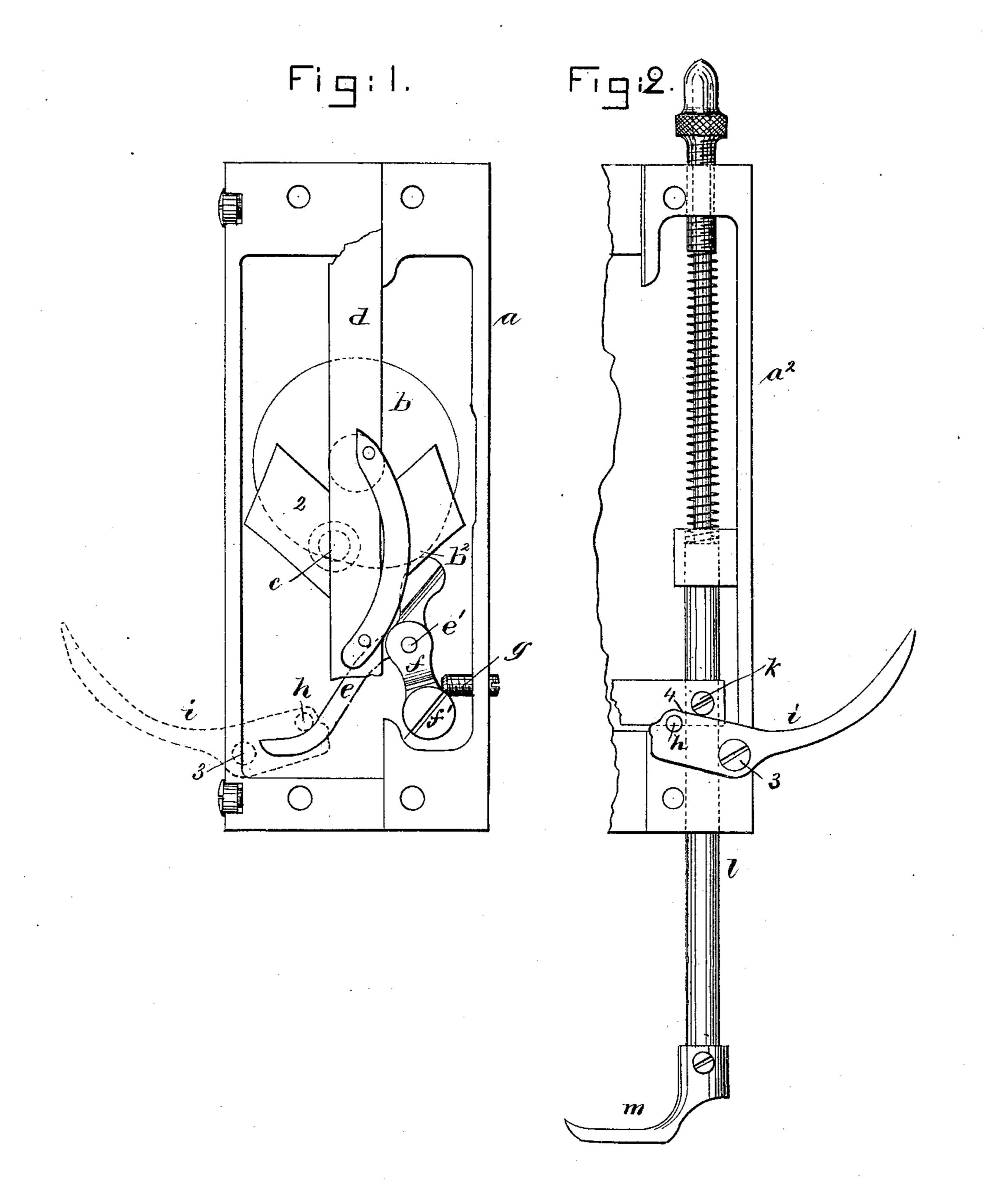
E. T. THOMAS. SEWING MACHINE.

No. 266,553.

Patented Oct. 24, 1882.



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EDDY T. THOMAS

BY Grosly Brigging ATTYS.

United States Patent Office.

EDDY T. THOMAS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO THE C. W. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, CANADA.

SEWING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 266,553, dated October 24, 1882.

Application filed March 18, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDDY T. THOMAS, of New York, county and State of New York, have invented an Improvement in Sewing-Machines, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification.

This invention in sewing-machines has for its object certain improvements in mechanism for automatically lifting the presser-foot while the needle is in the material and just as the usual four-motioned feeding device, located below the material, reaches the end of its backstroke, which is of advantage when braiding or embroidering.

My invention consists essentially in a cam and a lever actuated thereby, having an adjustable pivoted fulcrum, combined with the presser-foot-raising lever, adapted to engage a pin or projection on or connected with the presser-bar and lift the presser-foot, substantially as will be described.

Figure 1 represents in front elevation the head of a "New Home" sewing-machine, the face or cover plate of the head being taken off to show the disk which carries the needle-bar and its actuating crank-pin, and my improved devices for lifting the presser-bar at each revolution of the needle-bar-operating shaft; and Fig. 2, an inner side view of part of the face or cover plate removed from Fig. 1, to show the presser-foot bar carried by it, and the usual hand-lever for lifting the presser-foot.

The head a has within it the disk b, provided at its front with the usual crank-pin, c, (shown in dotted lines,) which enters a groove in the cross-head 2 and reciprocates the needle-bar in the usual manner. This disk b, at its periphery, is made cam-shaped, the highest point or greatest diameter of the said cam being at b². This cam, by its action on the short end of the auxiliary lifting-lever e, pivoted at e' on

the adjustable link f, having its fulcrum at f', turns the said lever on its fulcrum e' once during each rotation of the cam and reciprocation 45 of the needle-bar. The end of the long arm of lever e is extended under a pin or projection, h, of the usual hand-operated presser-foot-lifting lever, i, pivoted at 3 on the cap or cover plate a^2 of the head a. The movement of lever 50 i about its fulcrum causes its edge 4, acting against the pin k of the presser-bar, to lift the presser bar and foot more or less from the work under it while the needle is in the material, the needle serving as a pivot for the said ma- 55 terial. This is done automatically by the movement of lever e in engagement with pin h of the usual hand-lever, i.

To lift the presser more or less for each stitch the lever e may be adjusted or moved by the 60 adjusting device g, (shown as a screw,) acting against the link f, carrying the pin which serves as the fulcrum for lever e.

The presser-foot has been lifted automatically at each stitch in many different ways; so 65. I do not broadly claim mechanism for that purpose; but

I do claim-

The cam-disk and the presser-foot-lifting lever *i*, combined with the auxiliary lifting-le-70 ver *e* and the adjustable link *f*, to support the fulcrum of the lever *e*, the latter by its movement turning the usual lifting-lever and lifting the presser bar and foot automatically once for each stitch, substantially as and for the pur-75 pose described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

EDDY T. THOMAS.

Witnesses:

W. H. SIGSTON, B. J. NOYES.