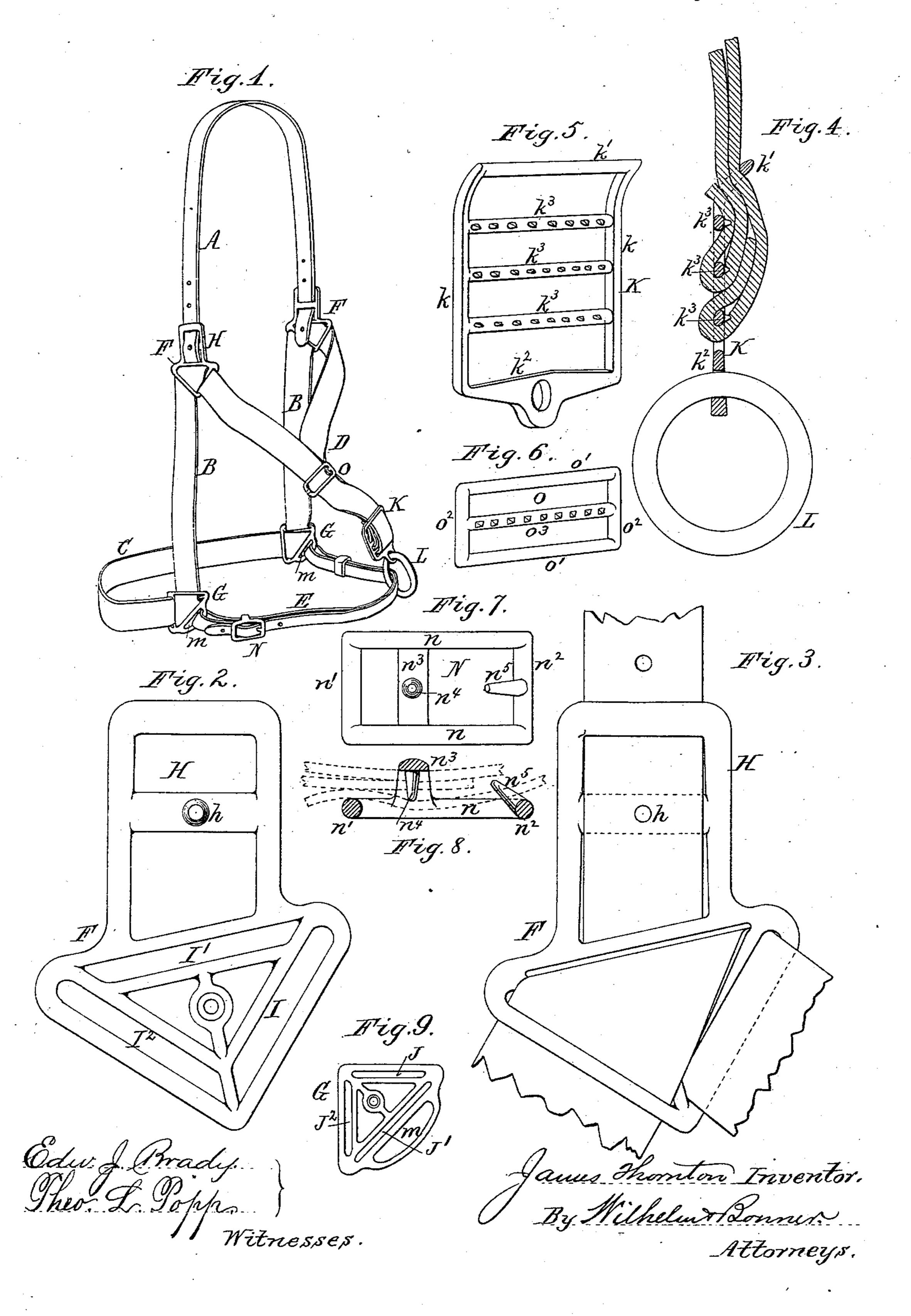
J. THORNTON.

HALTER.

No. 277,380.

Patented May 8, 1883.



United States Patent Office.

JAMES THORNTON, OF WELLSVILLE, NEW YORK, ASSIGNOR OF ONE FOURTH TO HORACE G. DOBBINS, OF SAME PLACE.

HALTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 277,380, dated May 8, 1883.

Application filed December 19, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES THORNTON, of Wellsville, in the county of Allegany and State of New York, have invented new and useful 5 Improvements in Halters, of which the follow-

ing is a specification.

This invention relates to that class of halters in which several of the straps composing the halter are constructed of a single piece of 10 webbing or other similar pliable material, and has reference more particularly to the construction of a five-ring halter in which the cheek-strap, nose-strap, and the throat-latch are composed of a single piece of webbing.

Heretofore five-ring halters have been constructed of eight different pieces or straps stitched or riveted at each end, which necessitated the stitching or riveting of thirteen:

laps.

The object of my invention is to simplify the construction of such halters, to reduce the struction, to increase the adjustability of the halter, and to render the halter more conven-25 ient in use; and my invention consists, to that end, of the particular construction of the halterand of the peculiar construction of the parts whereby the straps of the halter are secured together, as will be hereinafter fully described,

30 and pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved halter. Fig. 2 is a detached view of the trimming which connects the top strap to the cheek-strap 35 and throat-latch. Fig. 3 is a similar view, showing the straps applied to the trimming. Fig. 4 is a sectional elevation of the buckle which is attached to the chin-ring. Fig. 5 is a perspective view of said buckle. Fig. 6 is a 40 perspective view of the buckle which connects the two parts of the strap which constitutes the throat-latch. Fig. 7 is a side elevation, and Fig. 8 is a longitudinal section, of the buckle whereby the chin-strap is secured in 45 place. Fig. 9 is an elevation of the trimming which connects the top strap with the cheekstraps and the throat-latch on a reduced scale.

Like letters of reference refer to like parts

in the several figures.

A represents the top strap; BB, the cheek- | thence back to the buckle K, to which both 100

straps; C, the nose-strap; D, the throat-latch,

and E the chin-strap.

F F represent the trimmings whereby the top strap is connected with the cheek-straps and throat-latch, and GG the trimmings where- 55 by the chin-strap is connected with the cheekstraps and nose-strap. The trimmings F are each provided with a buckle, H, whereby the end of the top strap is adjustably secured to the trimming. As shown in the drawings, this 60 buckle is provided with a fixed tongue, h; but any other suitable construction may be adopted, if desired. Each trimming F is also provided with three slots, I I' I2, arranged in the form of a triangle, and having bars on their 65 outer and inner sides, the bars and slots forming in each trimming three loops, through which the webbing is drawn, and which retain the parts of the webbing in their proper relative position. The slot I' is arranged in a hori- 70 zontal position, or nearly so, at the base of amount of material necessary for their con- the buckle H, and the slots I I² converge

downwardly, as clearly shown in Fig. 2. The trimmings G are each provided with

three slots, J J' J², arranged in the form of a 75 triangle, the slot J being arranged in a horizontal position, or nearly so, the slot J² in a vertical position, and the slot J' in a diagonal position, as clearly shown in Fig. 9, the slots being made of the same size as those of the 80 trimmings F. The cheek-straps, the nose-strap, and the throat-latch are all formed by a single piece of webbing or similar pliable material, which is drawn through the slots of the trimmings F and G in such manner that both ends 85 of the webbing are brought together and are attached to a bucket, K, which is connected or secured to the chin-ring L. As shown in the drawings, the strip of webbing passes from the buckle K upwardly to one of the trim- 90 mings F, in which it passes successively through the slots I I' I2, thence downwardly to the trimming G, in which it passes successively through the slots J J' J2, thence around the nose of the horse, back to the other trim- 95 ming G, in which it passes successively through the slots J² J' J, thence upwardly to the other trimming F, in which it passes successively through the slots I2 I' I, and

ends of the webbing are firmly secured. The buckle K is composed of side bars, k, an upper raised cross-bar, k', a lower cross-bar, k^2 , which is provided with an opening for the reception of the chin-ring L, or with which the chin-ring may be formed in one piece, and three intermediate cross-bars, k^3 , which are provided with spurs or suitable biting-edges, which impinge against the webbing drawn around these bars and firmly hold the same

in any desired position.

The trimmings G are provided on their rear sides with loops or openings m, through which the chin strap is drawn. These loops or open-15 ings are arranged on the lower side of the bar which forms the outer side of the diagonal slot J'. The chin-strap E is drawn through the loops m of both trimmings G, and its ends are adjustably connected by a buckle, N. The 20 buckle N is composed of side bars, n, end cross-bars, n' n^2 , and an intermediate depressed cross-bar, n^3 , which is provided with an outwardly-projecting tongue, n^4 . The rear cross-bar, n^2 , is provided with an inwardly 25 and forwardly projecting fixed tongue, n^5 . One end of the chin-strap is attached to the fixed tongue n^4 , and the other end of the chinstrap is attached to the fixed tongue n^5 , as shown in Fig. 8.

o represents a buckle, whereby the two branches of the throat-latch are adjustably secured together intermediate between the buckle K and the trimming F, so that the two parts of the throat-latch lying between the buckles 35 K and o will lie one upon the other and constitute a single strap of double thickness. The buckle o is composed of two side bars, o', connected by end cross-bars, o², and an intermediate depressed bed or cross-bar, o3, which is 40 provided with teeth or any other suitable biting-edge, which impinges against the webbing drawn through the buckle and prevents the buckle from slipping on the webbing when tightened. By adjusting the buckle o upon 45 the throat-latch the branches of the throatlatch leading to the trimmings F can be shortened or lengthened, as may be desired, and by drawing the webbing through the several trimmings the length of the cheek-straps and nose-50 strap can be increased or lessened, and the size

of the halter generally can be increased or

reduced by adjusting the webbing on the

buckle K.

The material and labor required for the construction of my improved halter are much less 55 than those required for ordinary five ring halters. The halter is readily adjusted in all of its parts, as all stitching and riveting is avoided, and the halter is much neater in appearance and more pliable than ordinary halters, 60 and does not chafe the head of the horse.

The slots in the trimmings F and G may be duplicated, if desired, in order to draw the webbing around two bars instead of one, and the trimmings may be provided on their outer 65 sides, near the slots, with serrations or bitingedges, which impinge against the webbing and prevent the trimmings from slipping on the webbing after they have been adjusted. The trimmings F and G may also be applied to 70 three-ring halters, if desired.

I claim as my invention—

1. The combination, in a halter, of a top strap, A, a chin-strap, E, side trimmings, F and G, and a nose-strap, C, cheek-straps BB, 75 and a throat-latch, D, composed of a single continuous strip, and means whereby the latter is connected with the chin-ring, substantially as set forth.

2. The combination, in a halter, of a top 80 strap, A, a chin-strap, E, trimmings F and G, a chin-ring, L, provided with a buckle, K, a nose-strap, C, cheek straps B B, and a throat-latch, D, formed of a continuous strip of webbing, and a buckle, o, whereby the branches of 85 the throat-latch are adjusted, substantially as

set forth.

3. The trimming F, provided with three slots, I I' I², adapted to receive and hold the strip forming the throat latch and cheek-strap, 90 and a buckle, H, formed integral with the trimming, and adapted to receive the end of the top strap, substantially as set forth.

4. The combination, with the chin-ring L, of the buckle K, composed of side bars, k, and 95 cross bars k' k^2 , and three intermediate crossbars, k^3 , the whole being adapted to receive and hold the two ends of the webbing and connect the same with the chin-strap, substantially as set forth.

JAMES THORNTON.

Witnesses:

W. E. MINNELY, W. T. THORNTON.