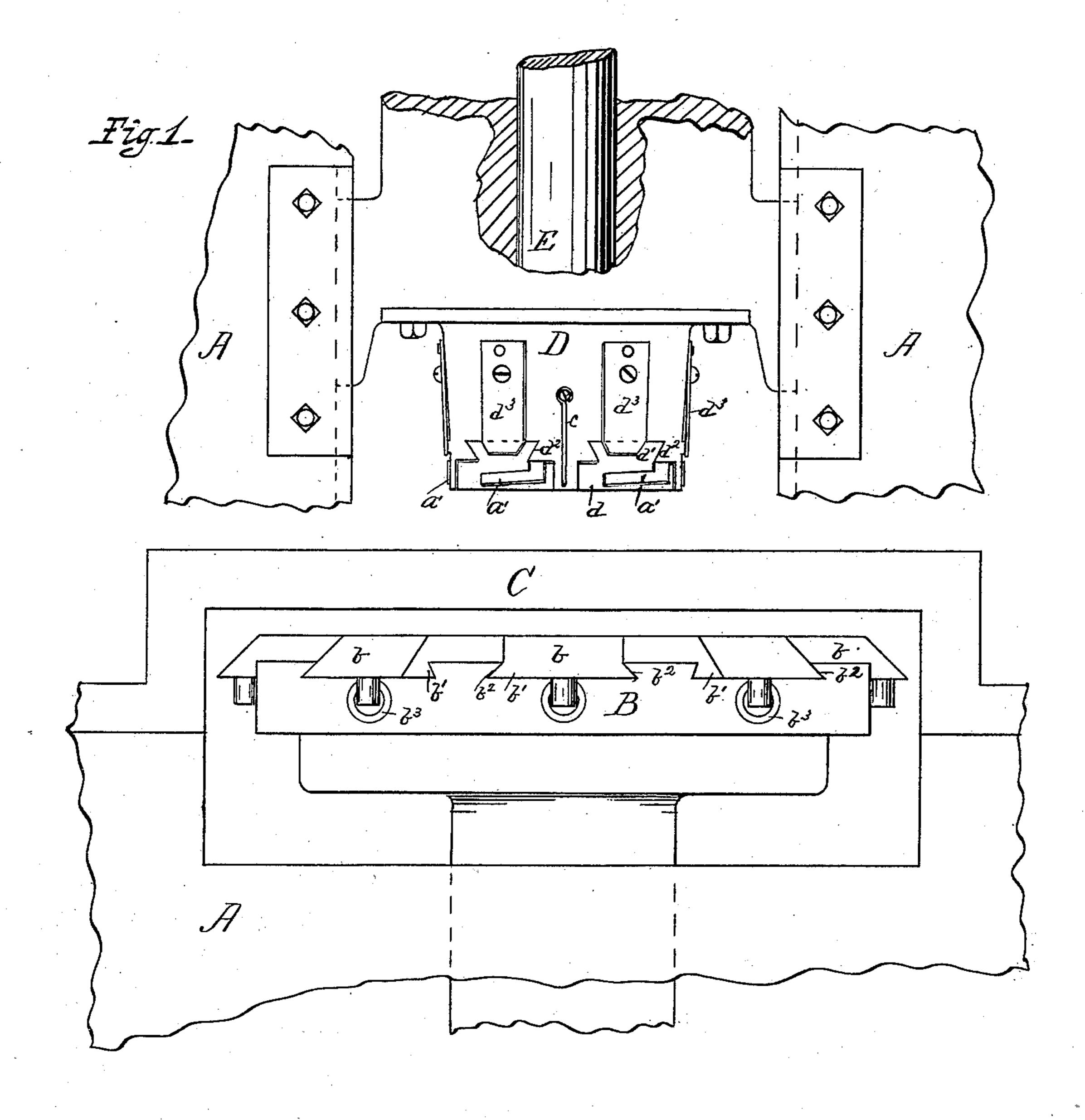
## E. NORTON.

### STAMPING MACHINE AND DIE.

No. 268,041.

Patented Nov. 28, 1882.



Witnesses: S. Everett Brown 19. W. Munday. Inventor.

Edwin Norton.

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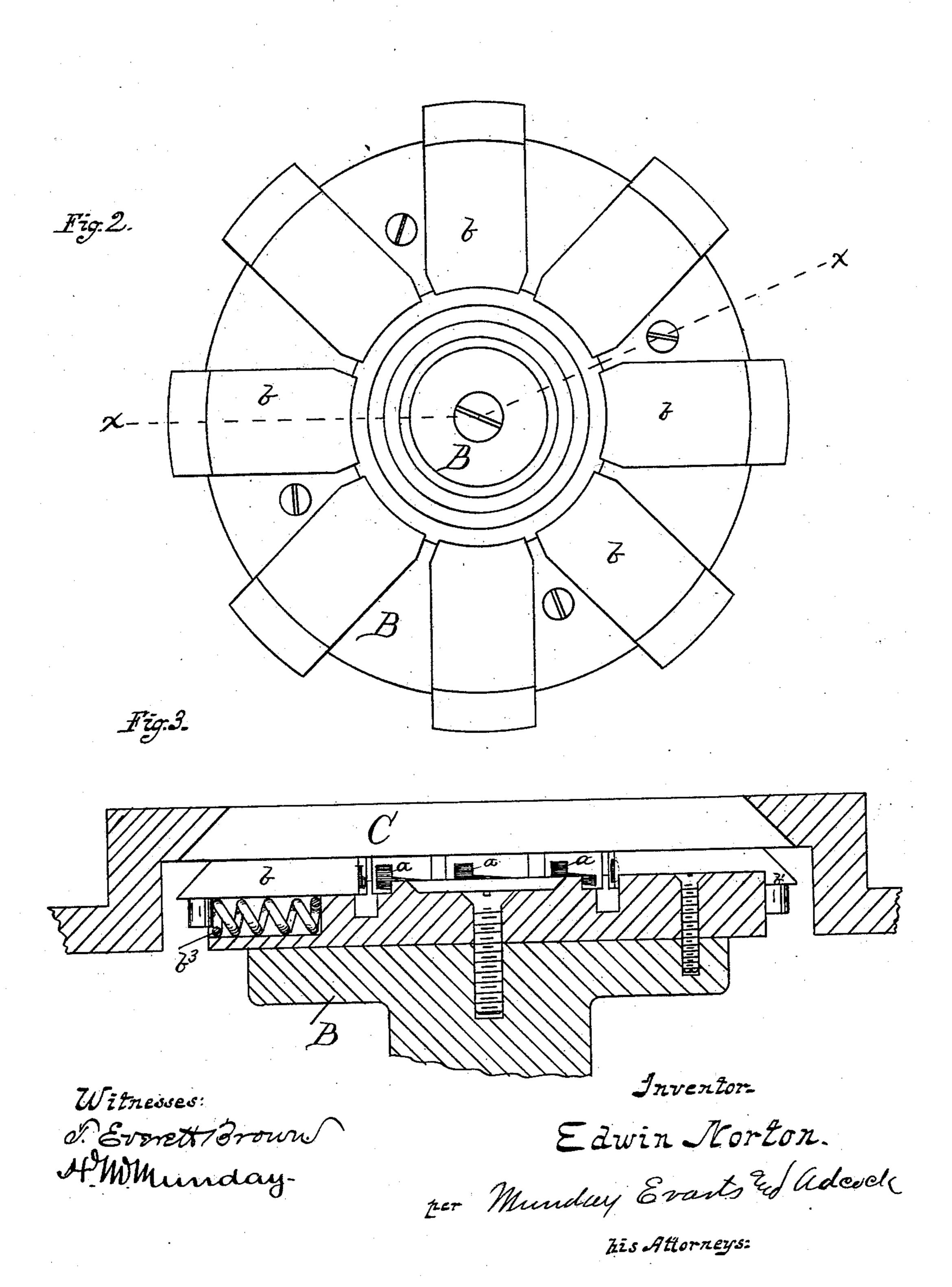
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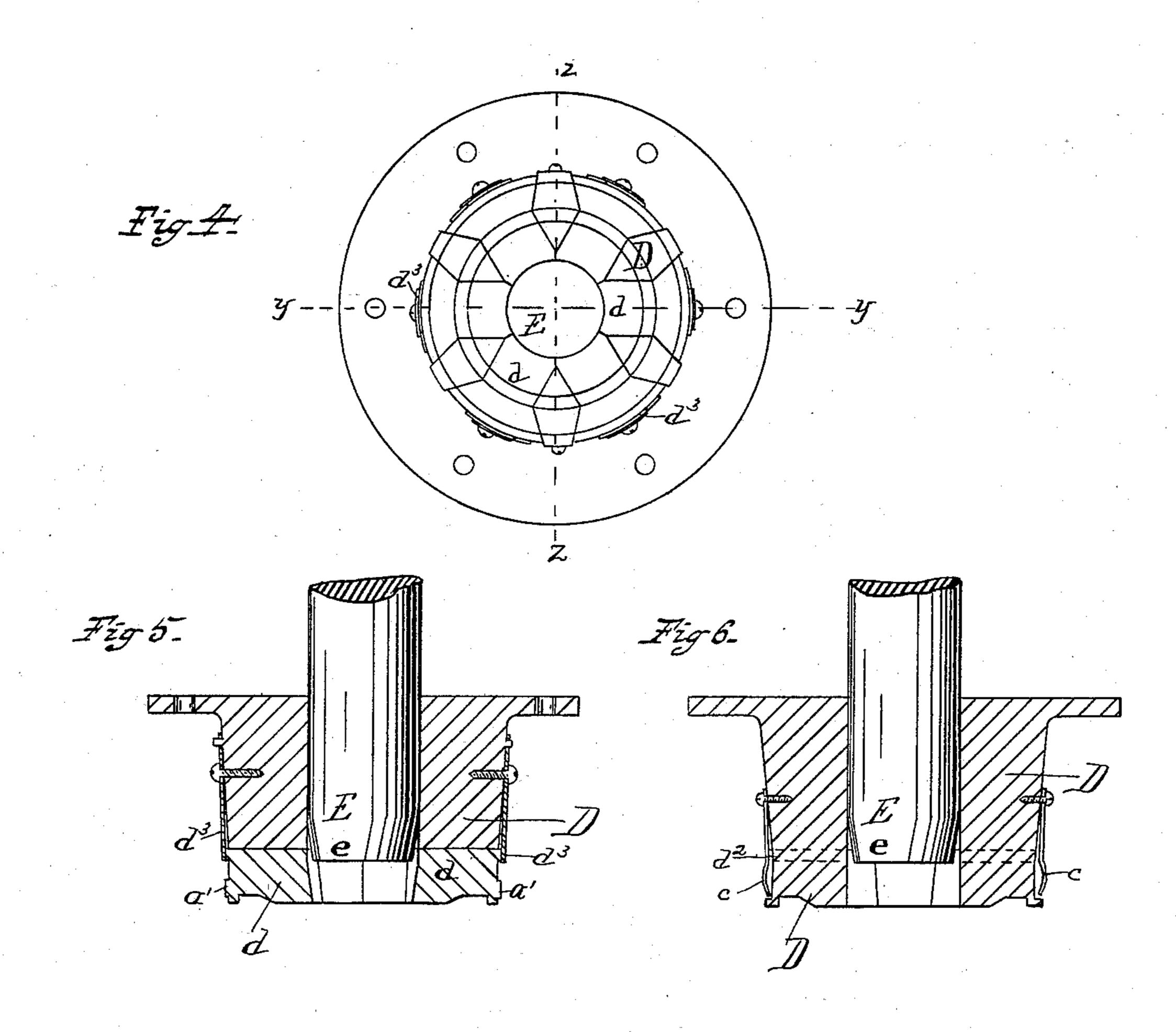


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his Attorneys:

# United States Patent Office.

EDWIN NORTON, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO HIMSELF AND OLIVER W. NORTON, OF SAME PLACE.

#### STAMPING MACHINE AND DIE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 268,041, dated November 28, 1882.

Application filed August 7, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWIN NORTON, of Chicago, Cook county, State of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements 5 in Stamping Machines and Dies, of which the

following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in dies used in the manufacture of sheet-metal cans, and more particularly to a die or machine for 10 making the coupling-indentations in the capcover, as shown in the can patented to me by Letters Patent No. 235,279, and bearing date

December 7, 1880.

The present invention consists in a series of 15 movable dies mounted on a movable bed-plate, and adapted to be opened and closed by the reciprocating motion of the bed-plate to clamp and release the can-cover, in connection with a corresponding series of movable punches 20 mounted upon a reciprocating head and actuated to form the bayonet-catches or couplingindentations in the sheet metal by a reciprocating conical head or wedge, which works inside the reciprocating head upon which the 25 punches are mounted. The interior faces of the die-blocks, when they are closed upon the can-cover, conform to the outer periphery of the can-cover, and the exterior faces of the corresponding punch-blocks of course correspond 30 to the interior periphery of the can-cover, so that the stock is firmly held between the two faces when subjected to the stamping operation.

In the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification, and in which simi-35 lar letters of reference indicate like parts, Figure 1 is a side elevation of a device embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the dies. Fig. 3 is a section on line x x of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a plan view of the punches, looking 40 upward. Fig. 5 is a section on line y y of Fig. 4. Fig. 6 is a section on line z z of Fig. 4.

I have not deemed it necessary to show in the drawings the mechanism for reciprocating the several parts, as they may be applied to 45 any ordinary compound press, the construction of which is well known to those skilled in the

art to which my invention relates.

In the drawings, A represents a portion of the frame-work of the machine. B is a recip-50 rocating bed-plate, upon which the radiallymovable die-blocks b are mounted, the die-

blocks being provided with dovetail projections b', which slide in radial dovetail grooves  $b^2$  in the bed-plate B, the die-blocks being retracted by means of springs  $b^3$  when the bed-plate is 55 drawn back. The outer faces of the die-blocks b are cut flaring or wedge shaped, and when the bed-plate is raised they come in contact with the bevel or conical surfaced cam ring or plate C, which is bolted to the frame of the 60 machine, thereby causing the die-blocks to move radially toward each other and clasp the can-cover. When the bed-plate is moved up the inner faces of the die-blocks form a perfect circle or solid ring around the can-cover and 65

conform to its outer periphery.

D is the hollow sliding head, upon which the radially-moving punch-blocks d are mounted. The punch-blocks have dovetail projections d', which fit in radial dovetail grooves  $d^2$  in the 70 head D. The punch-blocks are retracted, when the head D is drawn back or raised, by means of springs  $d^3$ , secured to the head D. The sliding head D is of such size as just to fit inside the can-cover. The interior faces of the punch- 75 blocks d are made slightly conical, and they are forced out radially by means of a pistou, E, which is provided with a conical head, e, and which reciprocates inside the hollow head D.

The operation is as follows: The can-cover 80 is first slipped over the end of the hollow sliding head D, which is then, by operation of the press, caused to descend, and then the bedplate B is moved upward, causing the dieblocks b to impinge against the conical ring 85C, and thereby causes the stock to be firmly clamped between the die-blocks b and head D, and thereupon the piston E is caused to descend and forces the punch-blocks d out radially, and thereby forms the coupling-indenta- 90 tions in the cover. The female dies on the blocks b are marked a, and the male dies on the blocks d are marked a'.

c represents slight springs, secured to the head D, for retaining the can-covers on the 95 head while it is descending.

In the drawings I have shown the machine with dies adapted to form the coupling-indentations in the can-cover; but by making the necessary changes in the dies the machine may 100 be adapted to form the coupling-projections in the seamless ring, which is secured on the can

235,279, before referred to. By reference to said patent it will be seen that the seamless ring referred to is of much the same construc-5 tion as a can-cover, with the bottom of the flat central portion thereof cut out.

It is obvious that my improvement may be used for other analogous purposes than that

herein indicated.

10 I claim— 1. The combination, with the reciprocating EDWIN NORTON. bed-plate B, of radially-moving die-blocks b, mounted thereon, cam-ring C, reciprocating

body or breast, as shown in said Patent No. |d|, mounted thereon, and reciprocating piston 15 E for actuating said punch-blocks, substantially as specified.

2. The combination, with movable bed-plate B, provided with dovetail radial grooves  $b^2$ , of movable die-blocks b, provided with dovetail 20 projections b', stationary cam-ring C, and springs  $b^3$  for retracting said die-blocks, substantially as specified.

Witnesses:

HENRY M. NORTON, hollow head D, radially-moving punch-blocks | HENRY F. AKIN.