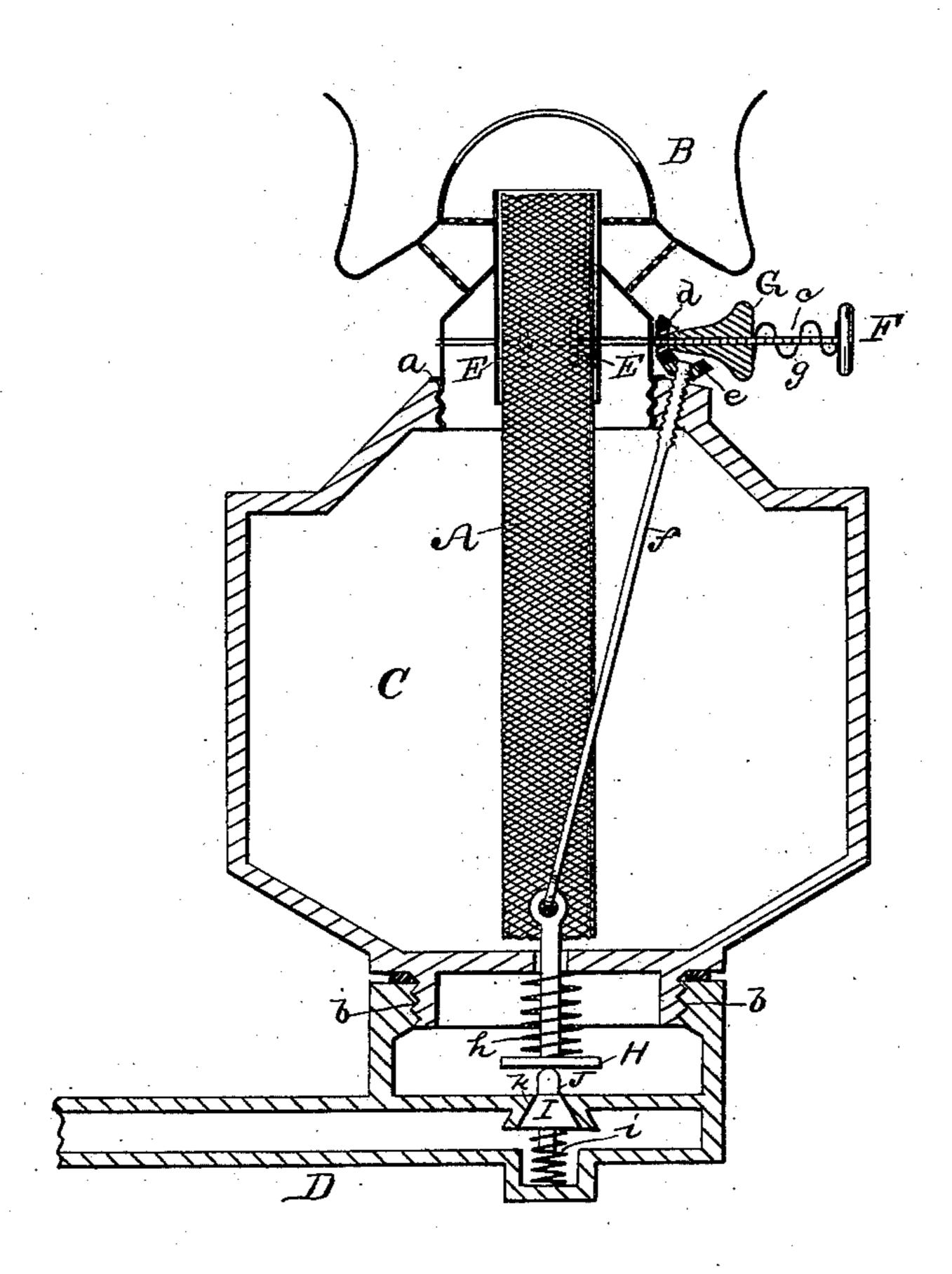
(No Model.)

W. H. DILLON.

OIL LAMP FEEDER.

No. 303,562.

Patented Aug. 12, 1884.



WITNESSES: M. Brown M. Atevens.

INVENTOR

BY Munn To

ATTORNEYS

## United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM HENRY DILLON, OF GLASGOW, KENTUCKY.

## OIL-LAMP FEEDER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 303,562, dated August 12, 1884.

Application filed March 21, 1884. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM HENRY DIL-LON, a citizen of the United States, residing at Glasgow, in the county of Barren and State of 5 Kentucky, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Oil-Lamp Feeders, of which the following is a description.

This invention relates to that class of lamps using oil which are supplied therewith from a

10 reservoir higher than the lamp.

It has for its object to use oil conducted like gas in pipes, to raise the lamp-wick and to open the valve which admits oil thereto at one and the same movement; also, to raise or lower

15 the wick without operating the valve.

To this end my invention consists in the construction and combination of parts forming a lamp-feeder, hereinafter described and claimed, reference being had to the accompa-20 nying drawing, which is a vertical section, part in elevation, of a single oil-burner showing my invention.

A represents the wick, and B the burner, of usual form, adapted to screw at a into a body, 25 C, corresponding to a lamp-body. This body C is provided at its lower end with a screw, b, like a burner-screw, by which it is attached to a supply-pipe, D. This pipe may communicate with a reservoir near by, or it may be a 30 branch of a system of pipes extending through a city or through a manufactory, the only requirement being that oil shall be supplied to the wick A. For this purpose it is usual to connect the supply-pipe with a reservoir

35 higher than the burner. E represents the usual toothed-wheel wickfeeders, to be operated by a fixed knob, F. The shaft, c, on which the wheels E and knob F are fixed, is square, to engage another knob, 4c G, which is provided with a square hole, to

slide longitudinally on said shaft.

d is a gear-wheel attached to or a part of knob G, engaging another gear-wheel, e, which is internally screw-threaded, engaging a screw-45 rod, f, which is attached to the stem of a disk, H.

I is a valve actuated by a light spring, i, to close the hole k, through which oil passes from the pipe D into the body C, there being a passage through the bottom of the body C, around 50 the stem of the disk H. The valve I is opened by means of a stem, J, which is acted upon by the disk H and the spring h, which is stronger than spring i.

The operation is as follows: By turning either knob F or G in the direction to raise the wick 55 A, the gear-wheel d will operate the gear-wheel e to let down the screw f and disk H upon the stem J of valve I, thereby opening the valve and admitting oil to the wick, when the burner may be lighted. The spring h is strong enough 60 to draw upon the rod f and hold the gear e in place on the outside of the body. By reversing the motion of the knobs F and G, the wick will be run down, extinguishing the light, and the disk H will be raised, allowing the spring 65 i to close the valve I, thereby stopping the oil from running out through the burner, which it has a tendency to do from the pressure of the head of oil in the reservoir. When it is desirable to adjust the height of the wick with-70 out operating the valve, the gear-wheels d and e may be disengaged by drawing the knob G toward the knob F. Then the shaft c is free to revolve either way. The spring g acts between . the knobs F and G, to push the latter, with the 75 wheel d, into engagement with wheel e.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to

secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The combination, with the supply-pipe D, having the hole k, the body C, and the burner 80 B, attached to it, and the wick-raiser E F, of the valve I, and means, substantially as described, connecting the valve with the wickraiser, whereby revolving the wick-raiser EF opens and closes the valve, for the purpose 85 specified.

2. The combination, with the pipe D, the body C, the burner B, the wick-raiser E, having the square shaft c, and knob F, of the valve I, the spring i, operating it, the disk H, the 90 spring h, the screw-rod f, the screw-threaded gear-wheel e, and the gear-wheel d on the shaft

c, as and for the purpose specified.

3. The combination, with the spring-operated valve i, the spring-operated disk H, the 95 screw-rod f, and the gear-wheel e, of the wickraiser E, the knob F, and the square shaft c of the knob G, and gear-wheel d, provided with a square hole fitting said shaft, and the spring g, acting between knobs F and G, as 100 shown and described.

## WILLIAM HENRY DILLON.

Witnesses: SAML. W. BRENTS, J. A. SHOBY.