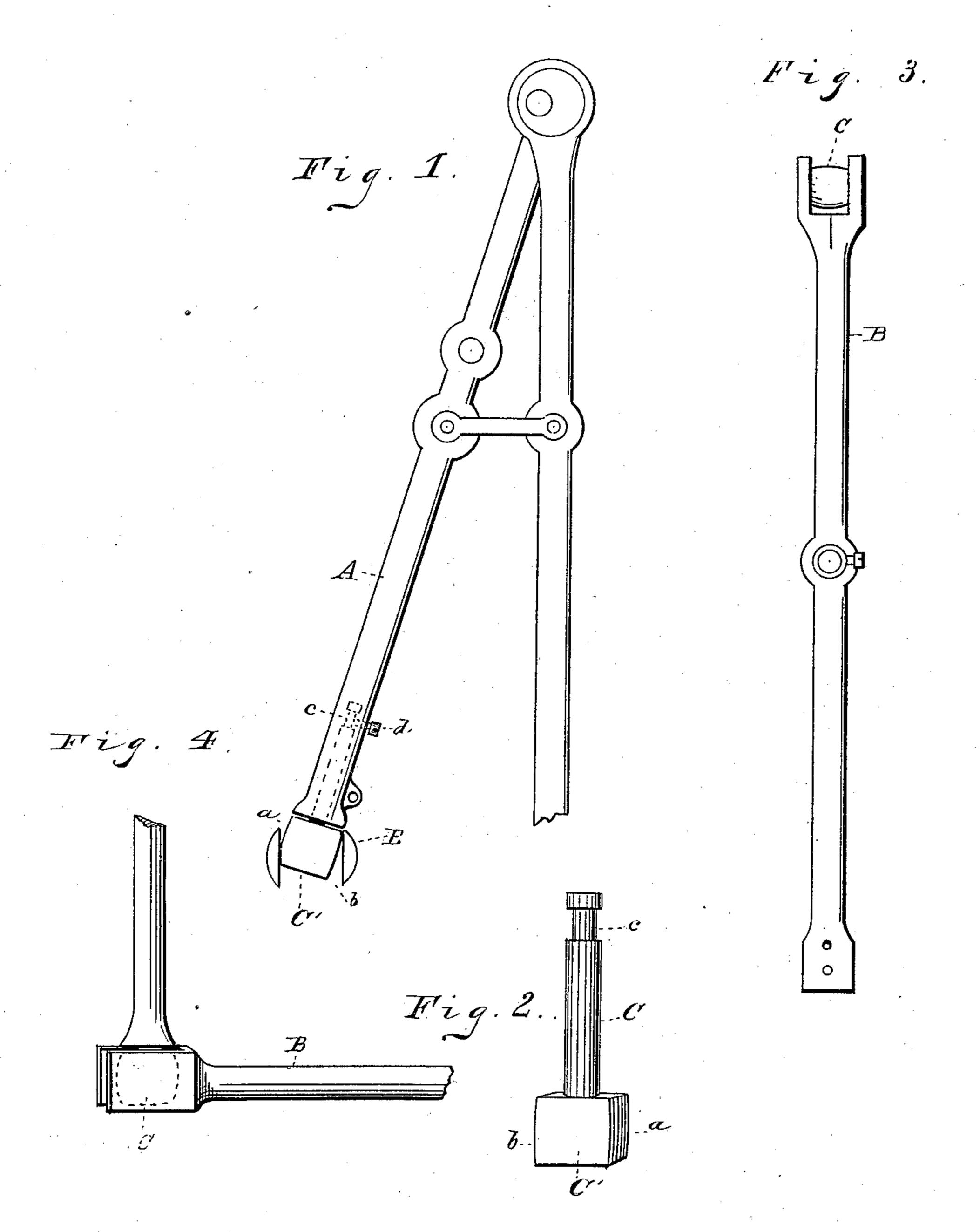
(No Model.)

R. W. WHITNEY.

MECHANICAL MOVEMENT.

No. 268,160.

Patented Nov. 28, 1882.



WITNESSES
Omna C. Wright
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Ruel W. Whitney
by Leggett Leggett

United States Patent Office.

RUEL W. WHITNEY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO HIMSELF AND JOHN CROWELL, JR., OF GLENVILLE, OHIO.

MECHANICAL MOVEMENT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 268,160, dated November 28, 1882.

Application filed March 23, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, RUEL W. WHITNEY, of New York, in the county of New York and State of New York, have invented certain new 5 and useful Improvements in Mechanical Movements; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and use so the same.

My invention relates to mechanical movements; and it consists in the peculiar construction of the same, as will be hereinafter fully

set forth and claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a view in elevation of my device as adapted and applied to a sewing-machine. Fig. 2 is a detached view of a part of my device, showing more clearly one manner of constructing the same. Figs. 20 3 and 4 are detached views, illustrating the connection of the oscillating pitman and horizontal lever.

A is an oscillating pitman or lever, which receives its motion from a crank or eccentric 25 imparting the same to a horizontal lever, B, which is provided with a bifurcated end. The lower end of the pitman or lever A is formed hollow and preferably split. Into this hollow end fits a spindle or end piece, C, which is 30 provided on its lower end with a head, C', which is preferably made in the form of a cube with its sides a and b curved. This spindle C is secured in the pitman A in such a manner as to allow it to slide vertically in the same 35 and also allow it to revolve on its axis. One manner of securing it in the above-mentioned manner is shown in the drawings, which consists in providing the upper end of the spindle C with an annular groove, c, and provid-40 ing the pitman A with a set-screw, d, which

engages with said slot c and prevents the spindle from falling out of the pitman, but allows it to move vertically and revolve in said pitman, as hereinbefore mentioned. The curved sides of the head C' are placed adjacent to the 45 inner faces of the bifurcated end of the horizontal lever B. Thus arranged a universal coupling is provided between the vertical and horizontal levers A and B, as will be seen. A flat surface is always presented to the bifur- 50 cated end in a horizontal direction.

I do not claim broadly the combination, with a vertical oscillating lever, of a rocking or vertically-moving bar and a horizontal lever, as such a combination is shown in patents to 55 D'Arcy Porter, No. 248,214, of October 11, 1881, and No. 250,169, of November 29, 1881; but my improvement, as hereinbefore described, affords a simple device for imparting the required motion to the lever B without revolv- 60

ing the lever A. I claim—

The combination, with a vertical oscillating lever formed hollow at its lower end, of a spindle or end piece adapted to fit in the hol- 65. low end of said lever, and provided with an annular groove, and a set-screw adapted to enter the groove and retain the spindle in place and allow a revolving movement thereof, and a head to which is secured the bifurcated 70 end of a horizontal lever, substantially as set forth.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

RUEL W. WHITNEY.

Witnesses:

A. P. SMITH, JOHS. BRACKER.