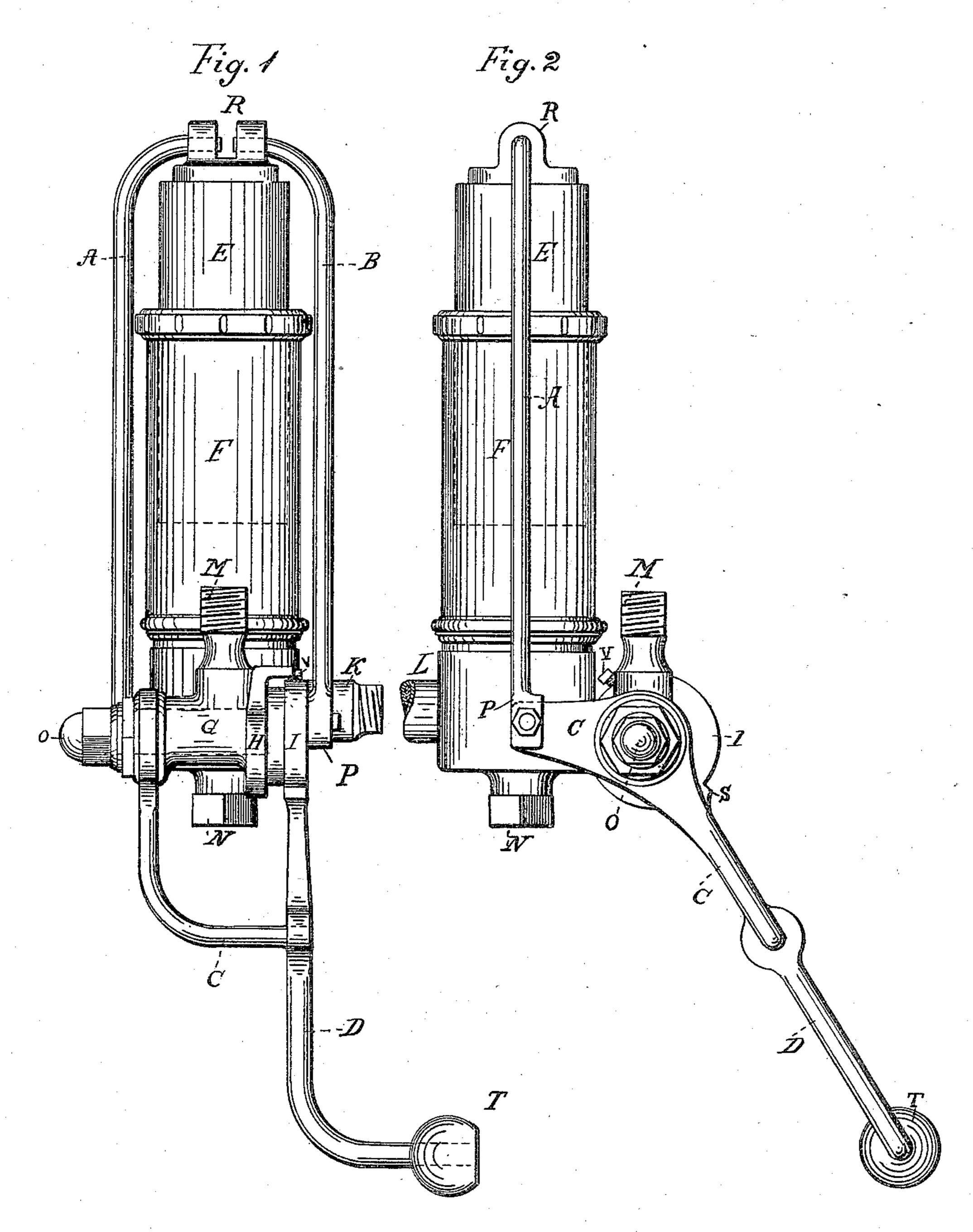
(No Model.)

H. WILL.

SIRUP GAGE FOR BOTTLE FILLING MACHINES.

No. 309,427.

Patented Dec. 16, 1884.



Witnesses. Odgar A. Hill. G. Huzel

Inventor Herman Will By Mw. F. Howes Attorney.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HERMAN WILL, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO HAFNER & WILL, OF SAME PLACE.

SIRUP-GAGE FOR BOTTLE-FILLING MACHINES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 309,427, dated December 16, 1884.

Application filed February 4, 1884. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HERMAN WILL, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Sirup-Gages for Bottle-Filling Machines, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in sirup-gages for bottle-filling machines in which the solid plunger of the pump that regulates and feeds the sirup to the bottles is actuated by two connecting-rods, so arranged as to have a symmetrical and balanced strain on the said plunger by placing the connecting-rods on opposite sides from each other.

Figure 1 is a back elevation. Fig. 2 is a side elevation.

The pump-handles and levers CDI revolve about the fulcrum O, and are actuated by the hand when the sirup-gage is used. The solid plunger E has an up-and-down reciprocating motion. The upward movement draws in the sirup through the pipe K and the downward movement discharges it through the pipe L to the bottle-filling head by means of a rubber or other pipe. Then water is admitted by the pipe M, and washes any remaining sirup out through the pipe L. When the lever-handle T is moved through a less arc, the plunger is

raised less, and the bottle has a smaller charge 30 of sirup. This is regulated by placing the setscrew V in different holes, so that the handle Thas less angular movement before it hits the projection from I, and the plunger has less travel. Heretofore there has been but one 35 connecting-rod, as B, passing from the top center of plunger down by one side of pump to the lever ID, connected at P. From the drawings it will be seen that such action or strain would not be central, but one-sided, having a 40 tendency to bind the plunger in its barrel; but by the double levers C and D and the double connecting-rods A and B, journaled at P and P' to the levers, the entire strain is divided and balanced by the two connecting- 45 rods, effecting a much smoother and very desirable movement.

I claim—

As an improvement in sirup-gage levers, the lever C D, bifurcated so as to be pivoted 50 and combined with two opposite and symmetrical connecting-rods, A and B, in the manner set forth.

HERMAN WILL.

Witnesses:

EDGAR A. HILL, G. HUZEL.