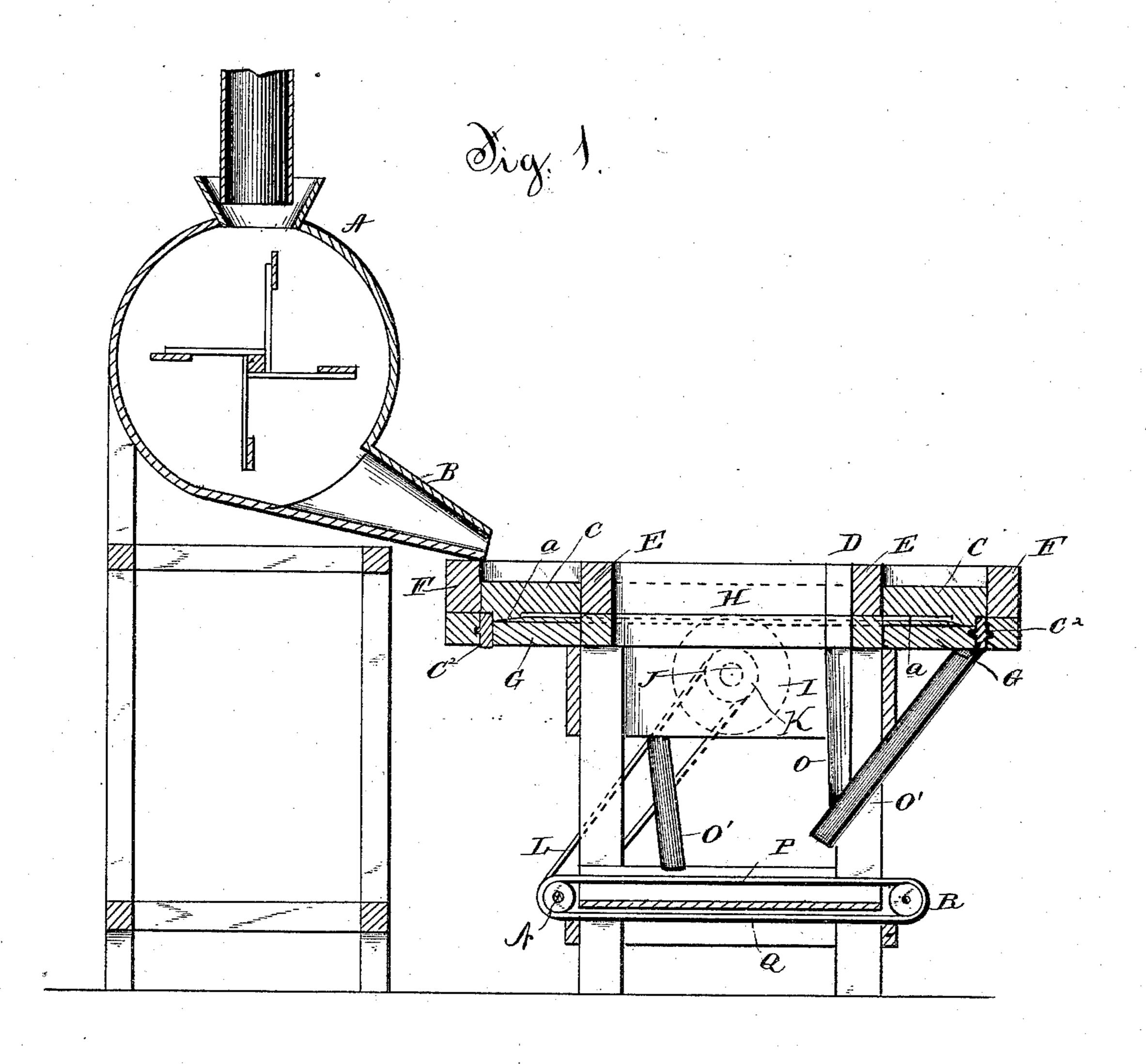
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MACHINE FOR ASSORTING PEANUTS, &c.

No. 314,749.

Patented Mar. 31, 1885.



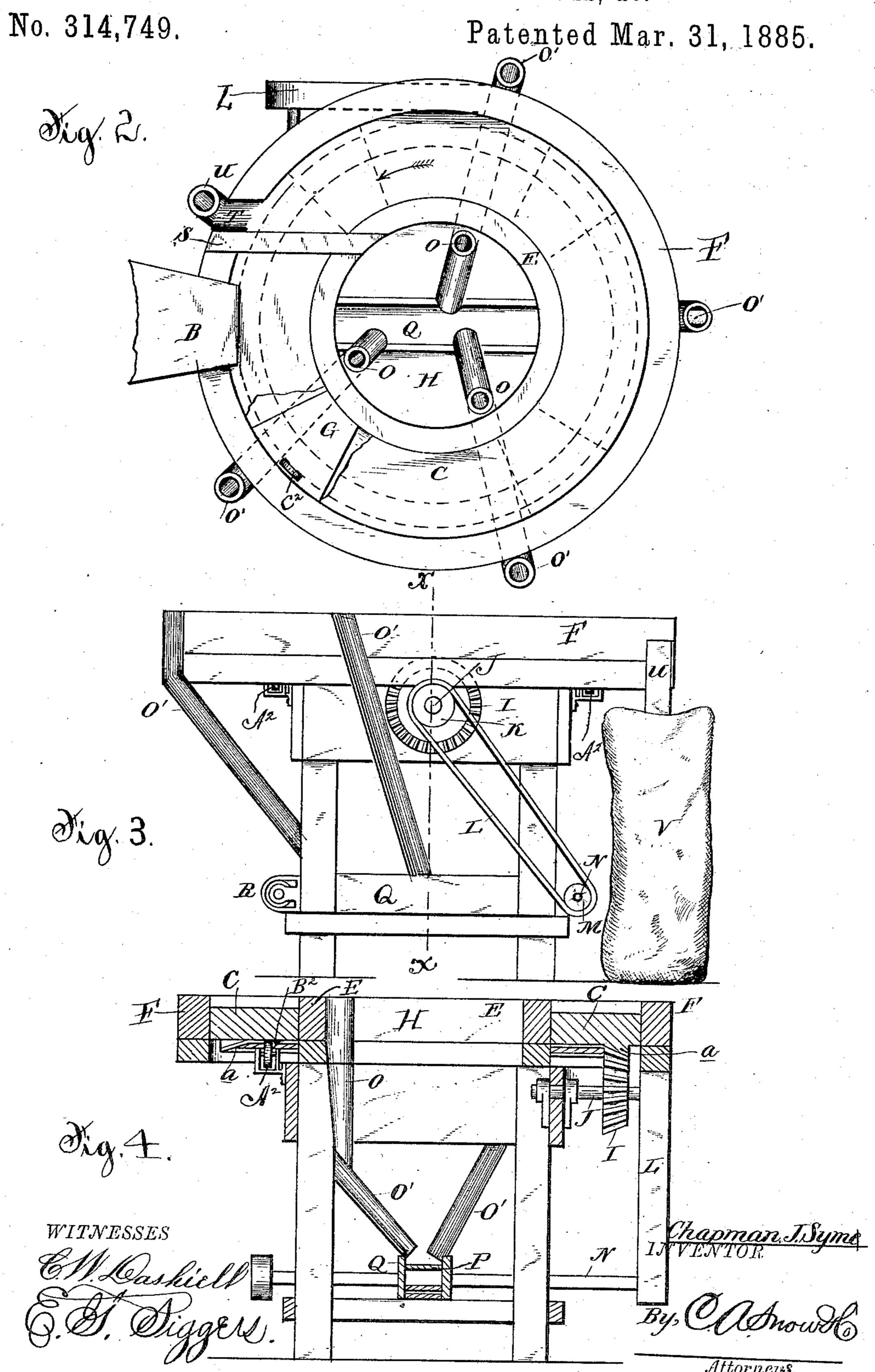
WITNESSES

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MACHINE FOR ASSORTING PEANUTS, &c.



United States Patent Office.

CHAPMAN J. SYME, OF PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA.

MACHINE FOR ASSORTING PEANUTS, &c.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 314,749, dated March 31, 1885.

Application filed June 2, 1884. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHAPMAN J. SYME, a citizen of the United States, residing at Petersburg, in the county of Dinwiddie and State of Virginia, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Machines for Assorting Peanuts, &c., of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to machines for assorting peanuts and the like; and it has for its object to provide mechanism for this purpose which will be simple in construction, and by means of which the worthless nuts may be separated from the good ones and deposited in chutes to be conveyed away as desired, the good nuts being carried around and emptying into a suitable receptacle, as hereinafter explained.

Heretofore in assorting peanuts it has been 20 customary to employ a revolving table running from a suitable spindle, the pickers being arranged around the table. In this construction the pickers, who are either girls or boys, become dizzy and sick by the constant whirling 25 or revolving of the entire table, and for this reason it has been found objectionable. Furthermore, only one set of pickers can be arranged around the table, so that the picking can be performed only from one side of the ta-30 ble. I overcome these objections by providing a table with a revolving bottom, ledges or rims being formed around the bottom on the inner and outer sides of the table for the pickers to lean or rest on, and a circular space be-35 ing provided in the center of the table to receive a suitable number of pickers, so that the nuts can be picked or assorted from both the inner and outer sides of the revolving bottom.

With these and other objects in view the said 40 invention consists in certain details of construction and combination of parts, as hereinafter set forth, and particularly pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a sectional view of my improved assorting-table, showing a portion of the fan-cylinder which connects with the cleaning apparatus and delivers the cleaned material upon the table. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the table. Fig. 3 is a side to view, and Fig. 4 is a longitudinal section of the same on the line x x, Fig. 3.

Like letters refer to corresponding parts in the figures.

Referring to the drawings, A designates the fan-cylinder, of ordinary construction, commu- 55 nicating at its upper end with the cleaner, and provided with a chute, B, arranged to deliver the cleaned material directly on the revolving bottom C of a table, D. Said table comprises inner and outer circular rims or ledges, E F, 60 connected at the bottom by strips G G, a circular space, H, being inclosed by the inner rim or ledge, E, and arranged to receive a suitable number of pickers. The revolving bottom C is circular in form and fits the space between 65 the rims or ledges E F, the strips G having means for supporting the table and allowing the free rotation of the same. A circumferential series of teeth, a, are formed on the under side of the bottom C, with which a gear- 70 wheel, I, engages to turn the revolving bottom, said gear-wheel being mounted on a shaft, J, attached to the table. Four or more rollers, A², are journaled in castings fastened to the legs of the table, and work on smooth flanges 75 B², formed integral with the teeth a and around the inner periphery of the same. Rollers C² C² are also secured to the strips G and work against the underside of the table, and in this manner the movement of the bottom causes the 80 rollers to turn thereon and the table-bottom to work freely and steadily. The outer end of the shaft J is provided with a pulley, K, around which is passed a band, L, connecting with another pulley, M, on a horizontal shaft, N, which 85 is mounted in the supporting-frame of the table, the other end of the shaft N having a bandpulley or gear-wheel connecting with any suitable power. It will be seen that the rotation of the shaft N effects, by means of the inter- 90 vening mechanism, the rotation of the bottom upon which the peanuts are delivered, the pickers, usually boys or girls, being arranged around the table and in the inclosed space H, to pick the worthless nuts and broken shells 95 and other refuse matter from the bottom and deposit the same in chutes OO', secured to the rims E F at intervals around the same, the chutes O of the rim E connecting with the chutes O' of the rim F, the said chutes O' curv- 100 ing downward and delivering the refuse matter upon the apron P of a carrier, Q, the lat-

ter being driven by the shaft N, which connects with one end of the carrier. A bag, basket, or other receptacle may be arranged at the discharge end R of the carrier to receive the ref-5 use material. The carrier is mounted on the supporting-frame of the table, and may be constructed in any suitable manner to perform the functions stated. A bar, S, extends across and connects the inner and outer rims, EF, and 10 serves as a cut-off to prevent the passage of the material on the revolving bottom, an opening or passage, T, being formed in the outer rim, F, near the point where the bar is secured, and provided with a chute, U, communicating with 15 the passage or opening, said chute being arranged to deliver the good peanuts into a bag, V, or other receptacle held there for that purpose.

The operation of my invention will be read-20 ily understood from the foregoing description, taken in connection with the annexed drawings. The peanuts are delivered by the chute of the fan-cylinder upon the bottom of the table, or the nuts may be assorted by simply de-25 positing the same from bags or baskets. As the bottom revolves, the pickers pick the worthless nuts and shells and deposit the same in the chutes OO', leading to the carrier, which conveys the same to a suitable receptacle, while 30 the good nuts are left on the bottom, and are carried around to the starting-point, and when they reach the bar S they are deflected into the passage or opening T, and pass through the chute U into the bag or other receptacle V. As 35 the bags become full, they can be tied up and replaced by empty ones, while the nuts which are carried off by the carrier may be again assorted for the purpose of obtaining the best of the lot.

By means of the mechanism shown and described the pickers will not become dizzy while at work, since by reason of the slow speed of the revolving bottom, which does not turn bodily, like the ordinary revolving table, and the inner and outer rims, E.F., for the pickers to lean on, the latter will be afforded needed rest. Having described my invention, I claim—

1. The herein-described assorting-table, comprising inner and outer circular rims, connecting-strips, and a bottom turning loosely over the strips and revolving in the space between the rims, the inner rim inclosing a space to receive a suitable number of pickers, as set forth.

2. The herein - described assorting - table, comprising inner and outer rims or ledges, and 55 a revolving bottom moving in the space between the rims or ledges, as set forth.

3. The table having a revolving bottom turning therein, in combination with mechanism for operating the bottom, said mechanism being supported in the frame-work of the table and disposed below the bottom, for the purpose set forth.

4. The herein - described assorting - table, comprising inner and outer rims or ledges, and 65 arevolving bottom moving in the space between the rims or ledges, the inner rim inclosing a space to receive a suitable number of pickers, as set forth.

5. The herein - described assorting - table, 70 comprising inner and outer rims or ledges, a revolving bottom moving in the space between the same, a cross-bar connecting the rims at the top, and a passage or opening formed in the outer rim, arranged and operating as de-75 scribed, so that the cross-bar will deflect the nuts through the passage or opening into a bag or other receptacle, as set forth.

6. The herein - described assorting - table, comprising inner and outer rims, a bottom re- 80 volving in the space between the rims, means, substantially as described, for operating the bottom, and chutes secured to the rims, as set forth.

7. The herein - described assorting - table, 85 comprising inner and outer rims or ledges, a revolving bottom moving in the space between the same, chutes secured to the rim, and a traveling carrier, with which the chutes communicate, as set forth.

8. The herein - described assorting - table, comprising inner and outer rims or ledges, a bottom revolving in the space between the rims, means for operating the bottom, a chute communicating with the bottom, and means, 95 substantially as described, for causing the peanuts retained on the bottom to enter the chute, as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature in too presence of two witnesses.

CHAPMAN J. SYME.

Witnesses:

J. B. Evans,

J. A. JORDAN.

It is hereby certified that Letters Patent No. 314,749, granted March 31, 1885, upon the application of Chapman J. Syme, of Petersburg, Virginia, for an improvement in Machines for Assorting Peanuts, &c.," should have been issued to the said Chapman J. Syme and Robert C. Marks, assignee of one-half interest in said invention; that the proper correction has been made in the files and records pertaining to the case in the Patent Office, and should be read in said Letters Patent to make it conform thereto. Signed, countersigned, and sealed this 14th day of April, A. D. 1885.

[SEAL.]

H. L. MULDROW,

Acting Secretary of the Interior.

Countersigned:

M. V. Montgomery,

Commissioner of Patents.