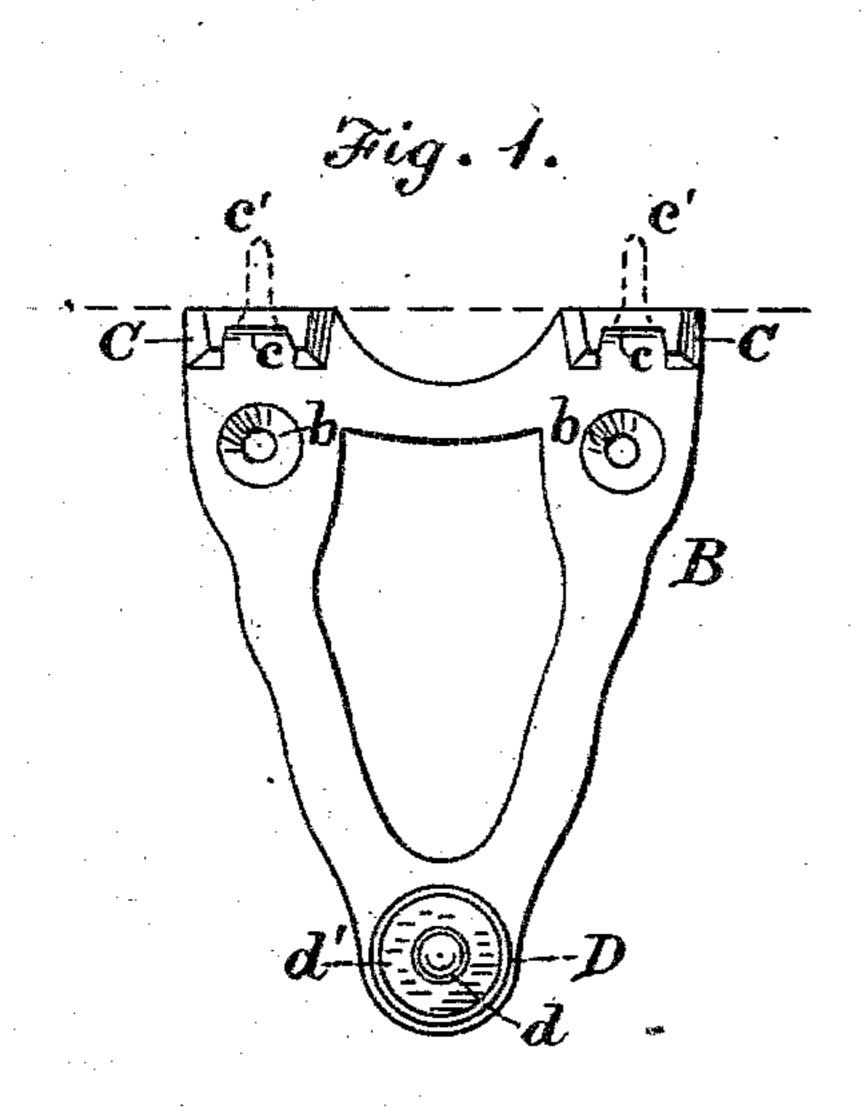
(No Model.)

W. S. HOLLAND.

HANGING FOR WINDOW SHADES.

No. 295,396.

Patented Mar. 18, 1884.



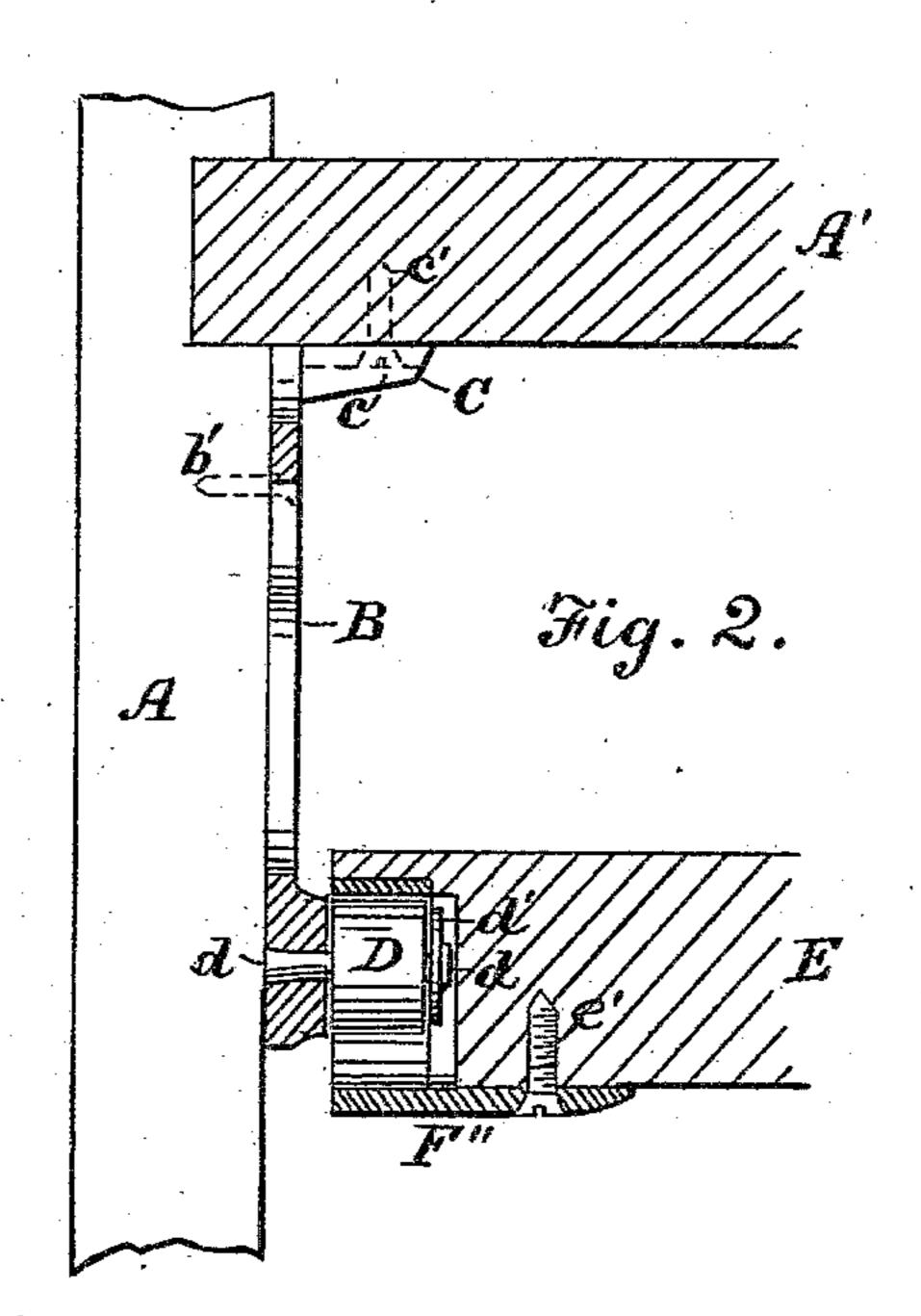
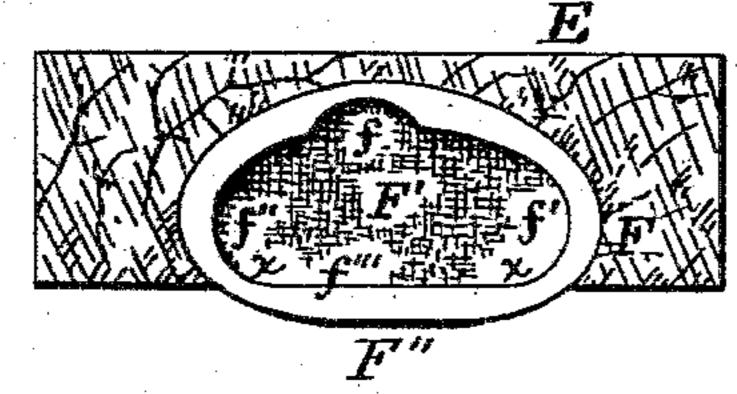
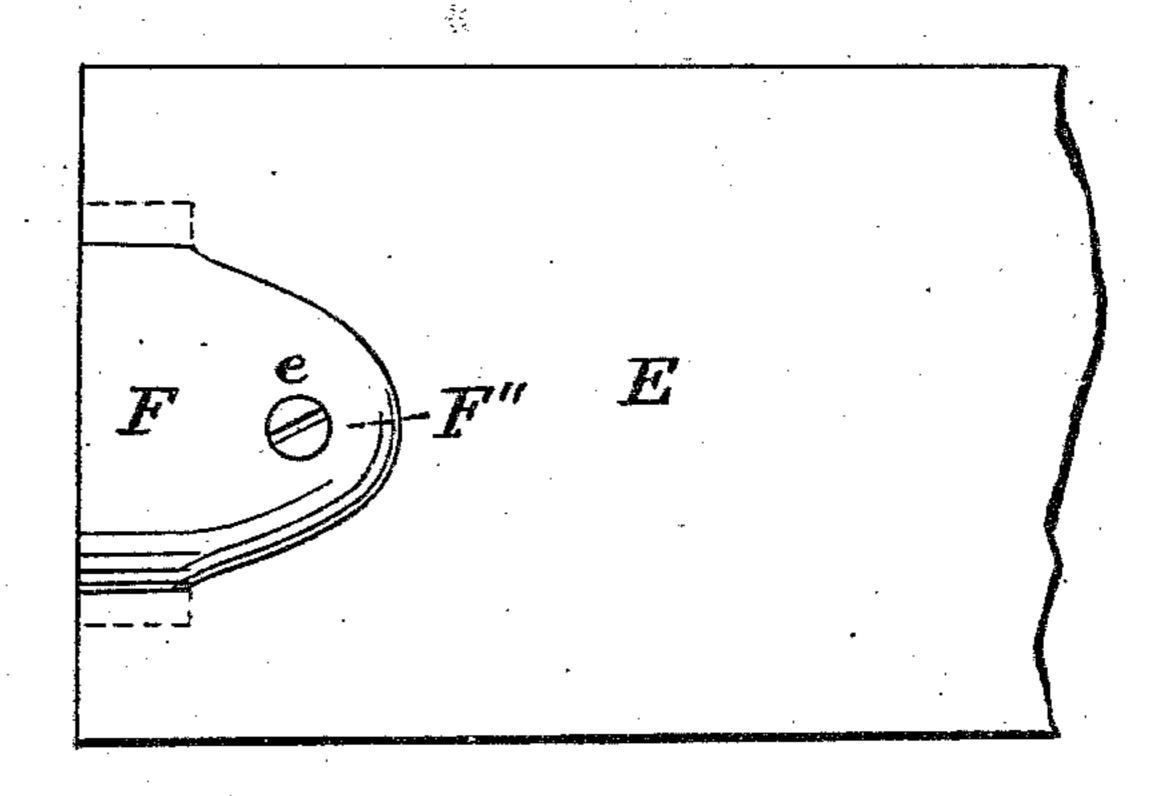


Fig. 3.

Fig. 4.





Witnesses: ZN. Zurris H. A. Daniel Inventor:
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United States Patent Office.

WALLACE S. HOLLAND, OF BURLINGTON, VERMONT.

HANGING FOR WINDOW-SHADES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. £95,396, dated March 18, 1884. Application filed January 7, 1884. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WALLACE S. HOLLAND, a citizen of the United States, residing at Burlington, in the county of Chittenden and State 5 of Vermont, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Hangings for Inside Window-Shades or Window-Blinds, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

The object of this invention is to improve the hangings for operating inside Venetian window blinds, shades, or screens; and it consists in the construction of the operating parts, their combination with each other and with 15 such other actuating parts that make the im-

provement in operating the blinds.

In the drawings, Figure 1 represents a face view of a metal bracket. Fig. 2 represents an edge view of the bracket and its attachments. 20 Fig. 3 represents an end view of the top slat and the metal hanger attached thereto; and Fig. 4 represents the under side of the top slat, showing the mode of attaching the hanger thereto.

A represents the side jamb of a windowframe in edge view, and A' the top or trans-

verse jamb.

B represents a metal bracket, preferably in the form shown in Fig. 1, having screw-holes 30 b b therein, to receive screws b', that secure the bracket to jamb A, and at its upper end has two flanges, C, projecting at right angles to the back, and holes cc through them to receive the screws c' c', that hold the flanges to 35 the top jamb, A', as seen in Fig. 2. At the lower end of brackets B is a metal pin, d, projecting inward a proper distance to receive a friction-roller that will freely revolve thereon.

D is a friction-roller, that freely revolves on 45 pin d, and d' is a washer on pin d and inside of roller D, and secured to pin d in any known way, to prevent roller D from leaving its posi-

tion on pin d.

E is the top slat or the hanging slat of an 45 inside blind or shade to a window or other opening, in which the blind or shade is to oscillate to regulate the openings between the slats of the blind or shade.

F is the metal hanger, inserted in the end 50 of the upper or hanging slat, E, as seen in | and arcs of circles f f' f'', straight base f''', I

Figs. 2, 3, and 4, having in end view an opening, F', in form of an ellipse, with an arc of a circle, f, above the line of the ellipse, and situated to one side of a perpendicular and center line through the ellipse, the end circles, f' and 5. f'', terminating at x x, with a straight baseline, f'''. To hold the hanger F to the slat E, a flange, F", extends beyond the body of the hanger, and on the under side of slat E. with a hole, e, therein, through which hole screw e' 60 is driven into the slat E, as seen in Figs. 2 and 4. The hangers are constructed in pairs, or one the reverse of the other.

The bracket B, constructed as described, with the right-angled flanges C and screwed 6, fast to the window-jamb, forms a strong and immovable support to the blind or shade, and, having the friction-roller D on the inwardlyprojecting pin d, affords an easy and perfect means for vibrating and moving the top slat, 7 E, thereon to give the desired position to the lower slats of the blind or shade that are at-

tached in the usual way to slat E.

The hanger F, having the form of opening seen in Fig. 3, with the arc of a circle, f, rest-7 ing upon the friction-roller D, the upper slat will be in or nearly in a horizontal position, and if moved so that the friction-roller D is in the end circle, f', the slats in the blind will be partially closed and inclined in one direc- 80 tion; but if the top slat be moved so that the roller D rests in circle f'', the opposite side being heavier and longer from the bearing on the roller, the slats will be closed or overlap each other in a contrary inclination from that 8 when the circle f' of the hanger rests on the roller D of bracket B.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat-

ent, is—

1. The bracket B, having the right-angled flanges C, the projecting pin or axle d, and the roller D thereon, constructed to operate as and for the purposes described.

2. The hanger F, having the end opening, F', 9 with arcs of circles f f' f'', straight base f'''therein, and flange F", with screw-hole ethere-

in, as described.

3. The hanger F, having the opening F',

and flange F", having screw-hole e therein, in combination with the top slat, E, of an inside window-blind, as and for the purposes described.

4. The combination of the hanging slat E and hanger F with the bracket B, having friction-roller D thereon, and operating substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

WALLACE S. HOLLAND.

Witnesses:

GEO. A. POPE, W. E. MARSH.