(No Model.)

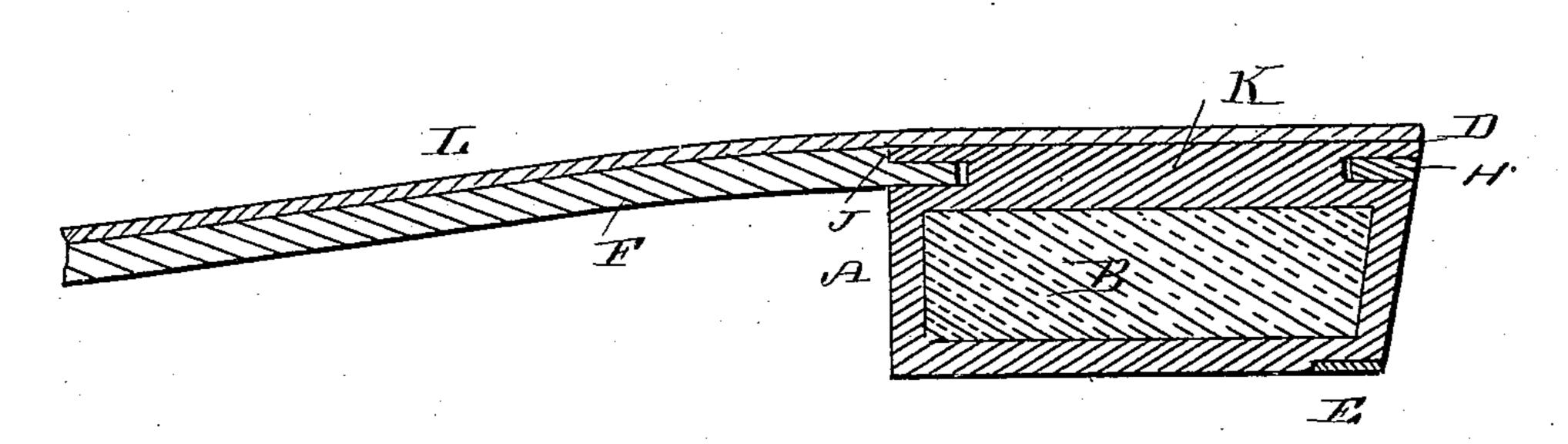
H. V. DEEMAR.

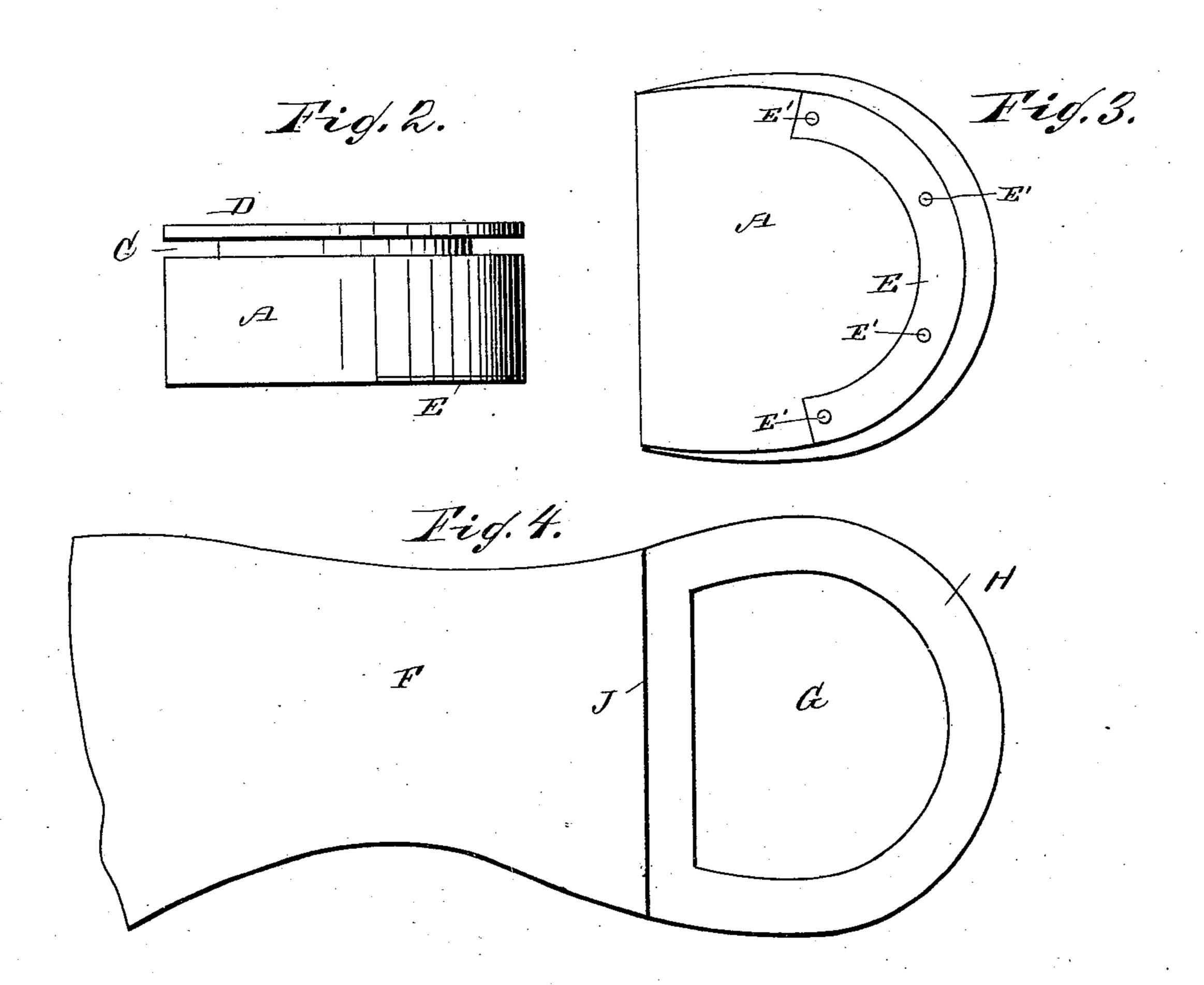
RUBBER HEEL.

No. 313,291.

Patented Mar. 3, 1885.

Fig. 1.





INVENTOR: H. W. Deemar

United States Patent Office.

HENRY V. DEEMAR, OF ST. CHARLES, MISSOURI.

RUBBER HEEL.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 313,291, dated March 3, 1885.

Application filed August 9, 1884. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY V. DEEMAR, of St. Charles, in the county of St. Charles and State of Missouri, have invented a new and 5 Improved Rubber Heel, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of my invention is to provide a new and improved rubber heel for boots or shoes, which heel is very elastic and springy,

10 strong and durable.

The invention consists in a rubber heel provided in its sides near one end with a groove, forming a tongue at the top edge, which heel is passed through an aperture in the heel part 15 of the sole, the tongue of the heel resting on the top of the band formed in the heel part of the sole, all as hereinafter fully described, and pointed out in the claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying 20 drawings, forming part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate cor-

responding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a longitudinal sectional elevation of my improved rubber heel and part of 25 the sole. Fig. 2 is a side view of the heel detached from the shoe. Fig. 3 is a plan view of the under side of the heel. Fig. 4 is a plan view of the sole.

The heel A, made entirely of rubber or of 30 cork, B, cloth, or other light material provided with a thick rubber coating, is provided in its upper part with a groove, C, extending around the entire heel and forming a laterally-projecting tongue, D, at the top of the heel, the 35 said tongue being formed of soft rubber. A Ushaped or curved heel-plate, E, made of metal, hard rubber, vulcanized fiber, or pressed leather, is embedded in the bottom of the heel along the rear edge, and is firmly united with the 40 heel during the vulcanizing process. The heelplate E, when made of metal or compressed leather, may be provided with inwardly-projecting pins E', if desired, to give it a better hold on the heel The heel part of the sole F

has its upper surface recessed about the thick- 45 ness of the tongue D, and in the heel part of the sole an aperture, G, is formed, of the same shape as the core K below the tongue D. A transverse shoulder, J, is formed at the front

of the heel part, as shown.

To fasten the heel on the sole, the flange or tongue D is bent upward and passed through the aperture G in the heel part of the sole in such a manner that the curved heel-strip H passes into the groove C and surrounds the 55 core K, the tongue D resting on the strip H. The top of the tongue D will be flush with the top of the sole, the straight front edge of the tongue Dabutting against the shoulder J. Before inserting the heel rubber-cement or other 60 cement is spread on both surfaces of the strip Hand of the groove C. A strip, L, of leather or cloth, is then cemented on the sole F and the heel, as shown in Fig. 1.

Having thus fully described my invention, 65 I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent—

1. The combination, with the sole F, having the aperture G in its heel portion, of the heel A, provided with the annular groove C, 70 to receive the sole, and the tongue D, resting on the upper surface of the sole, substantially as herein shown and described.

2. The combination, with the sole F, recessed at its heel portion to form the shoulder J, and 75 having the aperture G, of the heel A, grooved to form the tongue D, substantially as shown

and described.

3. The combination, with the sole F, having an aperture, G, in its heel part, of the 80 heel A, having a groove, C, forming a tongue, D, and the strip L, cemented on the sole and heel, substantially as herein shown and described.

HENRY V. DEEMAR.

Witnesses:

W. N. Fulkerson, J. E. SHAW.