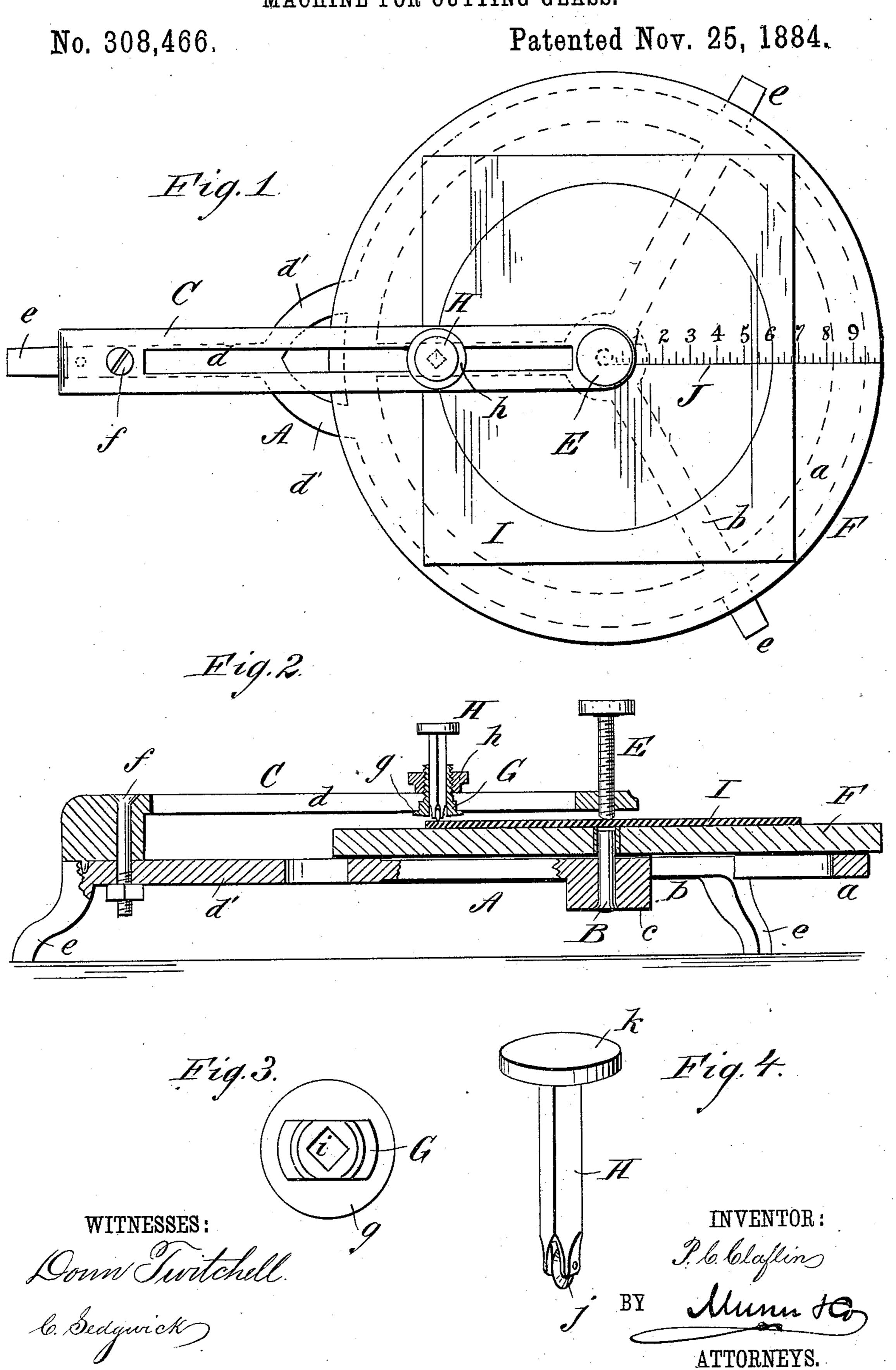
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## MACHINE FOR CUTTING GLASS.



## United States Patent Office.

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## MACHINE FOR CUTTING GLASS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 308,466, dated November 25, 1884.

Application filed March 19, 1884. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, PRICE C. CLAFLIN, of Stevens Point, in the county of Portage and State of Wisconsin, have invented a new and Improved Machine for Cutting Glass, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of this invention is to provide a

machine for cutting glass in circles.

The invention consists in a bed mounted to be revolved upon a suitable frame, and in a guide-arm secured upon an arm of the frame, to project radially over the bed, and provided at its inner end and over the center of the bed with a binding-screw for holding the glass to be cut upon the bed.

The invention further consists in a cutter-holder for the cutting-tool adapted to be fixed in a slot of the guide-arm at any point of the same; and the invention further consists in a cutting-tool having a square body adapted to fit in a diagonally-arranged square aperture of the cutter-holder, as will be hereinafter de-

scribed.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a plan view of my glass-cutting 30 machine. Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional elevation of the same through the center of the frame and arm, a part being broken out. Fig. 3 is an enlarged plan view of the cutter-holder, the nut being removed; and Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the cutting-tool on a larger scale.

A frame, A, formed of a circular rim, a, arms b, supporting a central hub, c, and a radial arm, d', strengthened by side braces, 40 which frame is supported upon legs e, has a pivot, B, fixed at its center in the hub c. A guide-arm, C, having a longitudinal slot, d, is secured upon the arm d' of the frame by a bolt, f, and a stay-pin, and is of such length that its inner end is over the pivot B, which inner end is provided with a threaded aperture in line with the said pivot for a binding-screw, E. A circular bed, F, fitted upon the pivot B, rests upon the rim a of the frame A.

the guide-arm C, has at one end a rim, g, for bearing upon the under side of the guide-arm, and has its other end screw-threaded for a nut, h, to bear upon the upper side of the guide-arm. A square aperture, i, is formed through 55 the cutter-holder, which aperture has the longer axis of its cross-section in line with the slot d.

A cutting-tool, H, having a square body adapted to fit closely in the aperture i, is 60 fitted at its lower end, and diagonally of the body, with a steel roller, j, and at its upper end with a disk, k, or other handle. Instead of the roller j, any other device for cutting glass may be used. This cutting-tool is to be 65 placed in the cutter holder so that its anti-ill

placed in the cutter-holder, so that its cut will be in a circumferential line of the bed F.

Upon the bed F is a scale, J, for setting the

cutter to any desired radius. In use the sheet of glass I to be cut is placed 70 upon the bed F. The binding-screw E is turned down upon the glass sufficiently to hold the glass upon the bed, so that it will turn with the bed when the bed is revolved. The cutter-holder is secured in the guide-arm C 75 by turning down its nut h, so that the cuttingedge of the tool will be on a point in the circumference of the circle to which the glass is to be cut. Sufficient pressure is then made with one hand upon the handle k of the tool 80 to cause it to cut into the glass, while the bed F with the glass is revolved with the other hand. With this machine glass can be cut into a circular shape of any desired diameter with great ease, and circular holes can be cut 85 in sheets of glass. It is simple in construc-

By the diagonal arrangement of the aperture in the cutter-holder for the square body of the cutter the cutter is held firmly in place. 90 This aperture may be made diamond-shaped, if desired.

tion and easily operated.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

ner end is provided with a threaded apertre in line with the said pivot for a binding-trew, E. A circular bed, F, fitted upon the ivot B, rests upon the rim a of the frame A. A cutter-holder, G, fitting in the slot d of a central pivot, and the guide-arm C, having a longitudinal slot and provided with a binding-screw, of the bed F and the adjustable cutter-holder G, fitted for carrying the cut-

ting-tool H, substantially as shown and described.

2. In a machine for cutting glass, the frame A, having the pivot B, in combination with the longitudinally-slotted guide-arm C, provided with the binding-screw E, and the bed F, substantially as shown and described.

3. In a machine for cutting glass, the cutter-holder G, having a square or diamond shaped 10 aperture diagonal in cross-section with the holder, and also provided with a binding-screw, h, substantially as shown and described.

4. In a machine for cutting glass, the combination, with the cutter-holder G, of the cutting-tool H, having a square body, and hav- 15 ing its cutting point or roller arranged diagonally of the body, substantially as shown and described.

PRICE C. CLAFLIN.

Witnesses:
JOHN CADMAN,
W. HENRY WATTS.