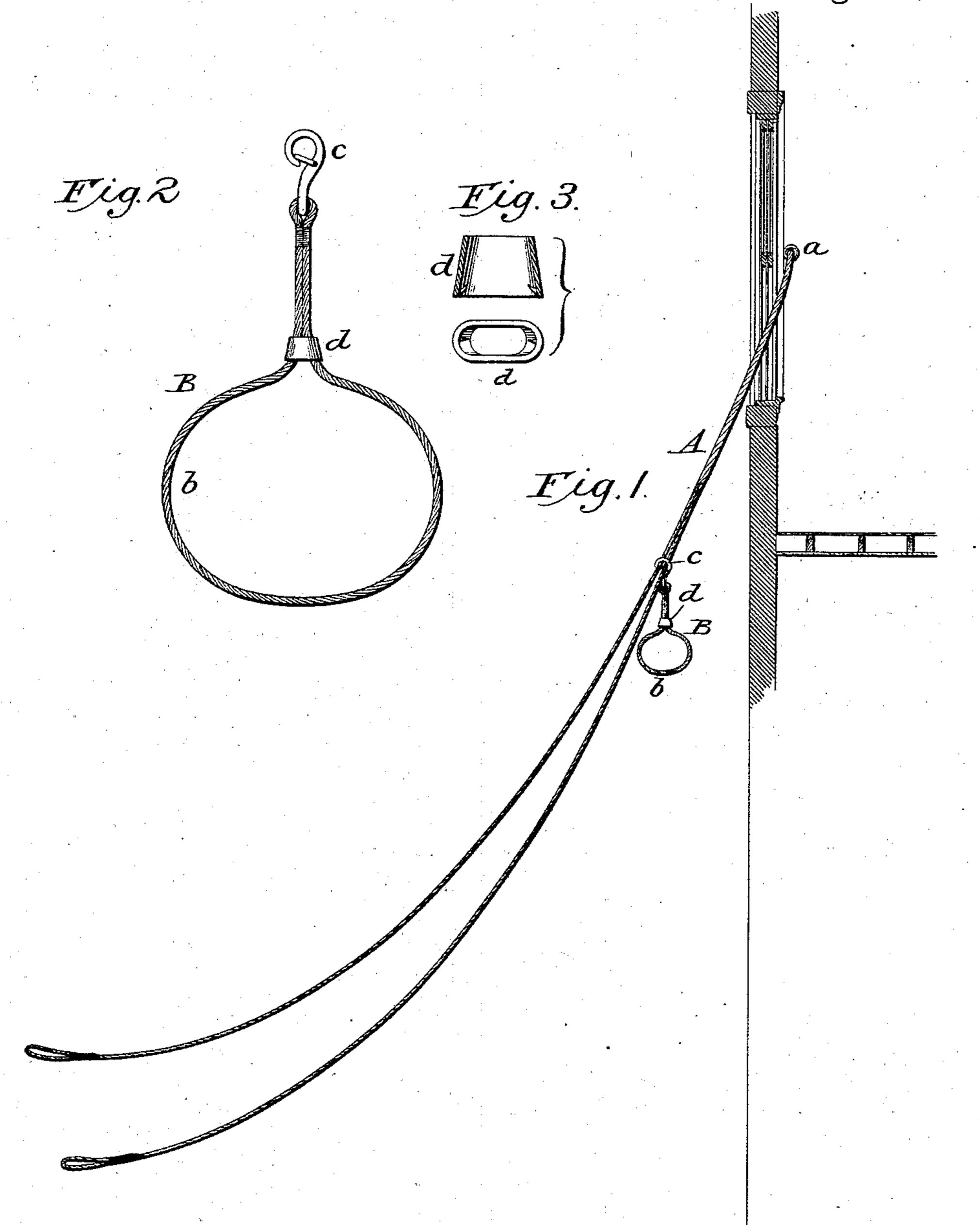
(No Model.)

C. F. SPENCER. FIRE ESCAPE.

No. 283,159.

Patented Aug. 14, 1883.



Attest. Jedny P. Hollingsworth

Inventor. Theucev

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES F. SPENCER, OF ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

## FIRE-ESCAPE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 283,159, dated August 14, 1883.

Application filed April 27, 1883. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Chas. F. Spencer, of Rochester, in the county of Monroe and State of New York, have invented certain Improvements in Fire-Escapes, of which the following is a specification.

The aim of this invention is to provide a simple, compact, and portable escape by means of which the occupants of burning buildings to may escape from the upper portions thereof.

The invention relates to that class of devices in which a rope or line extended downward from the window or other opening is employed in connection with a sling or suspension device by means of which the user-is enabled to pass down the line.

It is the particular aim of the invention to provide a device which may be used alike with men, women, and children, and which shall not require the exercise of skill or judgment on the part of the user during the course of descent.

To this end it consists in the combination of a divided line, the lower ends of which may be separated to arrest the descent of the sling or suspension device, with a suspension device provided with a hook and with an internally-toothed slide, as hereinafter explained.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a sectional elevation of a building with my escape applied in connection therewith. Fig. 2 is a side view of the sling or suspension device. Fig. 3 is a view 35 illustrating in vertical section and in end elevation the clasp used upon the sling to fasten the same to the body.

The escape consists simply of the line A and suspension device B. The line may consist of 40 two lines of rope united at their upper end and capable of being separated at their lower ends; or it may consist of a single line having its lower ends only divided and adapted to be drawn apart, as represented in the 45 drawings. The lower extremities are to be provided with loops, as shown, handles, or other equivalent devices by which they may be secured or held in position at a distance

will be provided with an eyebolt, a, a cross- 50 bar, or other equivalent device, by means of which it may be readily secured in position within or adjacent to a window or other opening.

The sling B consists, as shown in the draw-55 ings, of an endless strap or band of rope, b, provided at the top with a hook, c, by means of which it may be suspended from the line, and with a sliding collar or band, d, by means of which it may be contracted about the per-60 son of the wearer beneath the arms. The slide is preferably provided on the inside, as shown in Fig. 3, with hooked teeth or projections e, adapted to engage with the sling to retain it in the required position thereon. In ordi-65 nary cases I provide for each rope or line a number of slings constructed as above.

In making use of the device the line or rope is secured at its upper end in or adjacent to a window or other opening in the upper story 70 of a building, and the lower ends extended thence outward at the base of the building a suitable distance and separated from each other, being held and secured in position. An occupant desiring to escape places the sling 75 about the body beneath his arms, forces the slide d downward until the sling is secured firmly about the body, and then, engaging the hook c upon the line, casts himself from the opening, whereupon he will slide freely down 80 the line. As the lower ends of the line are approached they will, by reason of their divergence, gradually arrest the descent of the sling, and thus permit the occupant to alight in safety. This operation may be repeated by 85 any number of persons, each of whom will be provided with a sling.

Among the advantages incident to my apparatus may be mentioned as two of the most important the fact that no skill or judgment 90 is required on the part of the operator to control his descent, and the fact that, unlike those devices which employ frictional brakes and clamps, there is no danger of the slide becoming fast upon the line and leaving the occupant suspended in mid-air.

be secured or held in position at a distance | The present invention is restricted to those from each other. At the upper end the rope | matters and things which are hereinafter

claimed, and as to all matters which may be pension-hook c, the slide d, provided with the described or shown, but which are not claimed, internal teeth, as and for the purpose dethe right is reserved to make the same the scribed.

subject of a separate application.
Having thus described my invention, what I claim is—

In combination with the band b and its sus-

CHAS. F. SPENCER.

Witnesses:

SIDNEY P. HOLLINGSWORTH, HARRY SHIPLEY.