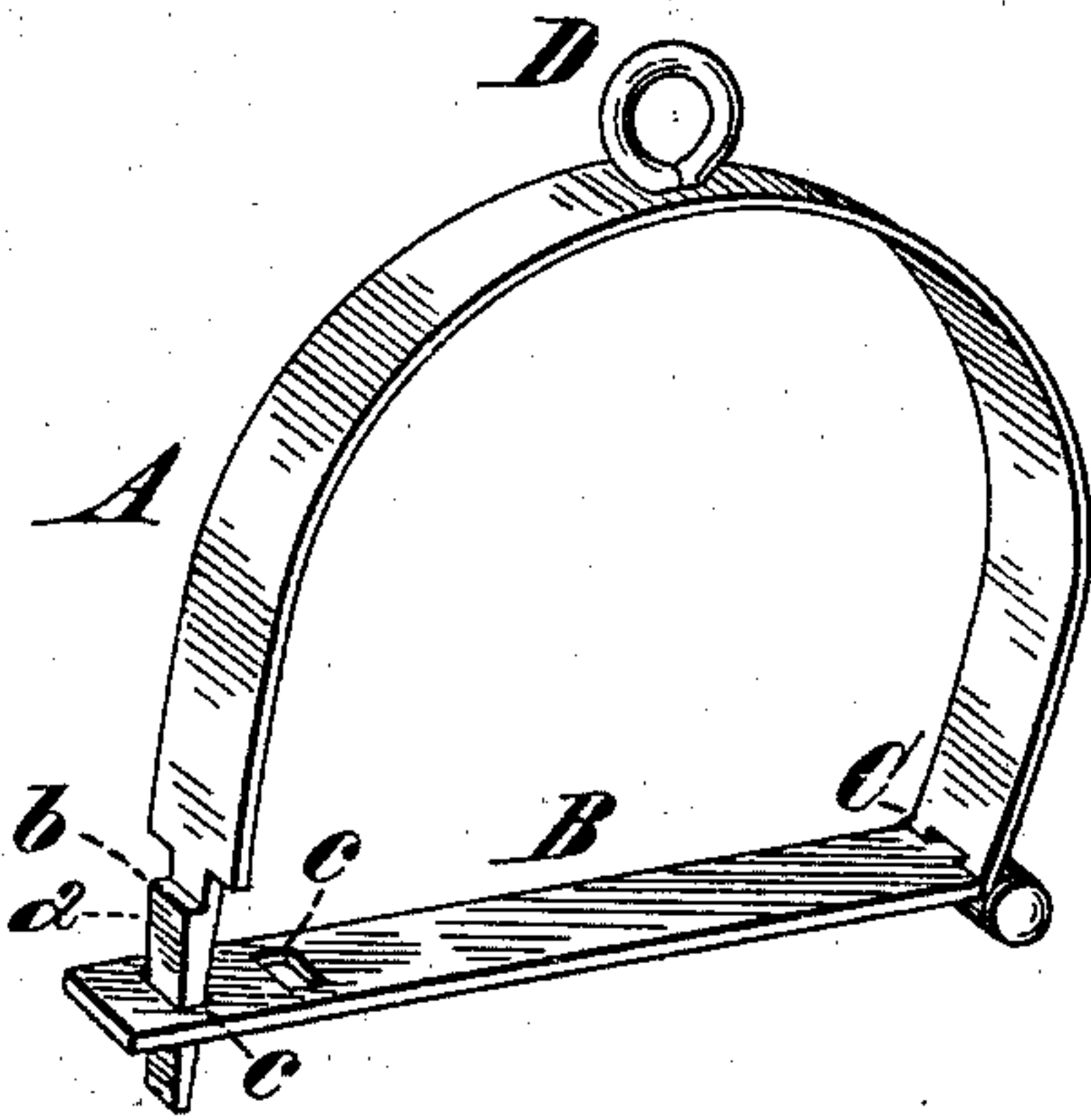


(No Model.)

J. PETTIBONE.
HANDCUFF.

No. 263,212.

Patented Aug. 22, 1882.



Attest
Jas. E. Jones
Herbert P. Cook.

Inventor
James Pettibone,
by Wood & Boyd
his Attorneys &c.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES PETTIBONE, OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HANDCUFF.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 263,212, dated August 22, 1882.

Application filed March 6, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES PETTIBONE, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Cincinnati, in the county of Hamilton and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Handcuffs, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to an improved handcuff. It is designed for stage and mimic use.

10 The object is to have it resemble a shackle and to be easily locked and slipped onto the wrist and quickly released for scenic effects.

15 It consists of a spring-yoke to encircle the wrist, one end of which is hinged to a transverse bar, and the other end being provided with a catch to connect with the hinged bar.

The accompanying drawing is a perspective view of my invention.

20 A represents the spring or yoke which encircles the wrist.

D represents an eye, to which a chain is attached to secure the two cuffs together.

25 B represents a bar, hinged at one end to one limb of the yoke A, C representing the hinge.

c c represent one or more slots pierced in the bar B.

a represents a tapered lug or tongue entering one of the slots c.

30 b represents a shoulder or catch on the outer side of the lug or tongue a.

The outward spring of the metal yoke A forces the catch or shoulder b outward on the under side of the bar B when the lug a is inserted in the slot c. The shackle is easily removed 35 by pressing the end of tongue a inward and backward to unloose the catch b, when the bar B will swing back and allow the ready removal of the cuff.

I do not desire to limit myself to the particular kind of catch which unites one of the limbs of yoke A to the hinged bar B, as the form of catch engagement may be variously modified.

This article is very simple, cheap, and effective for the uses designed. 45

What I claim is—

A handcuff consisting essentially of the spring-yoke A, hinged to bar B, which is provided with one or more slots, c, to engage with 50 a catch, b, on the opposite limb of the yoke A, substantially as herein set forth.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

JAMES PETTIBONE.

Witnesses:

JOHN E. JONES,
HERBERT P. COOK.