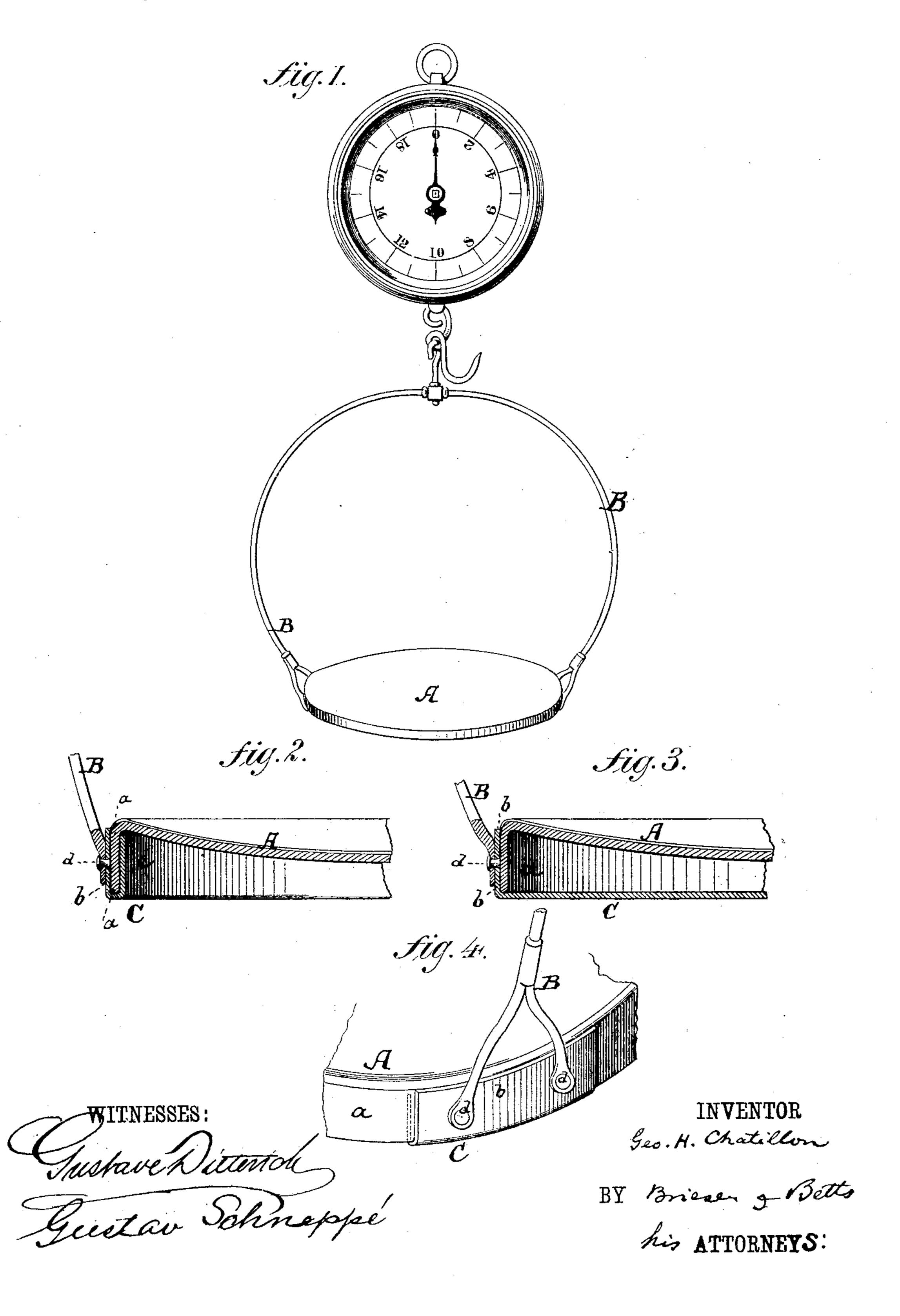
G. H. CHATILLON. SCALE PAN.

No. 271,790.

Patented Feb. 6, 1883.



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE H. CHATILLON, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO JOHN P. CHATILLON AND GEORGE H. CHATILLON, OF SAME PLACE.

SCALE-PAN.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 271,790, dated February 6, 1883.

Application filed November 29, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE H. CHATILLON, of New York, in the county and State of New York, have invented an Improvement in Scale-5 Pans, of which the following is a specification.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a scale-pan constructed according to my invention. Fig. 2 is a vertical section of part of said scale-pan; Fig. 3, a vertical section of a modification thereof; Fig. 4, a perspective view of another modi-

fication thereof.

This invention relates to improvements in scale-pans that are made with downwardlyprojecting flanges around their edges, and with 15 enameled faces, such as described in Letters Patent No. 143,499, dated October 7, 1873; but the invention is also applicable to scale-pans made of porcelain, glass, or analogous substance. In such scale-pans it has been found 20 difficult to properly attach thereto the ends of the suspension-strap or hoop, for in riveting these ends to the downwardly-projecting flange of the scale-pan, if the same is made of enameled metal, the enamel was liable to break 25 during the act of riveting and to chop off in places, and where the scale-pan of like form was made of brittle material—such as glass or porcelain—it was liable to break while being riveted.

My invention consists in combining with a scale pan having such a downwardly projecting flange a lower supporting pan or plate having an upwardly-projecting flange that embraces the flange of the pan, to which upward-35 ly-projecting flange the ends of the hoop or

suspension-strap are riveted. In the accompanying drawings, the letter A

represents the scale-pan made with downwardly-projecting flange a, which extends all 40 the way around the lower part of said pan.

B is the hoop from which the scale pan is to be suspended, which hoop is usually made with forked ends, as shown in Figs. 1 and 4. These forked ends of the hoop B, or whatever 45 their form may be, are in this case not riveted, | and e, substantially as specified. as heretofore, directly to the flange a of the pan A, but are riveted to an upwardly projecting flange, b, of a metal plate, C, on which plate the lower edge of the flange a rests. The 50 rivets d extend through the ends of the hoop l

B, and through the flange b, but do not enter into the flange a, as heretofore. Thus a support is furnished for the pan A, which holds the same properly centered by bearing against the outer side of the downwardly-extending 55 flange a, and which also holds the same properly level by being beneath the lower edge of said downwardly-extending flange a; and the enameled face or brittle body of the scale-pan itself is not affected by the act of riveting the 60 hoop to that which supports the scale-pan. The plate C, aside from those parts thereof which cause it to support the lower edge of the flange a and to embrace the outer face thereof, may be of suitable construction, either 65 such as shown in Fig. 2, where it is shown to be turned up on the inner face also of the flange a, producing a flange e, and where, in fact, therefore, the entire plate C is of troughshaped annular form, or, as shown in Fig. 3, 70 where the body of the plate C is substantially flat beneath the scale-pan A; and the construction which is shown in section in Fig. 2 may be made, as indicated in Fig. 4, of short curved troughs sufficiently long only to re- 75 ceive the ends of the hoop B, instead of being continuous, as indicated in Fig. 2.

The ends of the hoop B, instead of being riveted to the flange b of the plate C, may be otherwise fastenened to said flange, or secured 80

to any other part of said plate C.

I claim—

1. The combination of the scale-pan A with the supporting-plate C, having upwardly-extending flange b, and with the suspension-hoop 35B, which is secured to said plate C, substantially as herein shown and described.

2. The trough-shaped plate C, having upwardly-projecting outer flange, b, and upwardly-projecting inner flange, e, in combination 90 with the hoop B, which is secured to said plate C, and with the scale-pan A, having downwardly-extending flange a, which is adapted to rest on the plate C, between the flanges b

GEO. H. CHATILLON.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM H. C. SMITH, WILLY G. E. SCHULTZ.