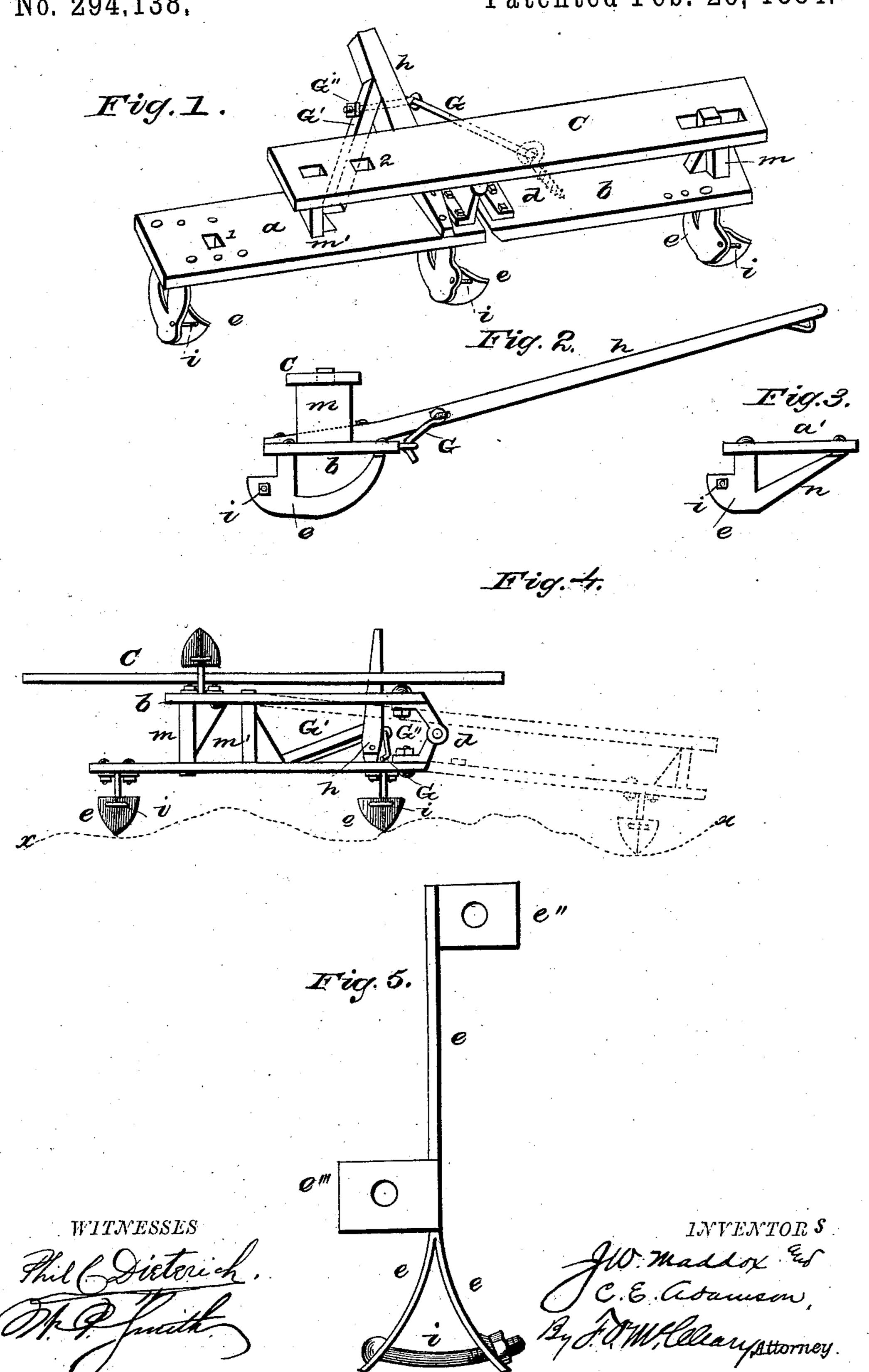
(No Model.)

## J. W. MADDOX & C. E. ADAMSON. LAND MARKER.

No. 294,138.

Patented Feb. 26, 1884.



## United States Patent Office.

JOHN W. MADDOX, OF WHEELING, AND CHARLES E. ADAMSON, OF MUNCIE, INDIANA.

## LAND-MARKER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 294,138, dated February 26, 1884.

Application filed September 17, 1881. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, John W. Maddox and CHARLES E. ADAMSON, citizens of the United States, residing, respectively, at Wheel-5 ing and Muncie, in the county of Delaware and State of Indiana, have invented a new and useful Land-Marker, of which the follow-

ing is a specification.

Our invention relates to improvements in 10 land-markers; and the object of our improvement is to construct a cheap and durable landmarker with a jointed frame, having the joint at one side of the center runner, so that one of the runners will raise or lower, as is nec-15 essary in marking uneven and hilly land, and to also arrange the frame so that any weight placed upon the seat-board in the center of the frame is equally divided on all of the runners. We attain this object by the mech-20 anism illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which— Figure 1 is a perspective view of our mark-

er. Fig. 2 is an end view of the same. Fig. 3 is a modification of the runner. Fig. 4 is a 25 rear longitudinal view. Fig. 5 is a plan view

of the runner.

The frame a and b may be made of one broad board, as shown, or of two or more, as desired. Two of the runners, e e, are attached 30 to the under side of the board a, and across one end of the board a the tongue h and onehalf of the hinge d are attached, as shown. At or near the center of the top side of the board a the rest m' is attached, as shown, near which 35 is a mortise, 1, used in folding the frame. The board b is hinged at one end of the board a, as shown, for the purpose of having the runner (attached thereto) to raise and lower in marking uneven land. The hinge d may 40 be made as shown in Figs. 1 and 4, or in many other ways. A joint in the boards (without a hinge) will also do. To the outer end of the board b is attached a rest, m, similar to the one on the board a; and on these rests the 45 seat-board c is placed, and held in place by a mortise and tenon at each end, as shown. One end of the seat-board c rests on m and the other on m', as shown. The rest m' is placed centrally between the two runners on so the board a, and the rest m is placed over the runners on the board b, so that when any l

weight is placed on the board c it is equally divided on all of the runners. The seat-board c being above the boards a and b and the hinge d, it allows the runner e' to work up and down, 55 as shown at Fig. 4. The board c can be removed and the runner e' turned entirely over, as shown in Fig. 4. The runners e e e' are made adjustable by the rear part being thin enough to be spread apart or together by the 60 bolt or set-screw i, as shown. The runners are attached to the frame at the inward and outward turned ends e'' e'''. The tongue is attached by bolts and braced by the hook G and brace G', as shown.

We are aware that it is not new, broadly, to provide a land-marker with a hinged section carrying a marking-shoe. We are also aware that the idea of expanding and contracting the blades of a marking-shoe is not 70 new; but our improvement is confined to our novel combination of parts, whereby the weight of the driver is equally distributed and the adjustment of the hinged section facilitated. In view of the foregoing we do not 75 broadly claim as new in a land-marker a hinged section provided with a marking-shoe; but

What we claim is—

1. In a land-marker, the combination, with 80 the section a, provided with a central rest or support, m', marking-shoes e e, and a mortise, 1, and a section, b, hinged to the section a, and having a support, m, and marking-shoe e', of a seat-board, c, one end of which rests upon 85 the support m', while the opposite end is supported by the rest m, which latter, when the seat is removed, is designed to enter the mortise 1, substantially as set forth.

2. In a land-marker, the combination, with 90 hinged sections, one of which is provided with a central support, while the other is provided with an end support, of a seat-board adapted to be removably held by said supports, whereby the weight of the driver will be distributed 95 equally upon the shoes, substantially as set

forth.

JOHN W. MADDOX. CHARLES E. ADAMSON.

Witnesses:

G. G. ADAMSON, GEO. H. KOONS.