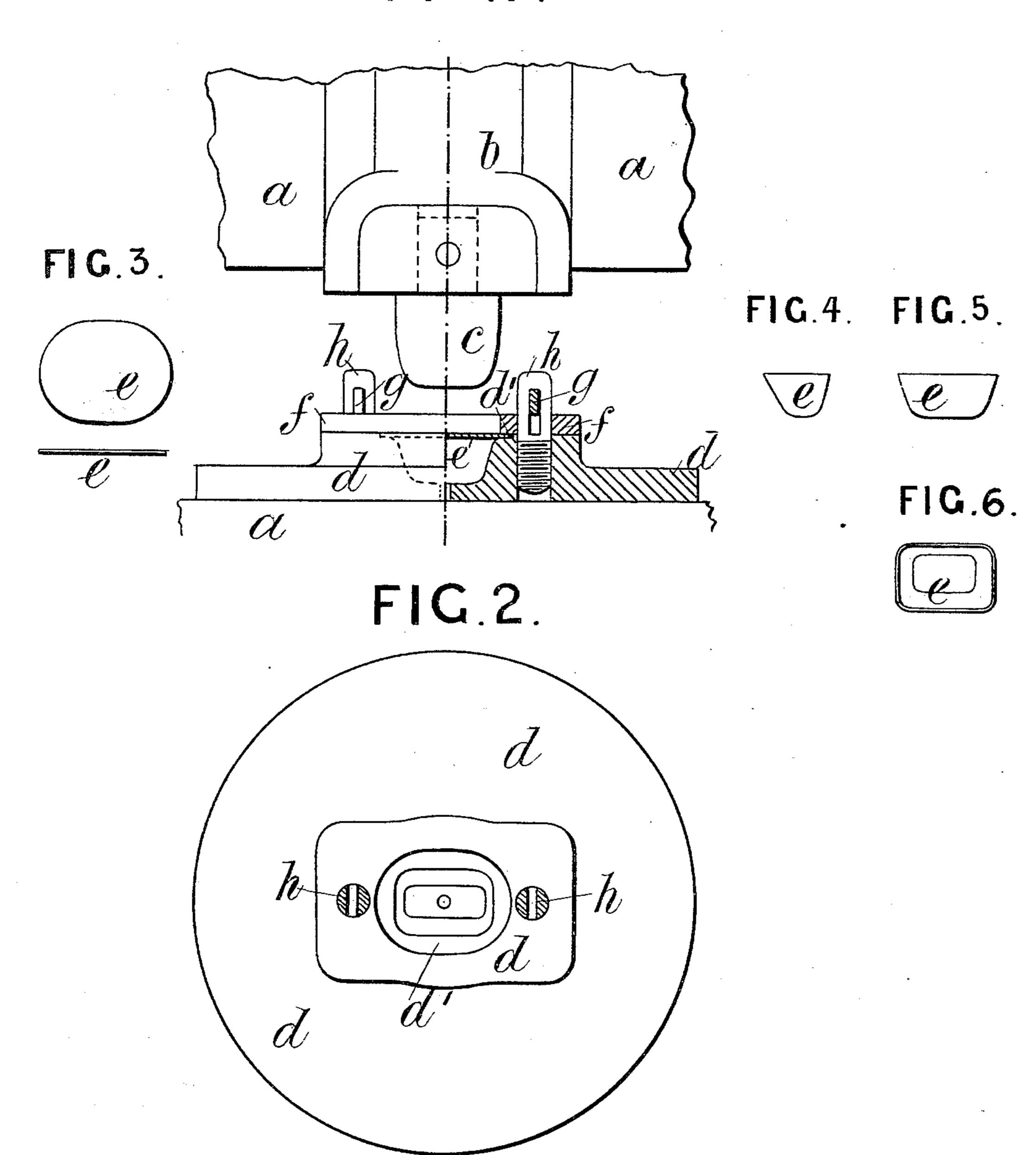
S. S. STOTT & R. BIRTWISTLE. MACHINE FOR MAKING ELEVATOR BUCKETS.

No. 318,582.

Patented May 26, 1885.

FIG.I.



Witnesses. Willard RHaight. Millaynoth

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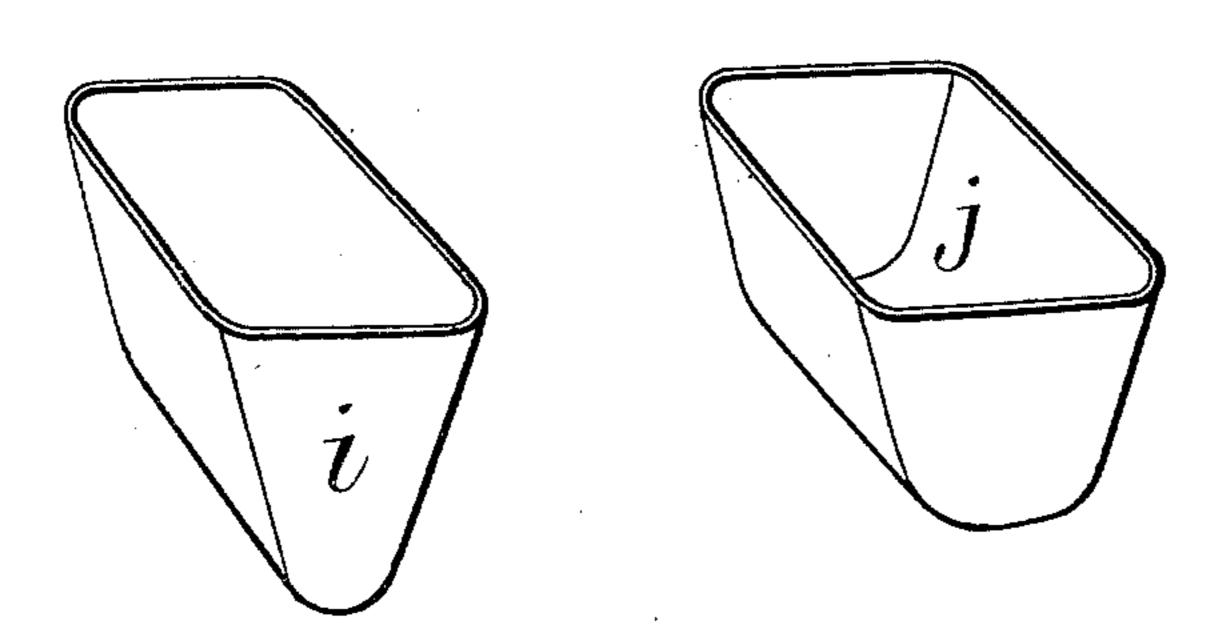
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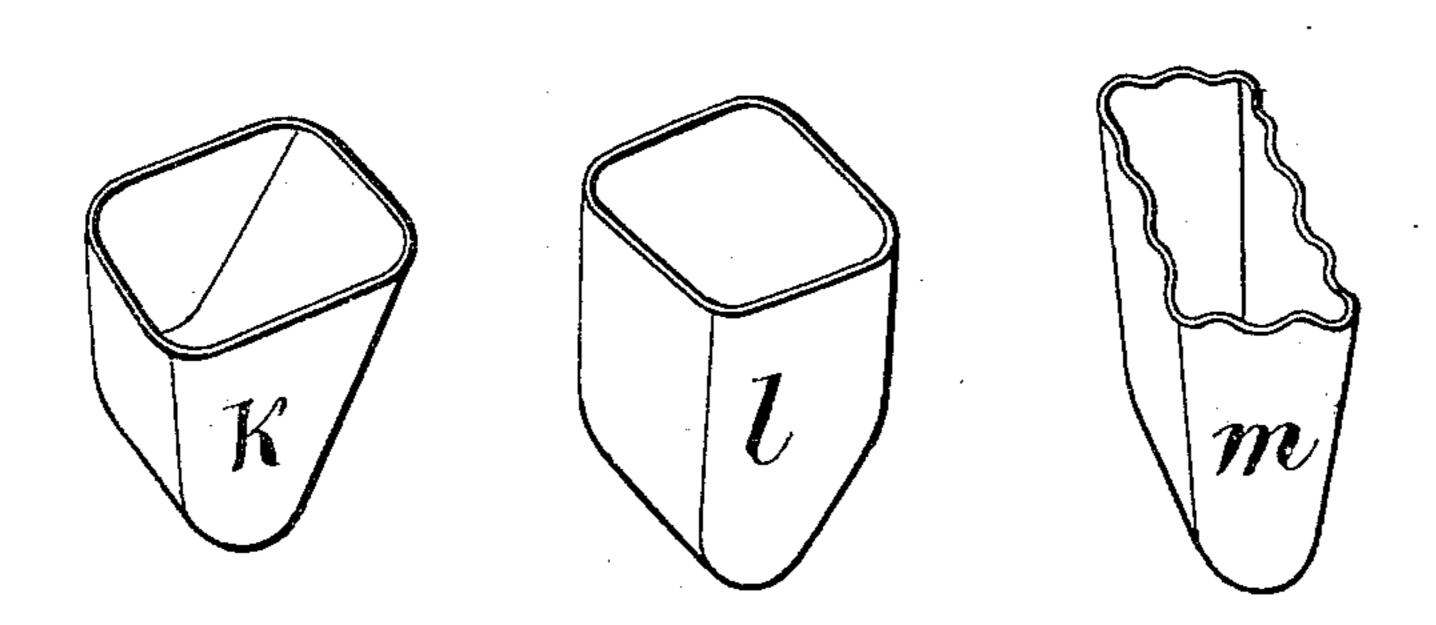
S. S. STOTT & R. BIRTWISTLE.
MACHINE FOR MAKING ELEVATOR BUCKETS.

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FIG.7.





Willard RHaight Hillard RHaight AM Cynolas Inventors Samuel Storer Statt and Richard Birtivatle by WHBabcock Altorney

United States Patent Office.

SAMUEL STORER STOTT AND RICHARD BIRTWISTLE, OF HASLINGDEN, COUNTY OF LANCASTER, ENGLAND.

MACHINE FOR MAKING ELEVATOR-BUCKETS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 318,582, dated May 26, 1885.

Application filed March 10, 1885. (No model.) Patented in England January 14, 1885, No. 506.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, SAMUEL STORER STOTT and RICHARD BIRTWISTLE, subjects of the Queen of Great Britain, both of the firm of S. 5 S. Stott & Co., of Haslingden, in the county of Lancaster, England, engineers, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Machines for Making Elevator-Buckets, (for which we have obtained a patent in Great 10 Britain, No. 506, bearing date January 14, 1885,) of which the following is a specification.

Our invention relates to an improvement in mechanism for striking up buckets from sheet metal; and it consists of a recessed die, in com-15 bination with a draw-plate having two openings, arranged one on each side of the central recess of the said die, two vertically-slotted detachable studs, which extend through the said openings of the draw-plate and screw into 20 the body of the die, transverse tapering cotter-pins which pass through the slots of said studs and clamp said draw-plate to said die, and the solid reciprocating die which operates against the sheet of metal that is held by said 25 draw-plate over the recess of the said recessed die, substantially as hereinafter set forth and claimed.

Figure 1 is a front elevation, partly in section, of part of a machine with a pair of dies 30 (a male and a female) which we employ for blocking or forming the elevator-buckets. Fig. 2 is a plan of the lower part of the machine, the draw-plate and the sheet of metal being removed. Fig. 3 shows in plan and side view 35 the sheet of metal from which an elevatorbucket is to be formed. Fig. 4 is an end view, Fig. 5 a side view, and Fig. 6 a plan, of an elevator-bucket blocked in the machine illustrated by Figs. 1 and 2 from the sheet of metal 40 shown in Fig. 3; and Fig. 7 shows five of the different shapes of elevator-buckets which we make according to our invention.

Similar letters refer to similar parts throughout the several views.

Figs. 1 and 2 illustrate all the essential parts of a machine for performing the blocking process.

a is part of the frame of the machine, and bthe ram or piston, which is free to slide verti-50 cally in the frame a.

c is the male or solid die secured to the ram | the blocking process.

b, and d is the female die or hollow block. The pair of dies c and d may be of any suitable size and shape, according to the kind of elevatorbucket required to be formed.

Round the edges of the hollow recess in the block d is a recess, d', formed to receive the sheet of metal e. (Shown also in Fig. 3.) This sheet or plate of metal e is cut or punched out of a sheet of metal in any convenient manner, 60 and is of any suitable shape or size, according to the shape and size required for the elevatorbucket into which it is to be formed. When the plate e has been laid in the recess d', it is partially covered by the adjustable draw-plate 65 f, which is placed over it and clamped or secured in its position as firmly as required by driving the taper cotter-pins g into the slots in the studs h, which are screwed into the block d. The ram b, which is actuated by hydraulic, 70 steam, or other convenient motive power, is then caused to descend, and the die c forces the plate e into the hollow in the block d, the edges of the plate being prevented from buckling by the draw-plate f, thereby causing the 75 plate e to assume the shape illustrated by Figs. 6, 7, and 8, and producing an elevator-bucket from the solid metal plate e without any cutting or riveting, and without any overlapping edges to impede the free delivery of any sub- 80 stance raised.

In Fig. 7, i, j, k, l, and m illustrate some out of the many kinds and shapes of elevatorbuckets which we are enabled to make according to our invention by varying the shape and 85 size of the dies and of the metal plates employed. The bucket marked m is shown with its mouth crimped or puckered, which is sometimes advantageous—as, for instance, where a deep narrow bucket is required—as additional 90 strength is gained. This result is obtained either by dispensing with the draw-plate f and making the sheet of metal e rather larger than when it is simply required to fill the hollow in the block d, so that the edge of the plate e 95 may be left free to pucker, or by using dies of suitable form constructed specially for this purpose.

In certain cases it may be necessary or desirable to use more than one pair of dies, and 100 also to heat the plates of metal in carrying out

Sheets or plates of various kinds of metal may be employed—such as steel, iron, tin, copper, brass, and Muntz metal.

What we claim as our invention, and desire 5 to secure by Letters Patent of the United

States, is—

In mechanism for striking up buckets from sheet metal, the recessed die d, in combination with the draw-plate f, having two openings, 10 arranged one on each side of the central recess of the said die, two vertically-slotted detachable studs, h, which extend through the said openings of the draw-plate and screw into the body of the die, transverse tapering cot-

ter-pins g, which pass through the slots of said 15 studs and clamp said draw-plate to said die, and the solid reciprocating \bar{d} ie c, which operates against the sheet of metal that is held by said draw-plate over the recess of die d, substantially as set forth.

The foregoing specification of our improvement in the manufacture of elevator-buckets signed by us this 26th day of February, 1885.

SAMUEL STORER STOTT. RICHARD BIRTWISTLE.

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Witnesses:

H. B. BARLOW, S. W. GILLETT.