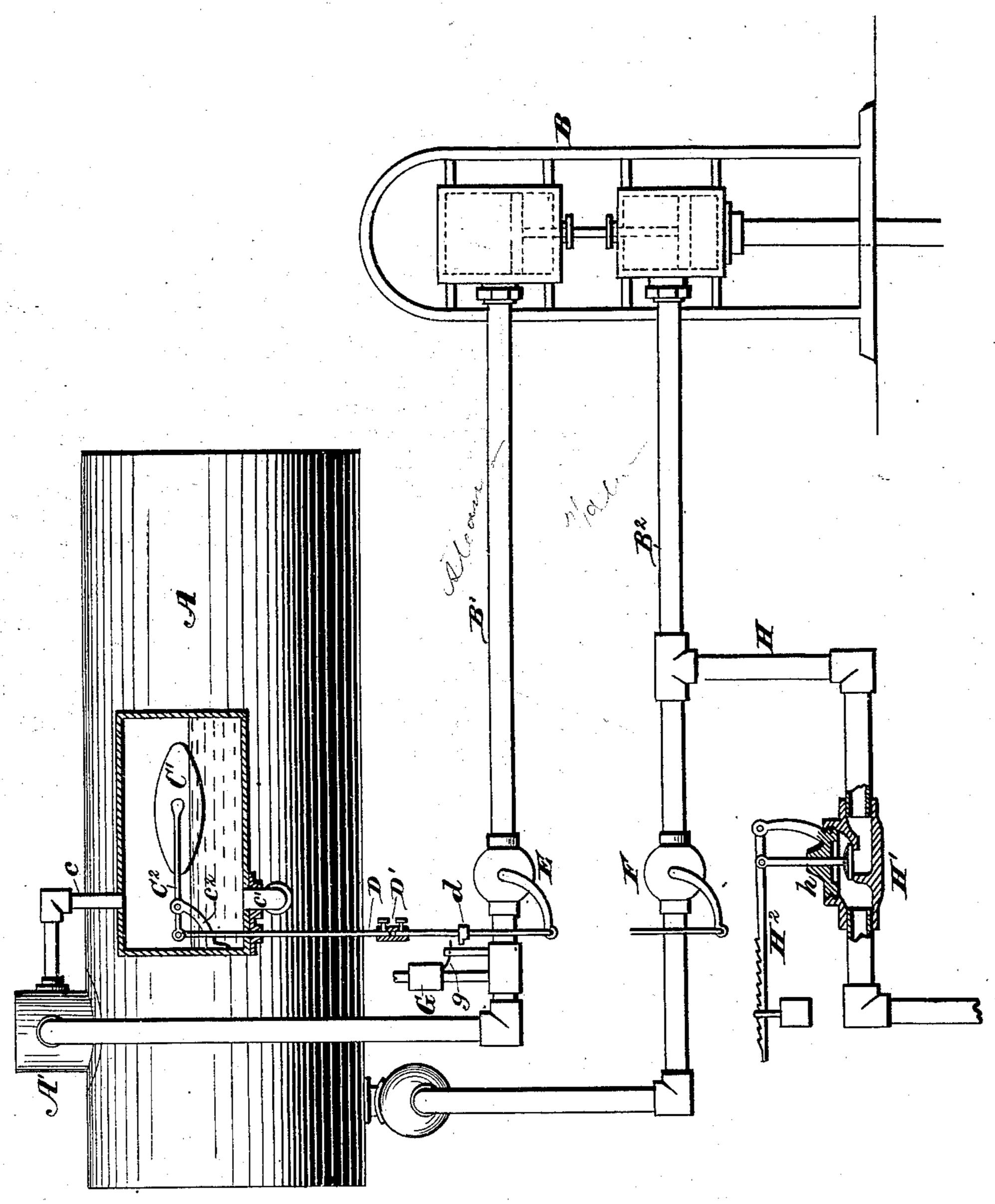
J. BALL.

FEED WATER REGULATOR.

No. 278,077.

Patented May 22, 1883.



Witnesses. Polit Constt.

Inventor.
Tacob Ball.

United States Patent Office.

JACOB BALL, OF GREENVILLE, MICHIGAN, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO J. S. CHASE, OF SAME PLACE.

FEED-WATER REGULATOR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 278,077, dated May 22, 1883.

Application filed August 24, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JACOB BALL, of Greenville, county of Montcalm, State of Michigan, have invented new and useful Improvements 5 in Feed-Water Regulators for Boilers; and I declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and use it, reference being had to the acto companying drawing, which forms a part of this specification.

My invention consists in the combinations of devices and appliances hereinafter specified. and more particularly pointed out in the 15 claims.

In the drawing the figure is a side elevation of a device embodying my invention, showing parts in section.

Heretofore, in the use of steam-boilers, much 20 difficulty has been experienced in overcoming the danger of low water in the boiler.

It is the object of my invention to provide devices, which may be secured to any steamboiler, which will insure a certain depth of 25 water therein continually, and prevent any hazard attending the operation of steam-boilers for lack of sufficient water being supplied thereto. I accomplish this result by constructing a chamber or vessel, which may be at-30 tached to the boiler by steam and water pipe connections, said chamber or vessel containing a float, which operates a suitable lever when the water is below a given depth, this lever connecting with and operating suitable 35 valves located in the steam and water pipes, connecting the main boiler and the pump in such a manner as to set the pump in operation when the water falls below the required depth in the boiler. Should the pump fail to 40 respond for any reason, I provide means by which a signal-whistle is given.

In the drawing, A represents a boiler of any ordinary construction. A' is the steam-drum connected therewith.

B is any ordinary pump. B' is the steampipe, and B2 the water-pipe connecting said pump to the boiler A.

C is a chamber or vessel of any suitable size and shape. c is a steam-pipe connecting the

of the boiler A. c' is a water-pipe appropriately connecting the chamber to the boiler. The chamber C may be attached to the boiler A by its steam and water pipe connections, sidewise or endwise, either to the side or end of the 55 main boiler. I do not limit myself to any given position, as it may have any suitable location without departing from the principle of my invention. Said chamber is provided with an interior float, C', and float-lever C^2 . c^2 is the 60 arm to which the lever is pivoted.

D is a rod secured to the end of the lever. C², and connecting it with the valve or steam cock E in the steam-pipe B', and with the valve F in the water-pipe B². This rod is preferably 65 provided with a set-screw connection, D', for the purpose of lengthening or shortening the rod, if desired. The valve or steam cock E may be of any suitable construction, as may also the valve F.

The operation of the device will now be understood. It is evident that the float in the chamber C will rise and fall with the water in the boiler. When the water falls below the desired gage the float will fall with it and 75 open the valve E in the steam-pipe B', letting on steam to start the pump. The falling of the float at the same time opens the valve F in the water-pipe B2, through which water is forced into the main boiler from the pump. 80 When the boiler has been filled to the required depth the float rises to the proper level, closing the valves and stopping the pump. To guard against any liability of the pump failing to operate, for any cause whatever, I provide 85 the rod D with a dog, d, located in such a position that when the float has fallen sufficiently to open the valve E and let steam upon the pump, should it fail to work, a slight fall of the float farther would cause the $\log d$ to engage 90 against a lever, g, opening the alarm-whistle G. This whistle may have any suitable location.

The valve F in the water-pipe serves to control communication between the water-pump- 95 ing cylinder and the boiler, and when in its closed position prevents the water in the boiler from flowing back to the pump.

I am aware that floats have been located in 50 chamber or vessel to the steam space or drum I the main boiler to give an alarm when the 100 water is low, but in my invention the alarm is

given when the pump fails to operate.

H is a waste-pipe connected with the waterpipe B². H' is a suitable escape-valve located 5 therein, provided with a weighted lever, H², gaged to the amount of pressure desired to hold the valve down when valve F is open to the boiler. I prefer to construct the valve with a head, h, which can be taken out, if necessary. 10 I also prefer to construct the chamber C with a removable head to permit of access to the inside of said attachment, if necessary.

It is evident that the distance the float will have to fall to open the valves E and F may be

15 regulated as desired.

I would have it understood that I do not confine myself to any definite location of any of the parts herein described. As it is designed for attachment to any boiler and pump, 20 the location of the parts embodied in my invention will have to vary somewhat with the varying positions of boilers and pumps and their connecting steam and water pipes.

For the operation of the valves E and F the 25 rod D may have to be provided with branches connected to each. It may be the case that the rod D may have to be located in a different position from that shown in the drawings in order to connect my invention with boilers and

30 pumps already located.

It will be seen that with this device attached to a steam-boiler and pump the danger of accidents from boiler explosion will be done away, either from the carelessness of the engineer or

35 from other causes.

Many pumps are run continuously by a suitable power and are not shut off when the boiler is full. It is for such cases that the waste-pipe and valve located therein is pro-40 vided, so that my device is adapted to be used with any pump, whether it works continuously or not.

When the pump works continuously the valve E may be disconnected from the rod D.

What I claim is—

1. A feed-water regulator for steam-boilers, consisting of a chamber having proper steam and water pipe connections with the boiler, said chamber provided with a float-lever mech-50 anism, and in combination therewith suitable valves located in the steam and water pipes, uniting the pump and boiler, said valves provided with suitable connections with said floatlever, substantially as described.

2. A feed-water regulator for steam-boilers, consisting of a chamber having proper steam and water pipe connections with the boiler, said chamber provided with a float-lever mechanism, and in combination therewith suitable

60 valves located in the steam and water pipes uniting the boiler and pump, said valves con- | N. S. WRIGHT.

nected with the float-lever mechanism by an intervening rod, and an alarm-whistle adapted to be operated by the float-lever mechanism,

substantially as described.

3. A feed-water regulator for steam-boilers, consisting of a chamber-boiler having proper steam and water pipe connections with the boiler, said chamber provided with a float-lever mechanism, and in combination therewith 70 suitable valves located in the steam and water pipes uniting the boiler and pump, said valves connected with the float-lever mechanism by an intervening rod, an alarm-whistle adapted to be operated by the float-lever mechanism, 75 a waste-pipe leading from the water-pipe uniting the boiler and pump, said waste-pipe provided with a suitable valve, substantially as described.

4. The combination, with a steam-boiler and 80 any ordinary pump, of a chamber united to said boiler by suitable steam and water pipe connections, said chamber provided with a float-lever mechanism, and suitable valves located in the steam and water pipes uniting 85 the boiler and pump, said valves connected with the float-lever mechanism, substantially

as described.

5. The combination, with a steam-boiler and any ordinary pump, of a chamber united to 90 said boiler by suitable steam and water pipe connections, said chamber provided with a float-lever mechanism, suitable valves located in the steam and water pipes uniting the boiler and pump, said valves connected with the 95 float-lever mechanism, an alarm-whistle adapted to be operated by the float-lever mechanism, a waste-pipe leading from the water-pipe uniting the boiler and pump, said waste-pipe provided with a suitable relief-valve, substan- 100 tially as described.

6. The combination, with a steam-boiler and any ordinary pump, of a chamber united to said boiler by suitable steam and water pipe connections, said chamber provided with a 105 float-lever mechanism, suitable valves located in the steam and water pipes uniting the boiler and pump, said valves connected with the float-lever mechanism in such a manner that the valve in the steam-pipe may be discon- 110 nected therefrom, a waste-pipe leading from the water-pipe uniting the boiler and pump, said waste-pipe provided with a suitable valve,

substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I sign this specifica-115 tion in the presence of two witnesses.

JACOB BALL.

Witnesses:

J. EDWARD WARREN,