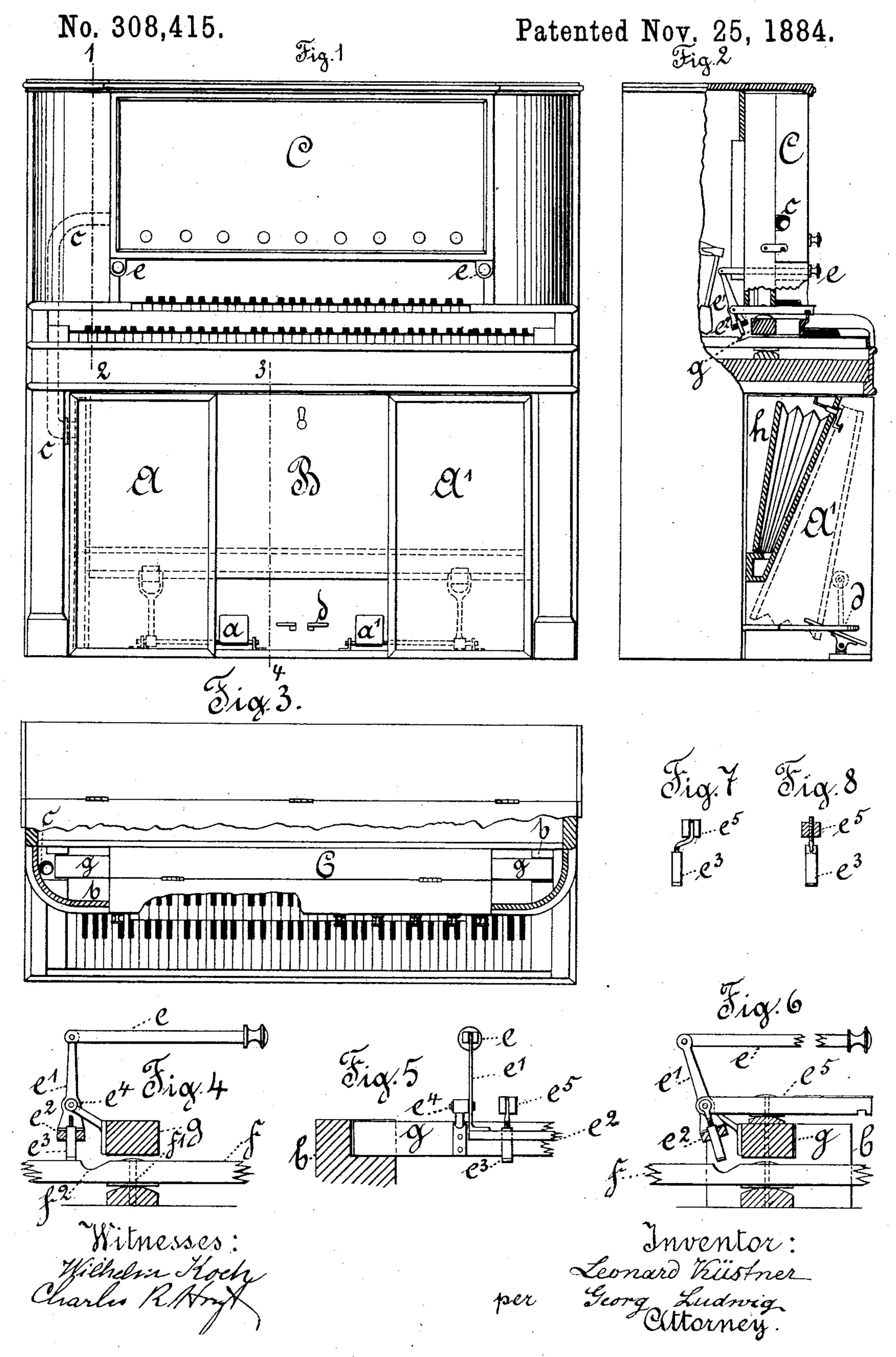
L. KÜSTNER.

COMBINED HARMONIUM AND PIANO.



United States Patent Office.

LEONARD KÜSTNER, OF HAMBURG, GERMANY.

COMBINED HARMONIUM AND PIANO.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 308,415, dated November 25, 1884.

Application filed January 22, 1883. (No model.) Patented in Germany June 15, 1882, No. 20,837.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Leonard Küstner, a resident of the city of Hamburg, in the Empire of Germany, have invented certain new 5 and useful Improvements in Combined Harmoniums and Pianos, (for which I have obtained a patent in Germany, No. 20,837, bearing date June 15, 1882,) of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in harmoniums which are so constructed that the same can be connected to any piano in such manner that the manuals or keyboards can be coupled to each other at will, or be 15 employed separately, as shown in the accom-

panying drawings.

Figure 1 is a front view of the harmonium connected to a piano; Fig. 2, a vertical section through the same, on the lines 1234; 20 Fig. 3, a top view of the harmonium and piano as they appear after the removal of the showing the piano-manual coupled to the harmonium-manual on the same plane and from 25 the same end, as shown in Fig. 2. Fig. 5 represents a rear view of a part of the coupling mechanism and its connection with the rail g. Fig. 6 is a vertical section representing the coupling seen from the opposite end to that in 30 Fig. 4, and showing the connection of the harmonium-key with the coupling, and showing, also, the coupling released. Figs. 7 and 8 are details.

Similar letters refer to similar parts through-35 out the several views.

The lower part of mysaid harmonium consists of the case or chest B with the laterallyprojecting compartments A A', in which two bellows are arranged, which said bellows are 40 operated by means of the pedals a a'. Both bellows are in connection with the collecting or accumulator bellows or wind-chest h, which is arranged in the rear space of the said case 45 by the air fed to the same by the side bellows, a a', and feeds the air so received through the tube or pipe c to the reeds arranged in the reed-chest C.

In order to be able to employ the forte-ped-50 al of the piano in treading the harmoniumpedals, the same is provided with a projection, d, which can be operated by the heel of |

the player, whereas the pedal a' is operated by the front part of the foot. The manual or key-board of the harmonium is arranged 55 above the manual or key-board of the piano and is coupled to the same in the fellowing manner. The two stops e are connected to the levers e', which carry the bar e^2 by means of their two arms located beneath their ful- 60 crum e^{t} , which said bar extends from one side of the harmonium key-board to the other. This said bar e^2 is provided with perforations or holes in like number with the keys in the manual or key-board of the harmonium to 65 receive suitable jacks or hoppers e^{3} , one of which runs through each perforation in the bar e^2 . Each jack or hopper, e^3 , is hinged to the rear arm of the harmonium key-lever e^5 , Fig. 7, and connects the key of the harmoni- 70 um manual or key-board to the corresponding key of the piano-forte key-board in such manner that as soon as a key of the pianopiano-cover. Fig. 4 is a vertical section | forte is pressed down the rear arm of the keylever f to the rear of the fulcrum f' comes 75 under the jack or hopper e^3 and raises the said hopper or jack e^{3} , and also the rear end of the corresponding lever, e^5 , of the harmonium manual or key-board, so that the same effect is obtained as if the key to the harmonium-man-80 ual had been simultaneously depressed. If the harmonium-keys are to be uncoupled, the stop e (id est, either the right or left stop or both) is pressed back, so that the lever e' occupies the position shown in Figs. 2 and 7, and the 85 jack or hopper e^3 is brought by means of the bar e^2 over the cavity recess or opening f^2 of the key-lever f of the piano-forte key-board.

In order to compensate for any difference in the distance of the two key-boards, the 90 lower ends of the hoppers or jacks e^3 are connected to the upper ends by means of screws. These said screws can be either straight or cranked, Figs. 7 and 8, according to the position of the piano key-board levers in respect 95 B. This bellows or wind-chest h is expanded | to those of the harmonium-manual located above the said piano-forte key-board. The case or chest B, with the compartments A A', is simply pushed on the lower part of the piano, whereas the upper part of the har- 100 monium rests with it, supporting rod or board g in two checks or guides, b, screwed to the sides of the frame-work of the piano.

Having now described my said invention

and the manner in which the same is to or may be carried into effect, what I claim as new and novel, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A combined harmonium and piano consisting of the piano, the reed-chest, bellows and reservoir arranged in the manner described, in combination with the two manuals, and the coupling device consisting of the stops c, le-

vers e', rod e^2 , and the jacks or hoppers e^3 , 10 substantially as described in the foregoing specification and shown in the accompanying drawings.

LEONARD KÜSTNER.

Witnesses:
WILHELM KOCH,

CHARLES R. HOYT.