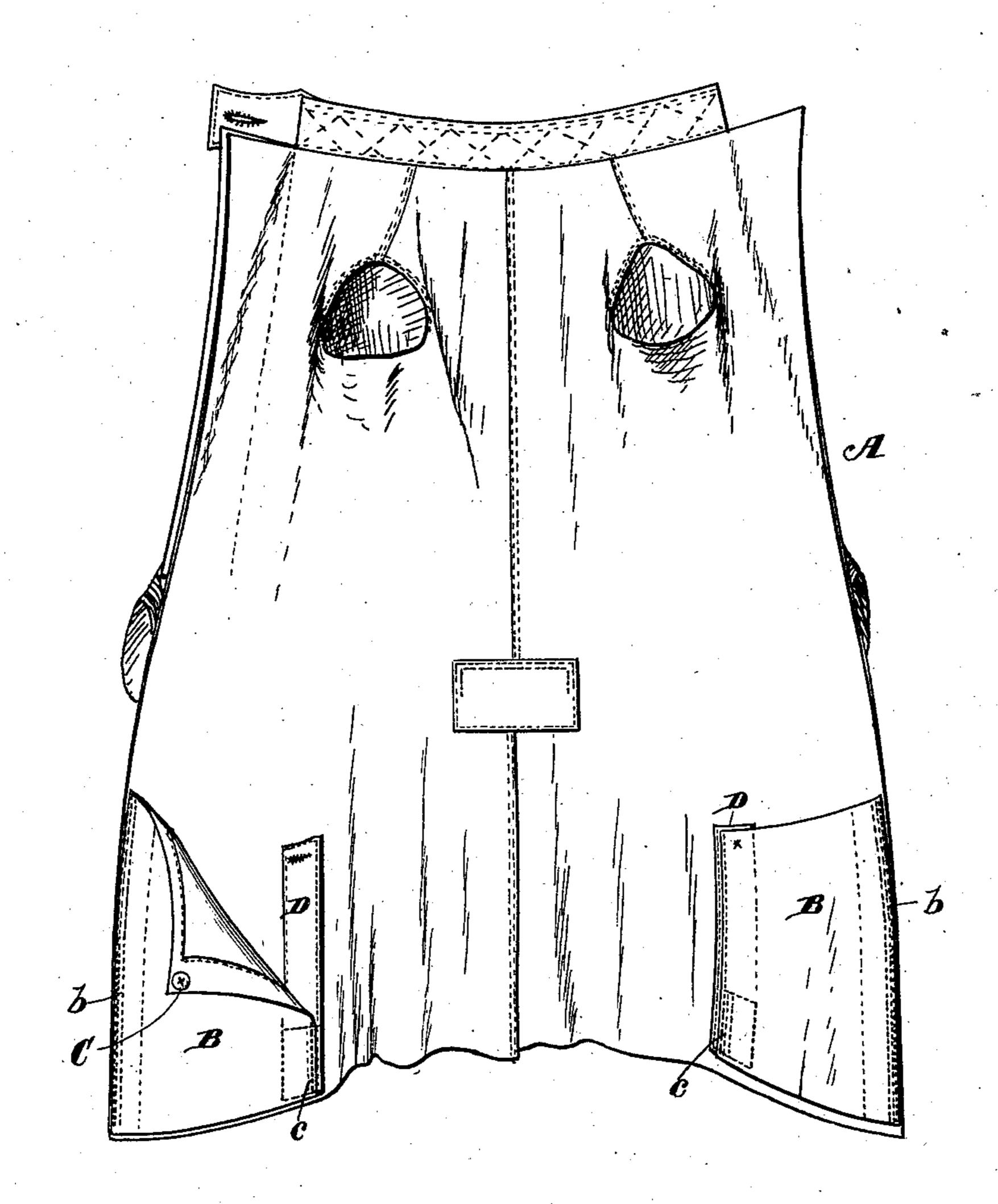
(No Model.)

H. EMANUEL.

OVERCOAT.

No. 294,599.

Patented Mar. 4, 1884.



Robert Except.

Henry Emanuel.

By Janus L. Norris.

ATTORNEY

N. PETERS, Photo-Lithographer, Washington, D. C.

United States Patent Office.

HENRY EMANUEL, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO DAVID HEINEMAN AND SALOMON LORSCH, BOTH OF SAME PLACE.

OVERCOAT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 294,599, dated March 4, 1884.

Application filed April 20, 1883. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY EMANUEL, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the county and State of New York, 5 have invented new and useful Improvements in Overcoats, of which the following is a specification.

The present invention relates to that class of overcoats in which provision is made for 10 holding the skirts thereof in contact with the person of the wearer, so as to obtain greater protection in windy weather without impeding the free movement of the wearer. It has heretofore been proposed to provide a coat with 15 straps upon the skirts for encircling the legs of the wearer and holding the skirts enwrapped about them, and in another instance a coat has been provided with attachable and detachable shields or protectors applied to the inside of 20 the skirts upon each side, where they serve to cover the legs of the wearer.

The object of the present invention is to improve upon the class of coats above set forth, so as to enable the same to be more cheaply 25 and easily made than heretofore, and provide leg-pockets of a permanent nature that are always in position for use, and can be quickly and conveniently closed around the legs by the wearer, the pockets devised in the present 30 instance also adding to the strength and finish of the coat, and causing the skirts to hug the legs closer than heretofore, and possessing other advantages which will be hereinafter fully described.

In the drawing, the figure is a view of the innerside of the coat, showing the permanent leg-pockets at the bottom of its skirt portion, one of said pockets being open or in position for the insertion of the legs of the wearer and the 40 other being buttoned down.

The letter A designates a coat of any preferred form or pattern, and made of any deric or rubber, or other suitable water-proof 45 material. To the inner face of the skirts of said coat I apply pockets B, which are located at the lower outer corners of said skirts, or in such positions that the legs of the wearer are received in said pockets when the coat is worn.

which, like the coat, may be of any approved material, not liable to be affected by friction, the strip forming the pocket being secured at one of its sides or edges to the fabric or material of the coat by stitching b, or other means 55 of fastening, extending the entire length of the strip. The bottom and top edges of the strip forming each pocket are not attached to the coat, but are left free, so as to form an openended pocket, which is permanently attached 60 to the coat at its sides—at one side by the continuous stitching b, and at the other side by a short row of stitches, c, extending from the bottom edge of the coat-skirt or the strip forming the pocket to such a height as may be found nec- 65 essary to allow the foot and leg to be passed through the pocket. The free or unattached side portion of the strip forming the pocket is provided on its inner face with one or more buttons, hooks, or other fastening devices, C, which 70 engage with a corresponding button-hole, eye, or other device on a narrow vertical strip or tab, D, sewed to the coat at its inner edge, and lying under the strip forming the pocket when the latter is closed. It will be manifest that 75 the location of permanently-attached pockets at the bottom of the coat-skirts will cause said pockets to be always in position for use, and that the feet and legs of the wearer can be readily passed through the same by unfasten-80 ing the inner unattached portions of the pockets and turning them back, as is shown. After the coat has been properly put on, the loose portions of the pockets are turned over the legs of the wearer and quickly and easily but- 85 toned or otherwise secured to the strip or tab D, which will effectually serve to hold the skirts against the person of the wearer and prevent the entrance of moisture and air at any of the seams or points of attachment of 90 the pocket.

In addition to the advantages possessed by sired material—such as woolen or textile fab- | pockets permanently attached to the coat or arranged in such manner as to be always in position ready for use, I may state that the 95 absence of projecting fastening devices on the leg-pockets removes a source of annoyance in horseback-riding, where such projections are liable to exert a pressure upon the person of 50 The pockets B are composed of a broad strip, I the rider, and, moreover, exposed fastening 100 I do not wish to be understood as claiming what is disclosed in Letters Patent No. 265,043, issued to me September 26, 1882, nor as claiming on a coat in which the skirts are each providing

ing a coat in which the skirts are each provided with two straps secured at one end and adapted to be passed around the limbs and buttoned to the skirts at their opposite ends.

Having thus described my invention, what

10 I claim is—

A coat provided with open-ended pockets at the bottom of its skirts, said pockets being permanently stitched to the skirts the entire

length of one of their edges and for a portion of their length along the opposite edge to leave 15 unattached side portions, and means for attaching the loose upper corner of the pocket-piece to the skirt, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal in the presence of two sub- 20

scribing witnesses.

HENRY EMANUEL. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

SALOMON LORSCH, DAVID T. LONG.