

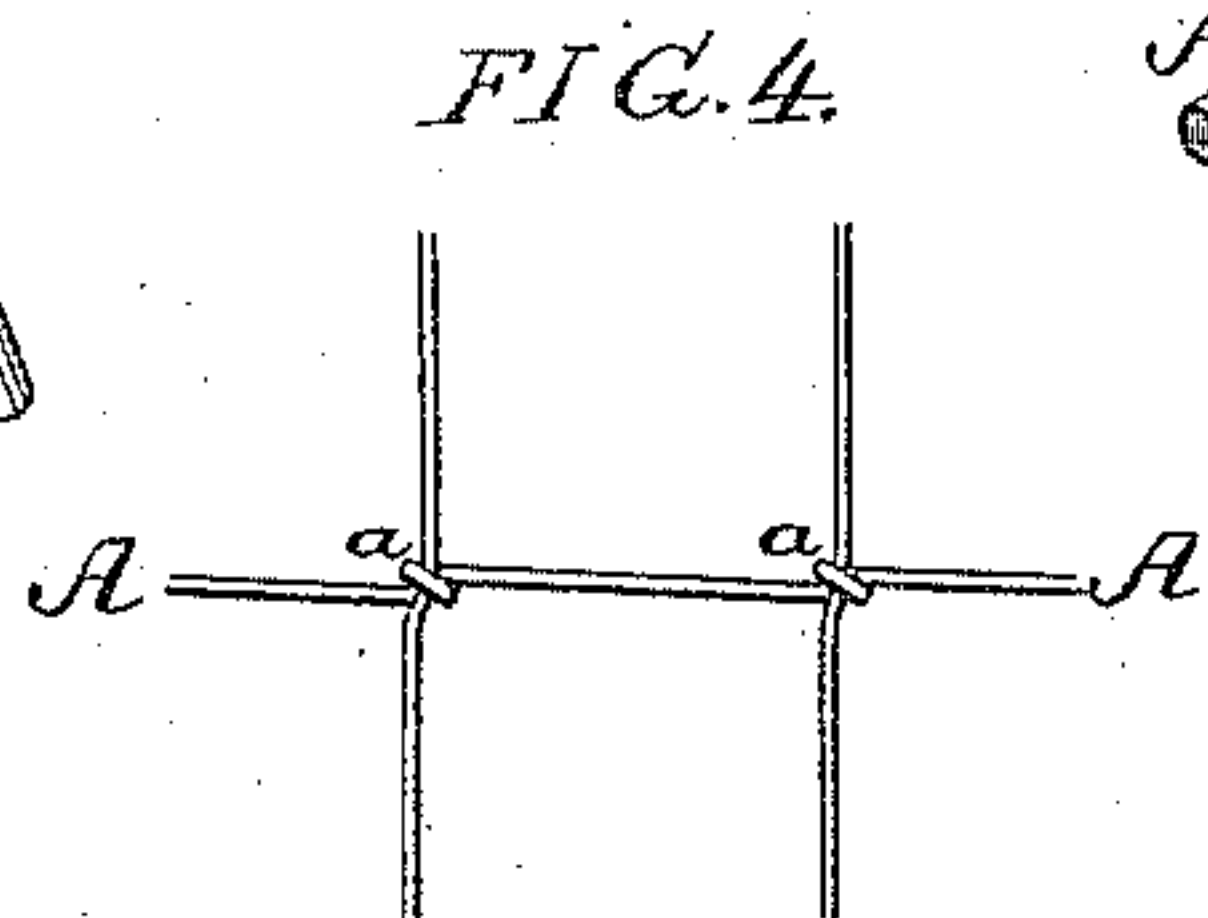
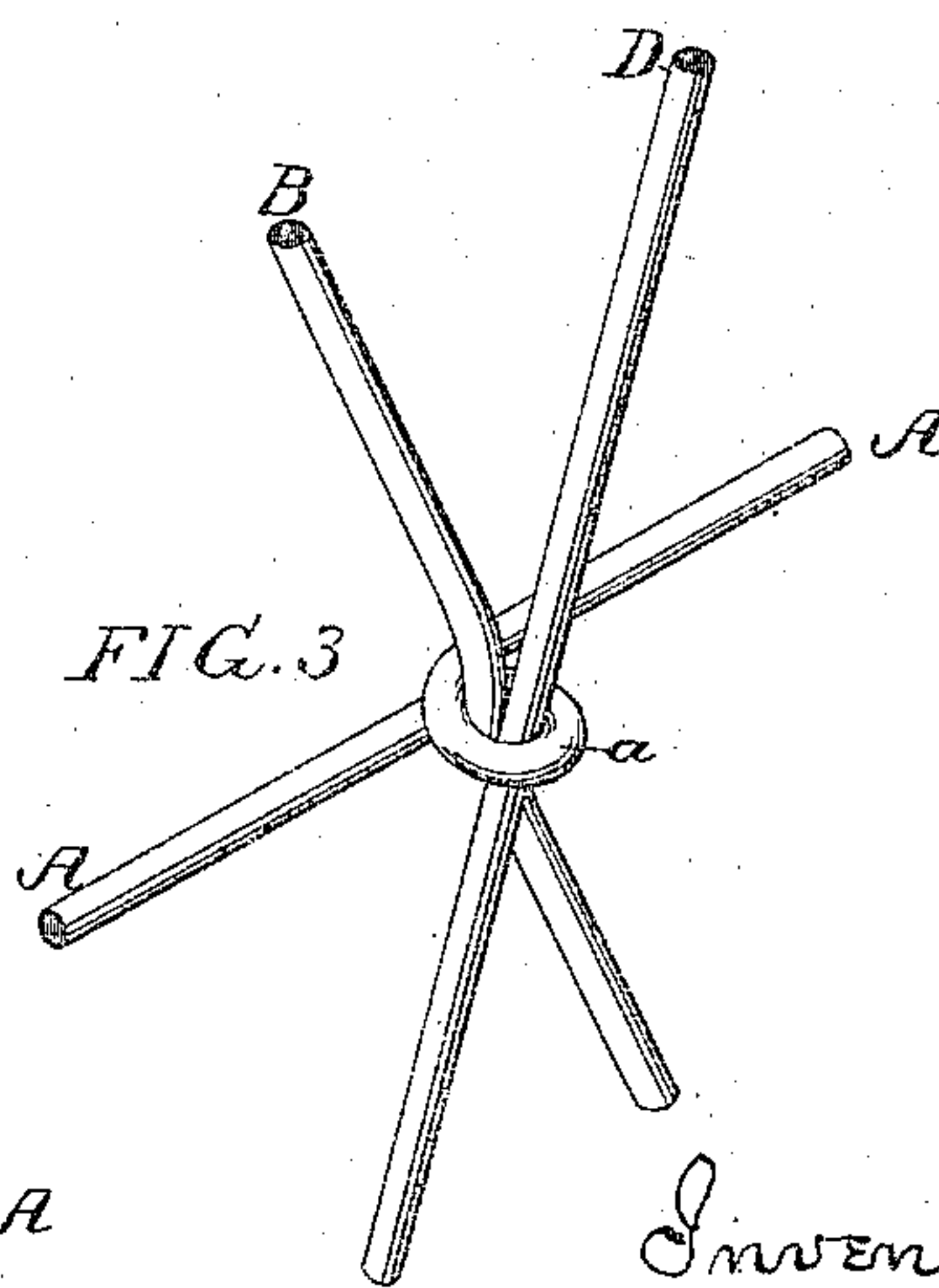
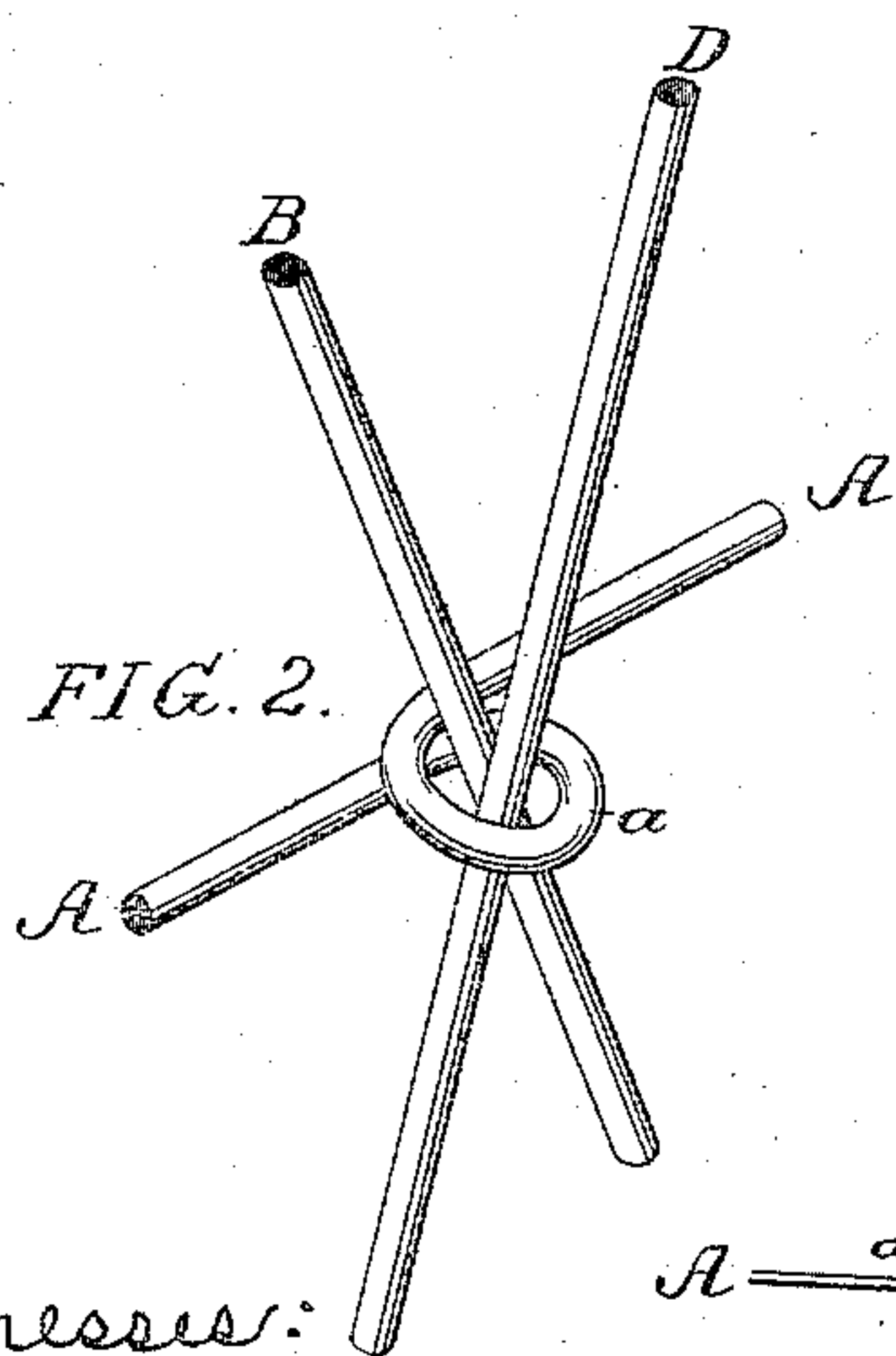
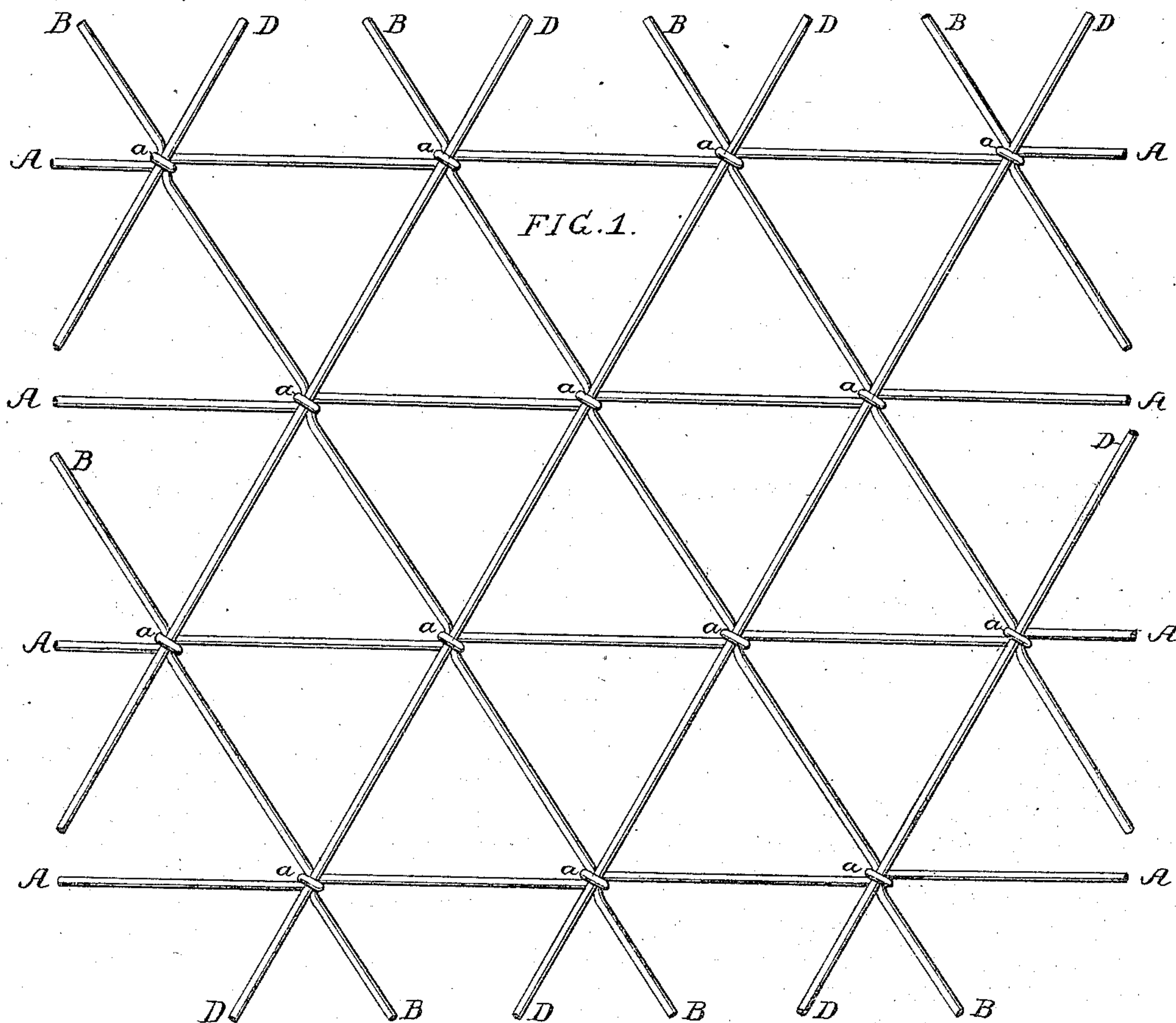
(No Model.)

W. KLOSE.

WIRE FABRIC FOR FENCES, SCREENS, &c.

No. 316,793.

Patented Apr. 28, 1885.



Witnesses:

William F. Davis

Harry Drury

Inventor:
William Klose
by his Attorneys
Hosson & Sons

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM KLOSE, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA, ASSIGNOR TO THE
MANLY & COOPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF SAME PLACE.

WIRE FABRIC FOR FENCES, SCREENS, &c.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 316,793, dated April 28, 1885.

Application filed February 26, 1885. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM KLOSE, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, have invented
5 certain Improvements in Wire Fabrics for Fences, Screens, &c., of which the following is a specification.

My invention consists of a wire fabric for fences, screens, &c., which can be cheaply
10 manufactured, and the bars of which are securely connected together.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a section of a wire fence or screen constructed in accordance with my invention;
15 Figs. 2 and 3, enlarged perspective views illustrating the method of making the same, and Fig. 4 a view showing a modification.

The structure shown in Fig. 1 comprises longitudinal wires A and diagonal wires B and
20 D, the latter being arranged at reverse angles, and where they cross each other being confined within loops *a* of the longitudinal wires A.

A fence or screen constructed in this manner is cheap, owing to the simplicity of its construction, and durable, because the wires are
25 firmly bound together by the loops *a* of the wires A.

In making the structure the loops *a* are in the first instance large, and the wires B and D are passed loosely through these loops, as
30 shown in Fig. 2, the wires A being then subjected to longitudinal tension, so as to tighten the loops and cause them to bind firmly upon the wires B and D. (See Fig. 3.)

Single wires, crossing the wires A at right
35 angles, may be confined by the loops *a* of said wires A, as shown in Fig. 4.

I claim as my invention—

1. A wire fence or screen consisting of longitudinal wires A, having at intervals loops *a*,
40 in which are closely confined the transverse wires of the structure, as set forth.

2. The combination of the wires B and D, crossing each other diagonally, with the wires A, having loops *a*, which closely confine the
45 wires B and D at the points where they cross each other, as set forth.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

WM. KLOSE.

Witnesses:

JOHN M. CLAYTON,
HARRY SMITH.