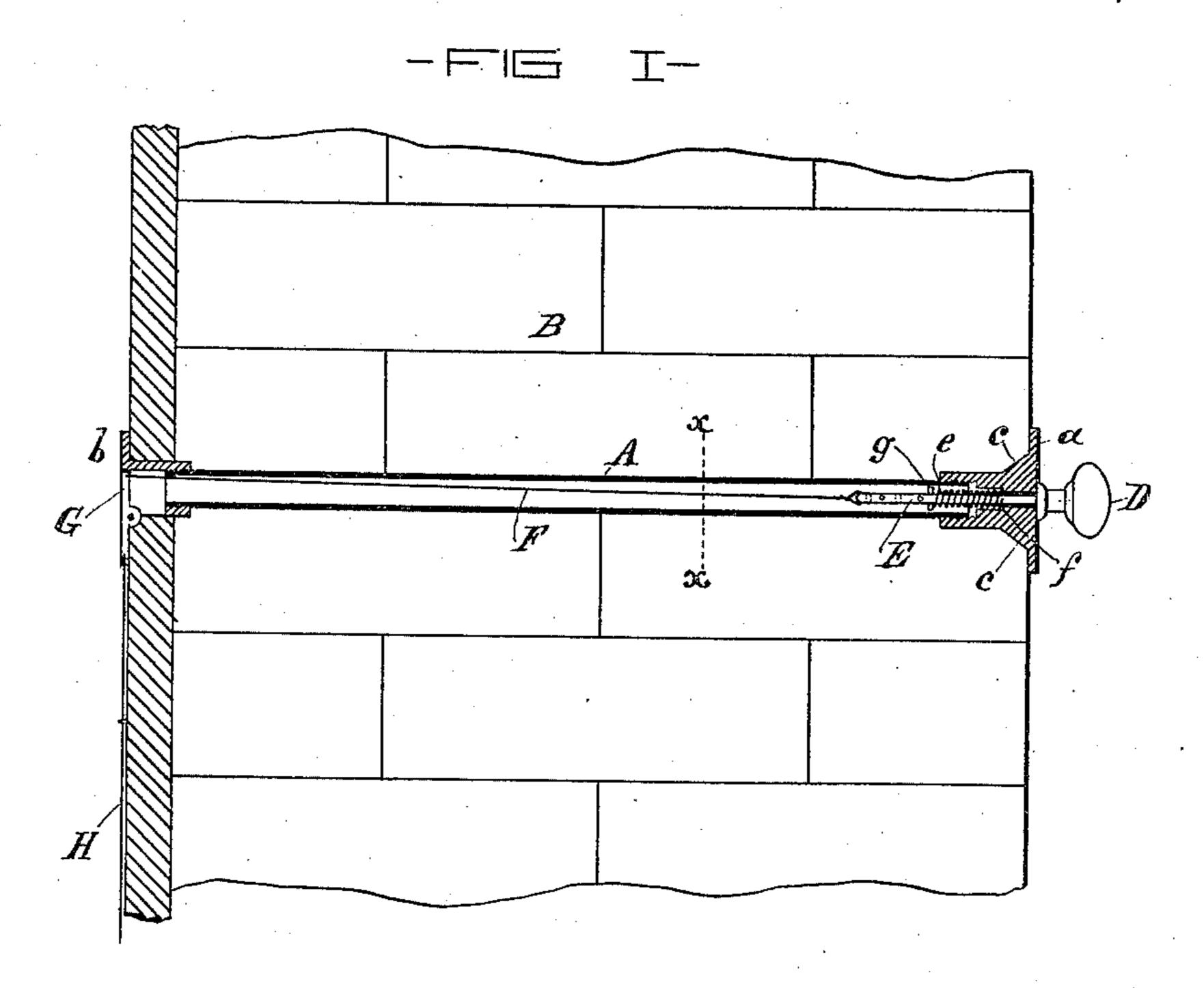
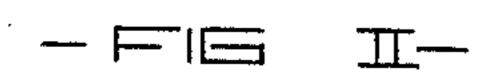
J. B. BOYLE.

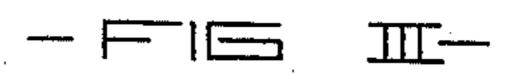
BELL PULL.

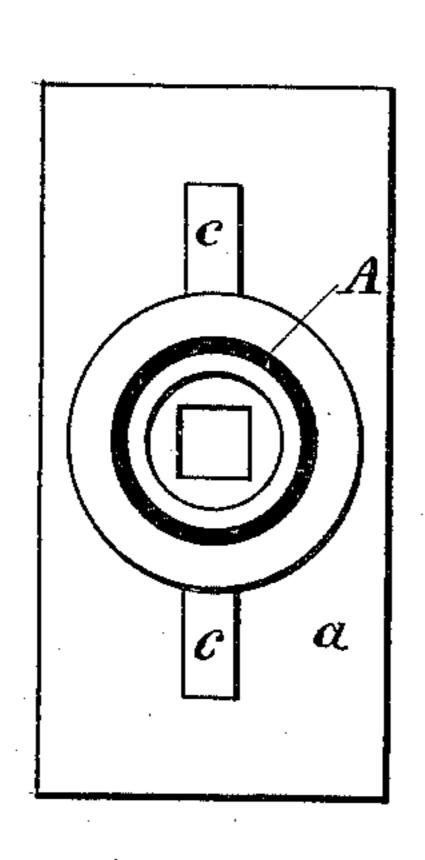
No. 285,961.

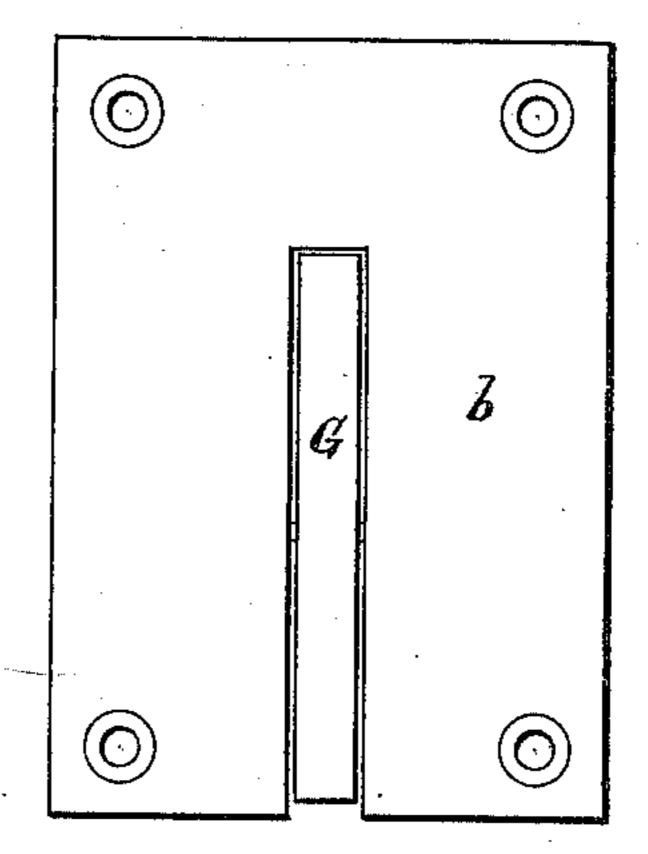
Patented Oct. 2, 1883.











-WITNESSES
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John B. Boyle,
by G.M. M. Maid,
actip.

United States Patent Office.

JOHN B. BOYLE, OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

BELL-PULL.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 285,961, dated October 2, 1883.

Application filed July 30, 1883. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John B. Boyle, of the city of Baltimore and State of Maryland, have invented certain Improvements in Bell-Pulls, of which the following is a specification.

The object of this invention is the construction of a bell-pull which may be easily and firmly secured to a wall, and to obviate the necessity of using a wooden plug at the outer surface of the wall as a means for forming the connection between the same and the bell-pull.

In the accompanying drawings, forming a part hereof, Figure I is a longitudinal section of the invention, showing the same secured in a wall. Fig. II is a cross-section of the invention, taken on the dotted line x x, Fig. I, shown enlarged. Fig. III is a rear view of the invention, also enlarged.

Similar letters of reference indicate similar parts in all the views.

A is a pipe threaded at its ends, and secured in the wall B by means of the plates a and b, into the hubs of which it is screwed. The plate a has wings c, which are embedded in the brick-work to prevent its turning. The plate b, which is devoid of wings, is screwed on the pipe until its under side is drawn closely in contact with the inner door-frame, and the pipe A firmly locked.

D is the knob, and E the stem of the bell-pull, to which the wire F is fastened. The wire F is also attached to the upper end of a lever, G, pivoted in the plate b at d, and the 35 lower end of the lever G is secured to the

wire H, which extends through the house to the bell. A spring, e, on the stem E is confined endwise between the shoulder f in the plate a and a pin, g, which passes through the stem; and to limit longitudinal movement 4 of the knob and stem and prevent undue strain being placed on the wires, a second shoulder, h, is formed in the plate a, against which the pin g strikes.

When my improved tell-pull is to be ap-4 plied to a house in course of erection, the pipe A is built in the wall, or a hole suitable for the reception of the pipe is formed in the wall by building around a plug slightly larger than the pipe, and then withdrawing it.

From the foregoing description it will be seen that the bell-pull is securely fastened to the wall, and cannot be removed therefrom except by first unscrewing the plate b, and that no undue strain can be placed upon the 5, wires to break them.

I claim as my invention—

In a bell-pull, the combination of a pipe extending through the wall, with a plate secured at each end to prevent its removal, a knob 60 having a stem with a coiled spring around it, a pin to limit the movement of the stem, a lever pivoted to the inner securing-plate, and a wire to connect the stem and the said lever, substantially as specified.

JNO. P. BOYLE.

Witnesses:

EDW. J. DIGGS, JOHN WILLIAMS.