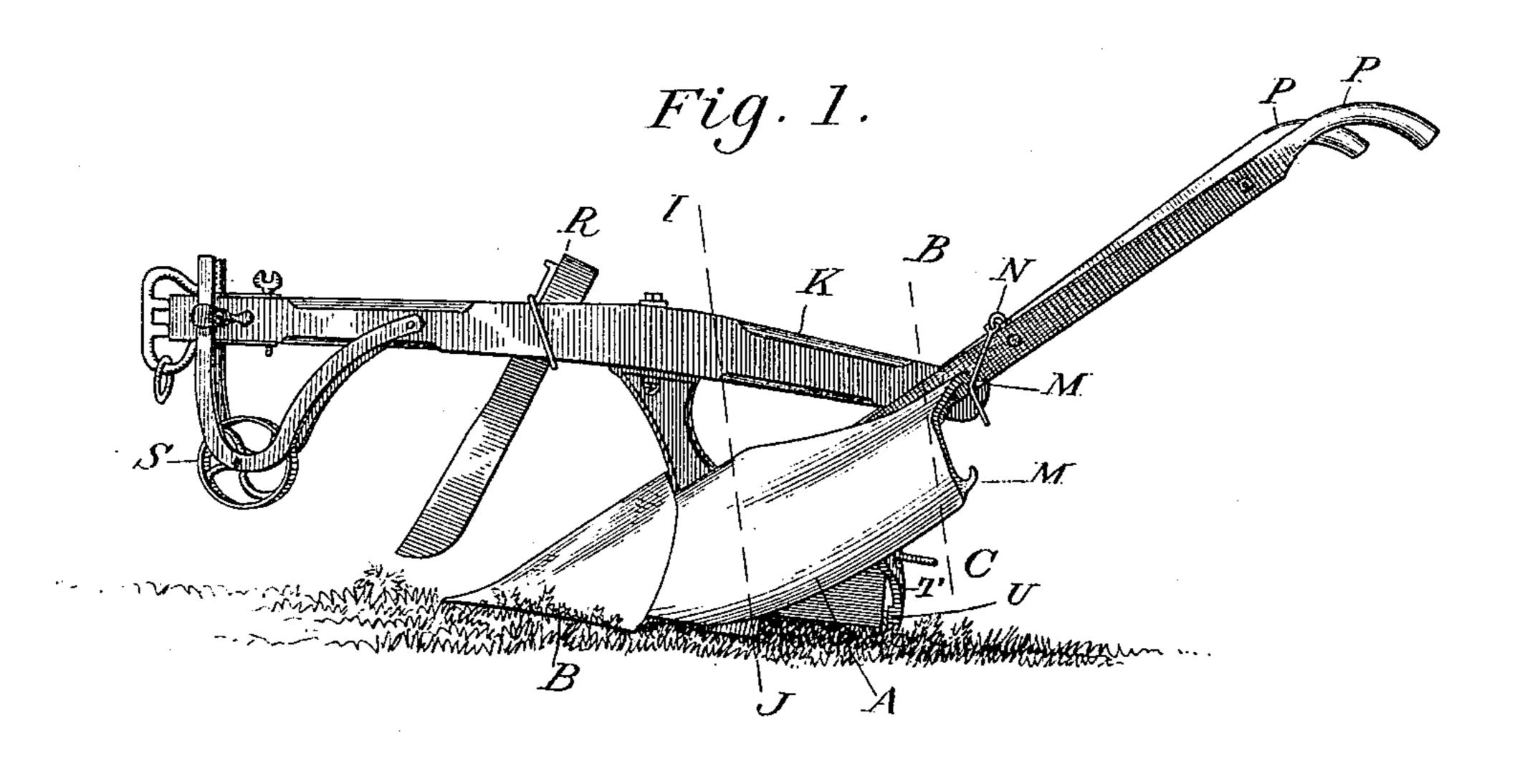
J. A. HOWE, Dec'd.

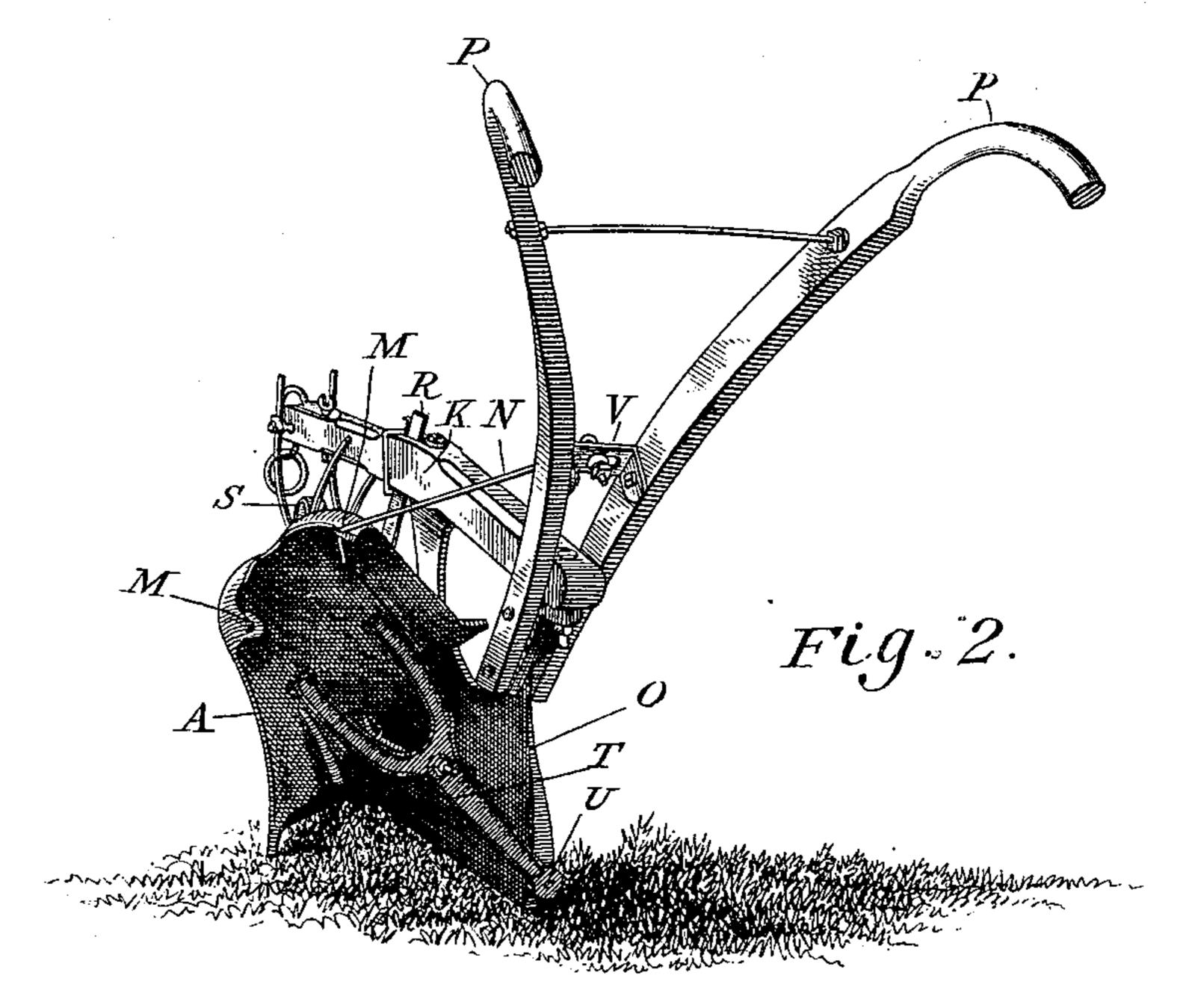
(E. W. Howe, Administratrix.)

SWIVEL PLOW.

No. 266,627.

Patented Oct. 31, 1882.





Witnesses: Emory B. Pages H. S. Hildreth Esther W. Horre Administration.
of James A. Horre deceased.
Der Geo. G. Burt, Attorney.

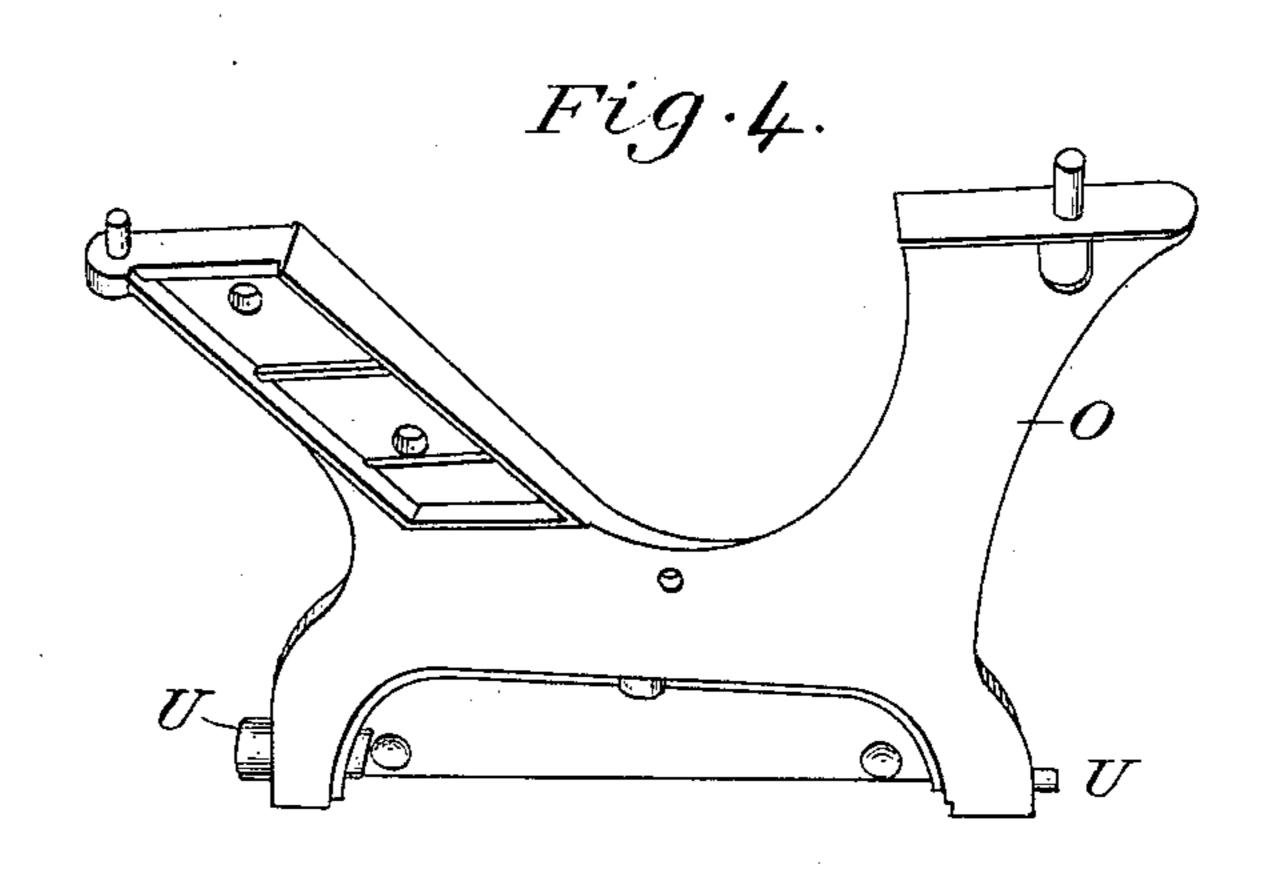
(Model.)

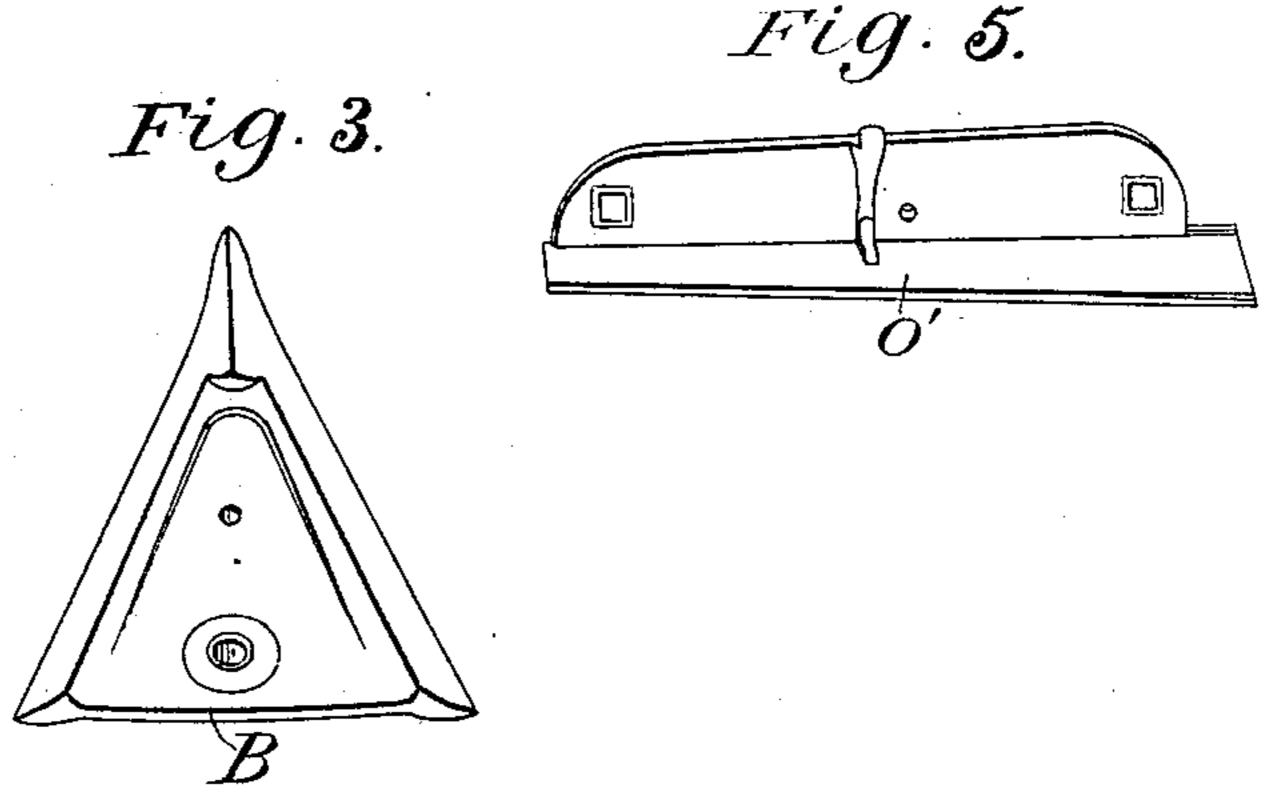
J. A. HOWE, Dec'd. (E. W. Howe, Administratrix.)

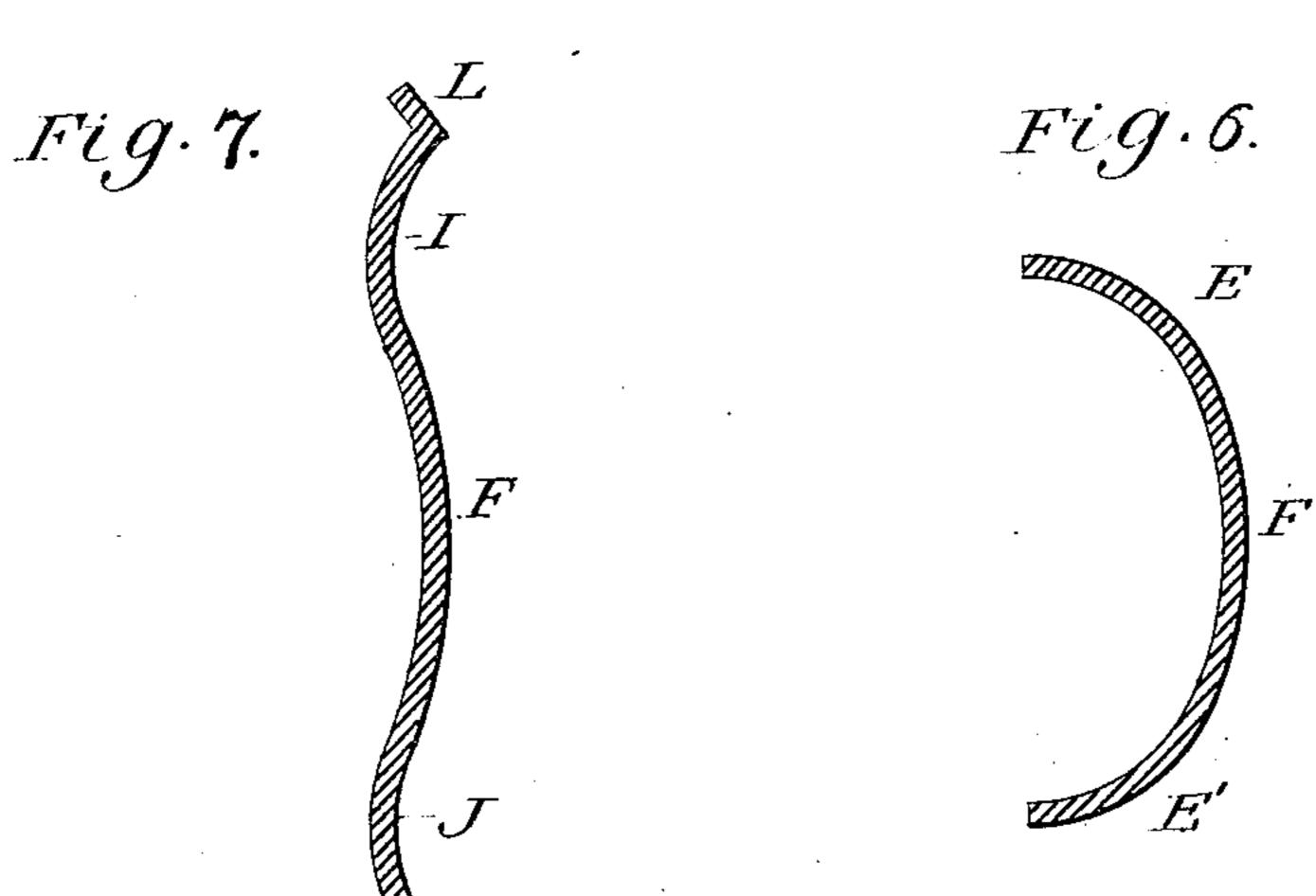
SWIVEL PLOW.

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Witnesses: Omong Blages H. H. Heldreth.

Inventor. Sether W. Howe, Administratives of James et. Howe deceased; Per Gev. E. Bust Attorney.

United States Patent Office.

ESTHER W. HOWE, ADMINISTRATRIX OF JAMES A. HOWE, DECEASED, OF AYER, MASSACHUSETTS.

SWIVEL-PLOW.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 266,627, dated October 31, 1882.

Application filed February 24, 1882. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that JAMES A. HOWE, late a citizen of the United States, town of Ayer, county of Middlesex, and State of Massachusetts, de-5 ceased, did invent a new and useful Improvement in Swivel-Plows, of which the following

is a specification.

This invention relates to improvement in swivel-plows to give such form to the mold-10 board as to disintegrate the soil more thoroughly, to give a longer bearing to the bottom of the plow, so as to cause it to run level and firm in the furrow, and to turn the soil completely over; also, to construct a plow so that 15 it will operate in stubble land having an adhesive soil without the mold-board becoming clogged and cause the furrow to scour the entire mold-board and wear the share even on both sides. To obtain this result the con-20 struction is illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the plow, showing the various parts. Fig. 2 is a rear view of the plow. Fig. 3 is a view of the de-25 tached mold-board. Fig. 4 is a view of the detached share. Fig. 5 is a view of the detached standard O. Fig. 6 is a detached part of standard O. Fig. 7 is a transverse section of the mold-board cut through at the lines B 30 and C. Fig. 8 is a transverse section, showing the form of the mold-board and share at the

lines I J.

Similar letters refer to similar parts in all the views.

35 The mold-board A is constructed by a new and different formula, to wit: The mold-board at the rear is divided transversely into three equal parts, E F E'. The parts E E' are both constructed with a true arc, and the part F is 40 constructed of twice the radius of the arcs E E'. For a medium-sized plow the arcs E E' are constructed of radii of three inches, and the center part is constructed of a radius of six inches,

(shown in Fig. 7,) and the radii of the diameters 45 are increased until they form the mold-board at line I J. At this point the increased width of the mold-board is curved in an opposite direction of the arcs E E', and these arcs I J are constructed of the same radii of arcs E E',

mold-board is extended longitudinally until it fits and connects with share B.

To the outward-curved sections of the moldboard I J, and at an angle of about thirty degrees to them, the supporting-shoes L L' are 55 attached or cast on. (Shown in Figs. 1 and S.)

At the rear end of the mold-board A two supporting projections, M M, are constructed to receive the brace-hook N. (Shown in Figs. 1 and 2.)

P P are the handles. K is the beam. R is the cutter; S, the gage-wheel and its supports. V is a pivot-brace. T is a forked pivoted brace, that pivots the mold-board with standard O, and is held in position by wrought- 65 iron rod U, which connects the standard O with the detached part O and the mold-board and share, the rod passing longitudinally through the standard O and pivoting very strongly all the parts together, and permitting the plow to 70 turn from right to left. The share, beam, and handles are attached together in the usual manner. The radii of these arcs may be increased or diminished in proportion to the various sized plows that may be desired to be 75 constructed, and longitudinally curved outward with an arc of a radius of sixty-five inches.

Operation: When a plow of this construction is put to work and propelled by the team, 80 the operator holding it in the right position, it enters the ground easily, and as the furrowslice is separated by the cutter and share it is raised and turned as it comes in contact with the mold-board. The latter, being constructed 85 with arcs of various radii, gives such form that the soil is more completely disintegrated than it is when the mold-board is constructed with single arcs or constructed with scroll form having straight lines from share to extremity 90. of mold-board. The mold-board of the plow, being constructed with additional outward curves I J and shoes L, has additional width, thus holding the heel of the plow down into the furrow and on the shoe L, the shoe 95 lengthening the bearing of the plow on the bottom of the furrow, which holds the plow level in the work and causes the point of the share to wear sharp and even on both the upper and 50 as shown in Figs. 7 and 8. This form of the | under side. The hook N is pivoted at V to the 100 plow-brace. The two projections M M on the mold-board are seats for the brace-hook N, which holds the mold-board in position to work and turn a furrow either to the right or left. Their position on the mold-board raises the hook above the turning furrows, and it is less likely to impede or clog with soil when the plow is being used to turn a deep wide furrow.

I am aware that the mold-boards of swivel10 plows have been constructed with one true arc
transversely, also with sections of a scroll.

I do not claim a mold-board so constructed,

broadly; but

What I do claim as James A. Howe's invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The mold-board of a swivel-plow, having its rear end convex and its front portion made with a central convex arc and side concave

arcs, arranged transversely and increasing in 20 radius from rear to front, substantially as shown and described.

2. The mold-board A, having three transverse arcs, the central convex arc being equal in radius to that of both the side concave arcs 25. and converging at the rear to form a convex mold-board at B C, substantially as shown and described.

3. The combination, with the mold-board A, having at its front end a series of three arcs, 30 arranged transversely to each other, of the supporting-shoes L L', substantially as shown and described.

ESTHER W. HOWE, Administratrix.

Witnesses:
LEVI SHERWIN,
GEORGE E. BURT.