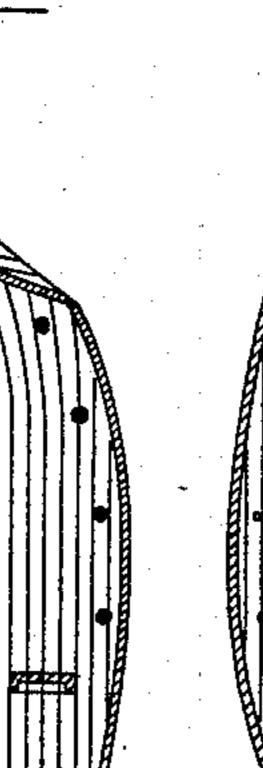
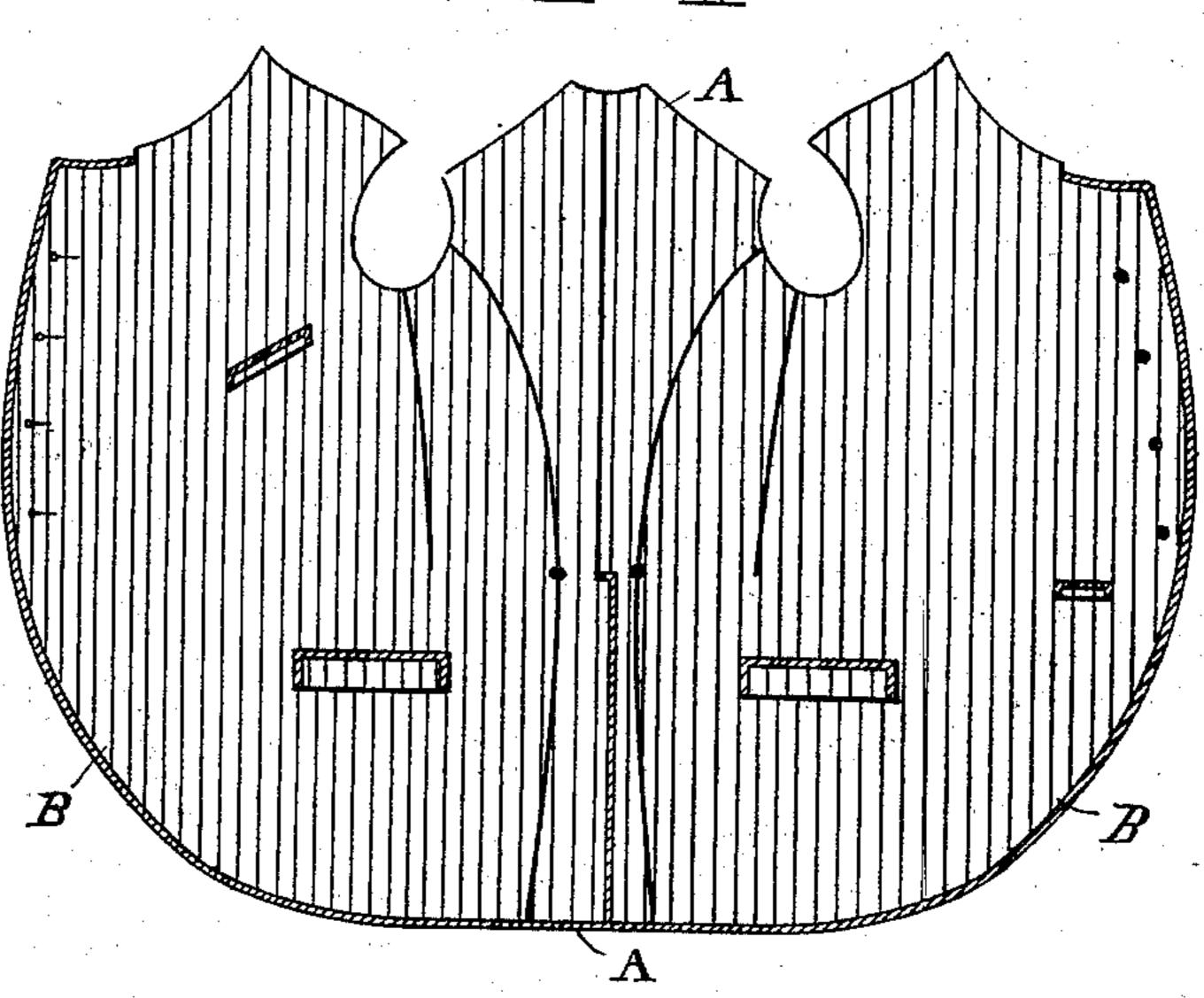
J. SIMMONS. COAT.

No. 263,232.

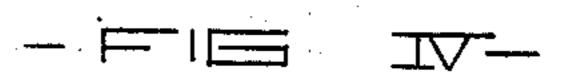
- FIE I

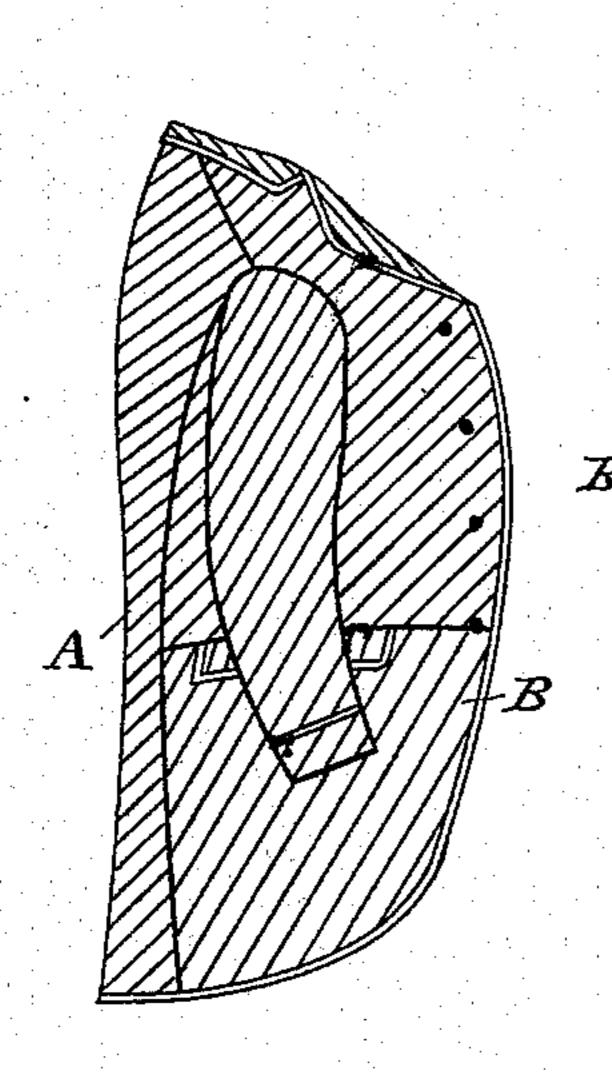
Patented Aug. 22, 1882.

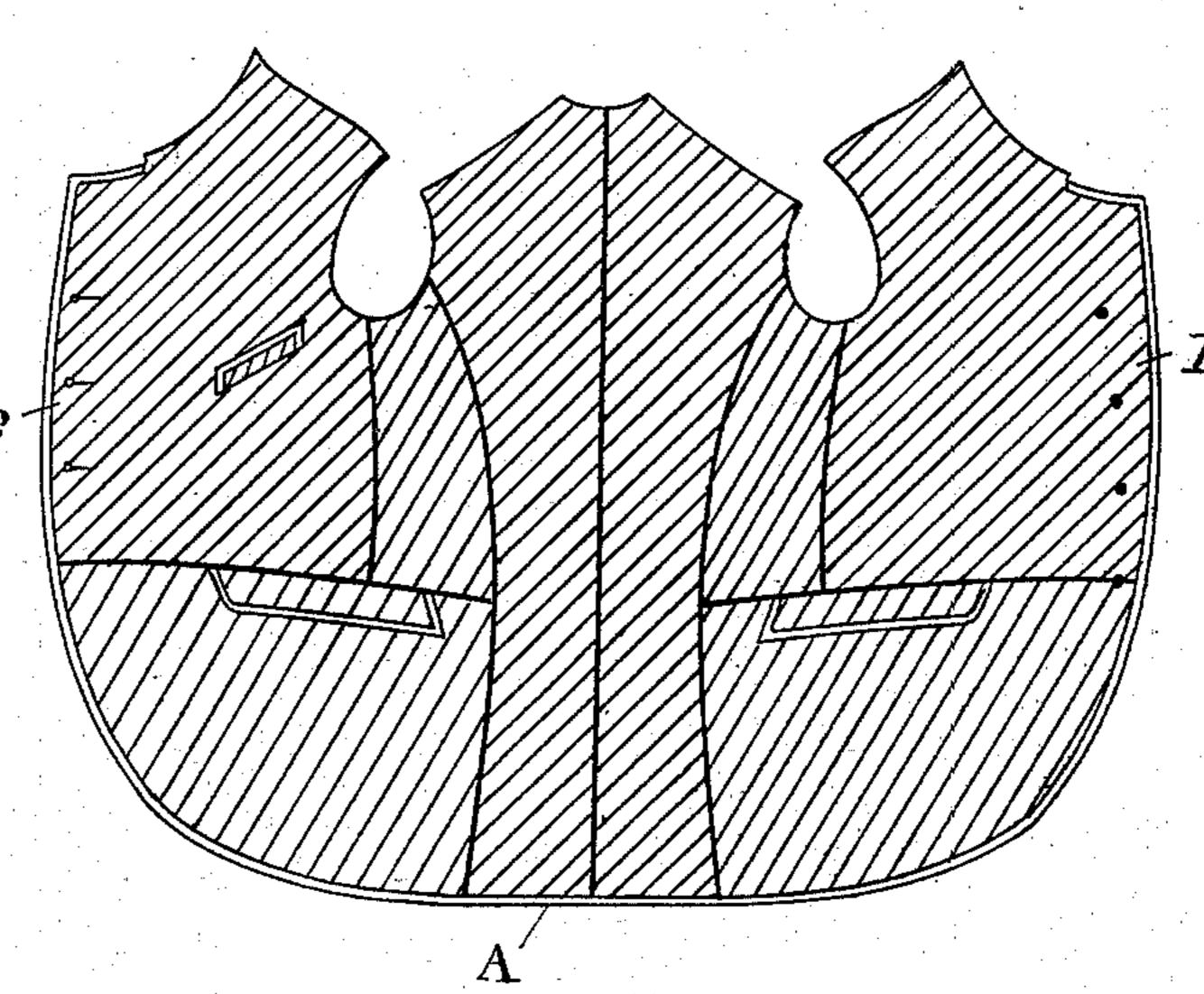


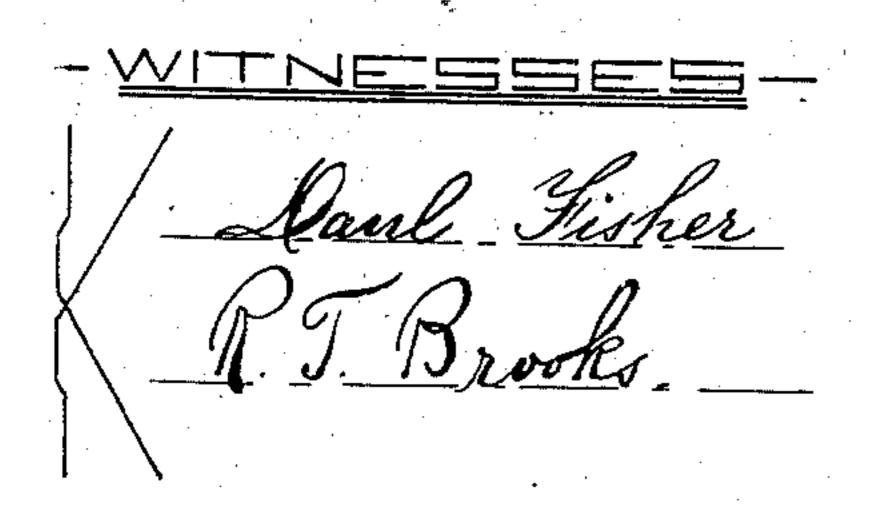


— FIE II—









Sucob Summons, by GHA/HALAMALA, attip.

United States Patent Office.

JACOB SIMMONS, OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO JOSEPH GOLDSTINE, OF SAME PLACE.

COAT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 263,232, dated August 22, 1882.

Application filed May 10, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JACOB SIMMONS, of the city of Baltimore and State of Maryland, have invented certain Improvements in Clothing, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to certain improvements in coats; and it consists in combining in one garment the essential elements or features of a frock and sack coat, as will hereinto after appear.

In the further description of the said invention which follows reference is made to the accompanying drawings, forming a part hereof, and in which—

Figure I is a side view of the improved coat. Fig. II is an extended view of parts of the coat. Figs. III and IV illustrate certain modification in the construction of the coat, as will be hereinafter described.

Referring to Figs. I and II, A is the back and B B are the fore parts of the coat. The back is cut of the frock pattern—that is to say, it is provided with tails, and is vented—while the fore parts are made of a continuous piece

25 from the upper end to the bottom. Now, it will be seen that this coat, while having the appearance of a sack when seen from the front, has the advantage of molding to the shape at the back and being separable at the lower 30 part of the same, owing to the vent.

The coat illustrated in Figs. III and IV dif-

fers from the one shown in the preceding figures in that the fore parts are of the frock description—that is to say, they have the usual skirt, which admits of the coat at this point 35 conforming somewhat to the shape of the wearer—while the back is cut according to the ordinary sack pattern, and presents the loose and undress appearance desired in coats of that description.

From the foregoing it will be understood that the coat, when cut in accordance with either construction herein described, differs materially in appearance and fit from either a frock or sack coat in ordinary use. In the 45 first design the coat has the loose appearance in front derivable in a sack, with the close-fitting shape at the back. This is merely reversed in the modification illustrated in Figs. III and IV, the coat being comparatively loose 50 behind and molded to the form in front.

A coat in which are combined a back and fore parts of different styles, the same forming a garment having the distinguishing for

a garment having the distinguishing features 55 of the frock and sack patterns, substantially as specified.

JACOB SIMMONS.

Witnesses: WM. T. Howard,

ASHER SIMMONS.