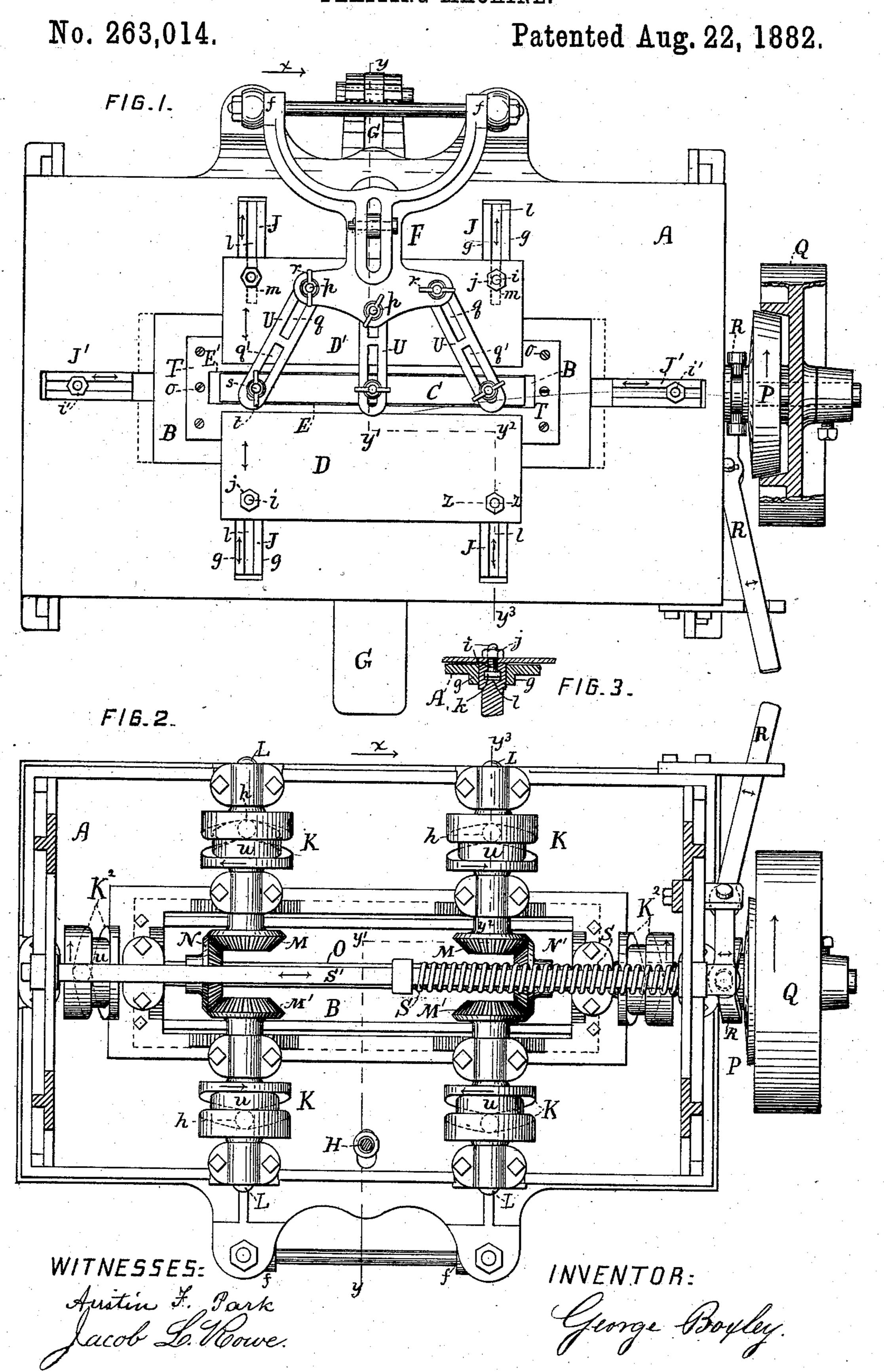
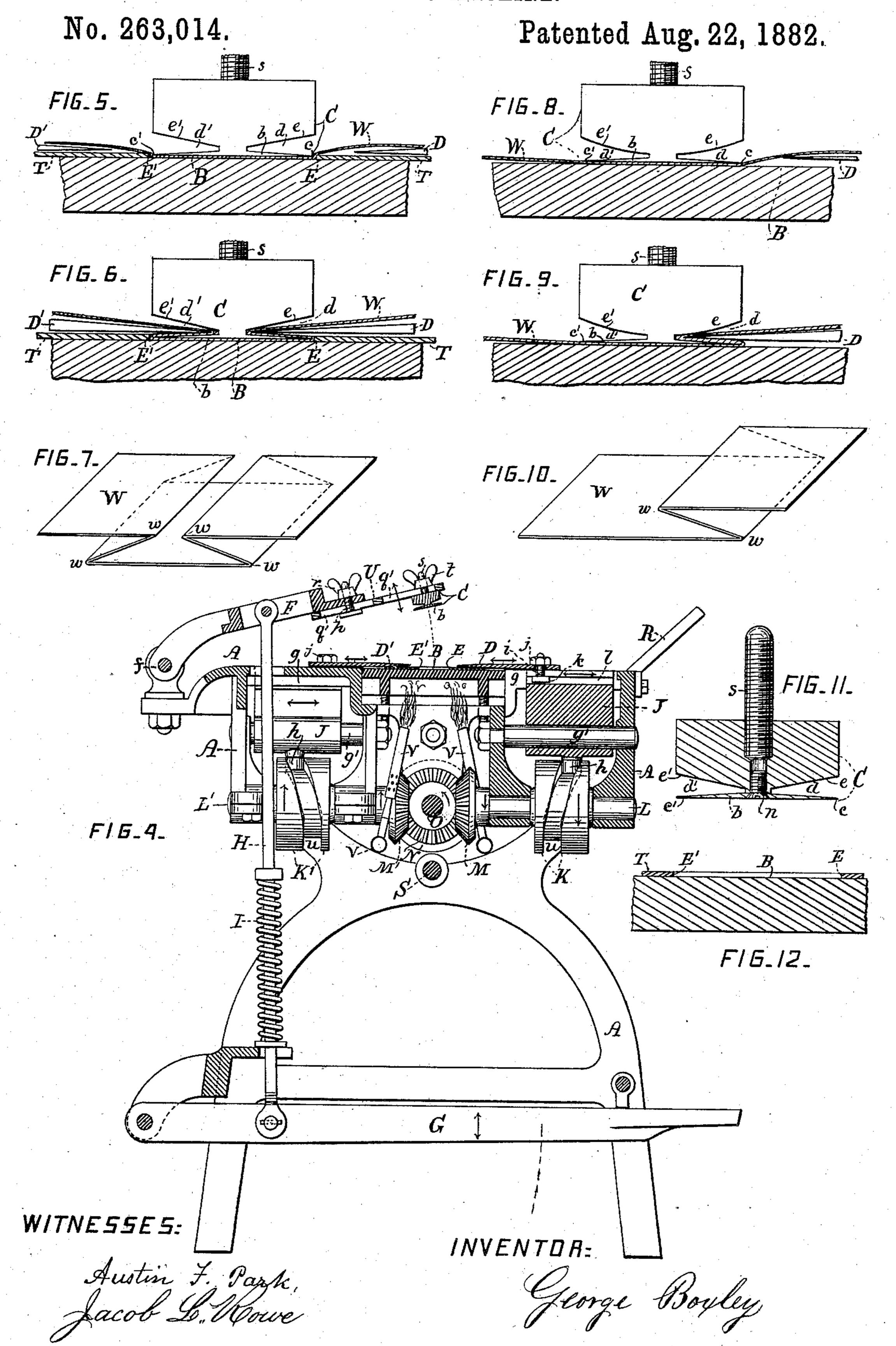
G. BOXLEY.

### PLAITING MACHINE.



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# United States Patent Office.

GEORGE BOXLEY, OF TROY, NEW YORK, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO GEORGE P. IDE, OF SAME PLACE.

#### PLAITING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 263,014, dated August 22, 1882.

Application filed March 29, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE BOXLEY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Troy, in the county of Rensselaer and State of New 5 York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Plaiting-Machines, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings.

My invention relates to apparatus or mechto anism for plaiting blanks for shirt-bosoms and similar articles; and the general object of my improvements is to produce mechanism by which a person can easily plait such blanks accurately and with greater rapidity and less 15 expense than heretofore. I attain that object by the mechanism illustrated in the aforesaid drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan of a machine for plaiting blanks for shirt-bosoms, viewed from above, a 20 part being shown in section. Fig. 2 is a plan | as illustrated in Figs. 5 and 8. of the upper portion of the same machine viewed from below, some parts being represented in section and some removed. Fig. 3 ! is a partial section at the line zz in Fig. 1. 25 Fig. 4 is an elevation of a section at about the line y y' y<sup>2</sup> y<sup>3</sup> in Figs. 1 and 2, viewed in the direction indicated by the arrow x. Figs. 5 and 6 are partial sections of the plaiting devices of the same machine on a larger scale 30 and illustrating their action in forming a boxplait such as is shown in Fig. 7. Figs. 8 and 9 are partial sections, illustrating the action of the plaiting devices in forming a plain plait, represented in Fig. 10. Fig. 11 is a sectional 35 elevation of the plait-former, and Fig. 12 a section of the plait-bed of the machine illustrated by Figs. 1, 2, and 4.

Similar parts are marked by like letters in the different figures, and the directions in which 40 some of the parts move are indicated by adjacent arrows.

A is a stationary frame supporting the other

parts.

B is a bed-plate or surface, against which the 45 blank fabric W, Figs. 5, 6, 8, 9, is pressed and held by the former C in plaiting the fabric. The former C is shown pressed against the bed B in Fig. 1 and upon the fabric W on the bed in Figs. 5, 6, 8, and 9, and removed from

the portion b, which presses the fabric against the bed, in the shape of a thin plate having a lengthwise blade-like edge, c, or two such edges, cc', opposite to each other, as shown in Fig. 11. The said former also has a narrow 55 tapering longitudinal recess, d, or two such recesses, d d', formed by and between the pressing-plate b and the overhauging part e or parts e e' of the former.

D is a plaiting-blade adapted and arranged 60 for folding the fabric W over and against the blade-edge c of the former and for folding and forcing the fabric into the recess d in the former, as indicated in Figs. 6 and 9; and D' is a plaiting-blade-adapted and arranged for 65 folding the fabric over the blade-edge c' and into the recess d' of said former, as shown in Fig. 6, the fabric W being first placed on the bed B and pressed thereon by the former C,

To facilitate the plaiting of fabrics that are thick, stiff, or difficult to fold, I furnish the bed-plate B with the stationary low ledge E or ledges E E', Figs. 1 and 12, parallel to and a little apart from the edge c or edges cc' of the 75 former when depressed upon the bed-plate, so that the fabric will be somewhat bent upward by and between said ledge or ledges and edge or edges, respectively, when the former C shall be pressed upon the fabric on the bed, as 80 illustrated in Fig. 5. In plaiting bosom blanks or fabrics that are easy to fold over a bladelike or sharp edge the ledge E or ledges E E' can be dispensed with, as shown in Figs. 8 and 9.

To provide means whereby a person can easily and repeatedly depress the former C into exactly the same position upon the bed B and remove the same from the bed, I secure said former to an arm, F, which is hinged or piv- oc oted at f f to the frame A, and connect the arm F to a treadle, G, by a rod, H, that is furnished with a spring, I, Fig. 4, so that by depressing the treadle the spring I is compressed and the former C is pressed upon the bed or 95 fabric on the bed, and that by releasing the treadle the spring will elevate the treadle and the arm F with the former, as shown in Fig. 4.

To provide means whereby a person can di-50 the bed in Figs. 4 and 11. The former has, rectly by hand accurately force the blades D 100

D', or either of them, into and out of the tapering recesses d d', respectively, and thereby plait the fabric when the former C is pressed upon the fabric on the bed, I secure each plait-5 ing-blade to a slide or slides, J, Figs. 1, 3, and 4, fitting suitable stationary ways, g g', on the frame.

To provide means whereby a person can instantly apply power from a rotating pulley, ro wheel, or shaft to force the plaiting-blades D D', or either of them, into and out of the corresponding recess or recesses, dd', in the former C, and thereby plait the fabric when said former is pressed upon the fabric on the bed, I furnish 15 each of the slides J, that carry the blades D D', with a follower, h, Fig. 4, which engages with a separate grooved cam, K or K', Figs. 2 and 4, fast on a rotary shaft, L or L', having a bevel-gear, M or M', engaging with a bevel-20 gear, N or N', fast on a shaft, O, having a sliding friction-clutch pulley, P, Fig. 1, which can be instantly engaged with and disengaged from the rotating driving-pulley Q by a hand-lever, R, to which a retracting-spring, S, Fig. 2, is 25 connected by a rod, S', to assist in disengaging the clutch-pulley P from said driving-pulley. The pairs of cams K K and K' K' are similar, and are geared to rotate simultaneously in equal times, and are arranged to 30 move the two pairs of slides J J and the plaiting-blades D D' a certain uniform distance to and fro into and out of the corresponding recesses, d d', in the former C, when the latter is depressed upon the fabric on the bed. In 35 Figs. 2 and 4 the cams K K' are represented as holding the blades D D' away from the former, as shown in Figs. 1 and 4.

To provide means for altering the depths of the uniform to-and-fromovements of the blades 40 D D' into the corresponding recesses, d d', in the former C, to make different widths of the parts w w, Figs. 7 and 10, in the plaits, each blade is adjustably secured to the slide J by screw-bolts i, Figs. 1, 3, and 4, extending 45 through perforations in the blades, and having screw-nuts j and heads k fitting in and adjustable along recessed grooves l, Fig. 3, in the slides, or by having the screw-bolts stationary on the slides and extending through slots 50 in the blades, as indicated by dotted lines at m in Fig. 1.

J' J', Fig. 1, are slides with screw-bolts i', similar to the slides J, and operated by cams K<sup>2</sup>, Fig. 2, that are like the cams K K', and are 55 secured to and operated by the shaft O; and the slides J' can have plaiting-blades or folders secured thereto by the screw-bolts i', for use in plaiting or folding in the ends of bosomblanks or other articles of cloth when pressed 60 on the bed B by a suitable former.

VV, Fig. 4, represent Bunsen burners for moderately heating the bed-plate B by the combustion of a mixture of gas or hydrocarbon vapor and air, to increase the stability of the 65 plaits formed by the apparatus in slightlydamp fabrics.

For convenience in constructing the former C and in changing its press-plate b for others of different widths to produce box-plaits of corresponding various breadths, the part b is made 70 separate from the other portion and secured thereto by screws n, Fig. 11, or by other suitable means.

For convenience in applying and securing the ledges E E' to the bed B, and in arranging 75 them to fit the press-plates b of different widths and forms, I commonly make each ledge or both ledges on a plate, T, and secure the same to the bed by removable screws o, and have a separate plate T for each different width and 80 form of press-plate b.

For convenience in securing and adjusting various sizes of the former C on the arm F, and in respect to the ledges E E' or to the plaitingblades D D', or either of them, I mount the 85 former on the arm by means of extension-fingers U, Figs. 1 and 4, which are adjustably secured at one end part to the arm by screw-bolts p, Fig. 4, extending through slots q in the fingers and perforations in the arms, and furnished go with clamping - nuts r, and which fingers are adjustably secured at their other end parts to the former C by screws s, extending from the former through slots q' in the fingers, and having clamping-nuts t; but any other suitable 95 or equivalent means can be used for adjustably securing the fingers U to said arm and former.

In using the mechanism illustrated by Figs. 1, 2, and 4, a person first places the blank fabric W in proper position upon the bed B when roo the former C is elevated, as in Fig. 4, and the blades D D' are drawn back from the bed and ledges E E', as in Figs. 4 and 1. The person next depresses the treadle G, and thus, through the rod H and arm F, depresses and retains the 105 former upon the bed, as indicated in Figs. 5 and 8. Then the person, by moving the lever R, engages the clutch-pulley P with the revolving pulley Q, which then rotates the cams K K', which in one revolution move the blades D D', 110 so as to cause the blades to first force the fabric into the recesses d d' in the depressed former, as indicated in Fig. 6, and then retain the fabric in the recesses, while the followers h are in the dwells uu, Figs. 2 and 4, in the cams, 115 and then withdraw from the recesses and leave the fabric folded thereon, whereupon the person stops and retains the blades in such withdrawn position (shown in Figs. 1 and 4) by timely disengaging the clutch P from the pulley Q by 120 the lever R, and then releases the treadle G. and thereby causes the elevation of the former C with the plaited fabric, which latter is then slid off by hand from the former endwise if a box-plait is made, or sidewise if a plain plait 125 is produced. In making box - plaits both of the blades D D' are used, as shown in Fig. 6; but in producing plain plaits only one of said blades is employed, as represented in Fig. 9.

The mechanism hereinbefore described, and 130 represented in the accompanying drawings, embraces some parts and combinations of parts

that are similar to some of those embodied in the mechanism shown and described in my drawings and specification of United States Patent No. 199,615, and I do not herein claim 5 any parts or combinations of parts described or shown in said patent. My present invention may be considered in some respects an improvement upon some portion of that patented mechanism, which latter was not capa-10 ble of producing a box-plait like that shown in Fig. 7 nor a plain plait like that represented in Fig. 10.

What I claim as my invention is—

1. In a plaiting apparatus, the former C, 15 having the pressing plate b, with opposite bladelike edges, c c', and the tapering opposite recesses, dd', formed by and between said pressing-plate and the overhanging parts e e', substantially as described.

2. The combination, with a bed, B, and a former having a pressing-plate with a bladelike edge, c, and a tapering recess, d, of a plaiting-blade, D, all adapted and arranged together for conjoint action in forming a plait,

25 substantially as described.

3. The combination, with the bed B and the former C, having the tapering opposite recesses, d d', and the pressing-plate b, with opposite blade-like edges, cc', of the two opposite plait-30 ing-blades, D D', all adapted and arranged for conjoint action in producing a box-plait, substantially as described.

4. The combination, with bed B and the ledge E along one side of the bed, of a former having 35 a pressing-plate with a blade-like edge, c, and tapering recess d, and the plaiting-blade D, all adapted and arranged for conjoint action in forming a plait, substantially as described.

5. The combination, with the bed B and the 40 ledges E L'along opposite sides of the bed, of the former C, having the press-plate b, with opposite blade-like edges,  $c\,c'$ , and tapering recesses d d', and the opposite plaiting-blades, D D', all adapted and arranged for conjoint action 45 in forming box - plai's, substantially as described.

6. The combination, with the bed B, former having a press-plate with a tapering blade-like edge, c, and tapering recess d, and the plait-50 ing-blade D, of means for depressing said form-

er upon and removing it from the bed, substantially as described, and means for inserting said plaiting-blade into and withdrawing it from said tapering recess, substantially as set

forth.

7. The combination, with the bed B, former C, having the press-plate b, with opposite bladelike edges, c c', and opposite tapering recesses, d d', and the opposite plaiting-blades, D D', of means for depressing and retaining said form- 60 er upon and removing it from the bed, substantially as described, and mechanism for simultaneously inserting said opposite plaitingblades into and withdrawing them from said tapering recesses in the depressed former, sub- 65 stantially as set forth.

8. The combination, with the bed B, former having the tapering recess d and a press-plate with a blade-like edge, c, and means for depressing and retaining said former upon and 70 removing it from the bed, substantially as described, of the plaiting-blade D and mechanism for moving the plaiting-blade a certain uniform limited distance to and fro into and out of said tapering recess in the depressed 75

former, substantially as set forth.

9. The combination, with the bed B, former having the tapering recess d and press-plate with blade-like edge c, means for depressing and retaining the former accurately upon and 80 removing it from the bed, plaiting blade D, and mechanism for repeatedly moving the plaiting-blade a certain uniform limited distance to and fro into and out of said recess in the former, substantially as described, of ad- 85 justing devices for altering the depth of said uniform to-and-fro movement of the plaitingblade into said recess in the former, as set forth.

10. The combination, with the bed B, plaiting-blade D, and means for operating the lat- 90 ter, of the former C, hinged arm F, and extension-fingers U, adjustably secured to said arm and former, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand, in the presence of two subscribing witnesses, 95

this 25th day of March, 1882. GEORGE BOXLEY.

Witnesses:

FRANK B. TWINING, JOHN H. BALKEN.