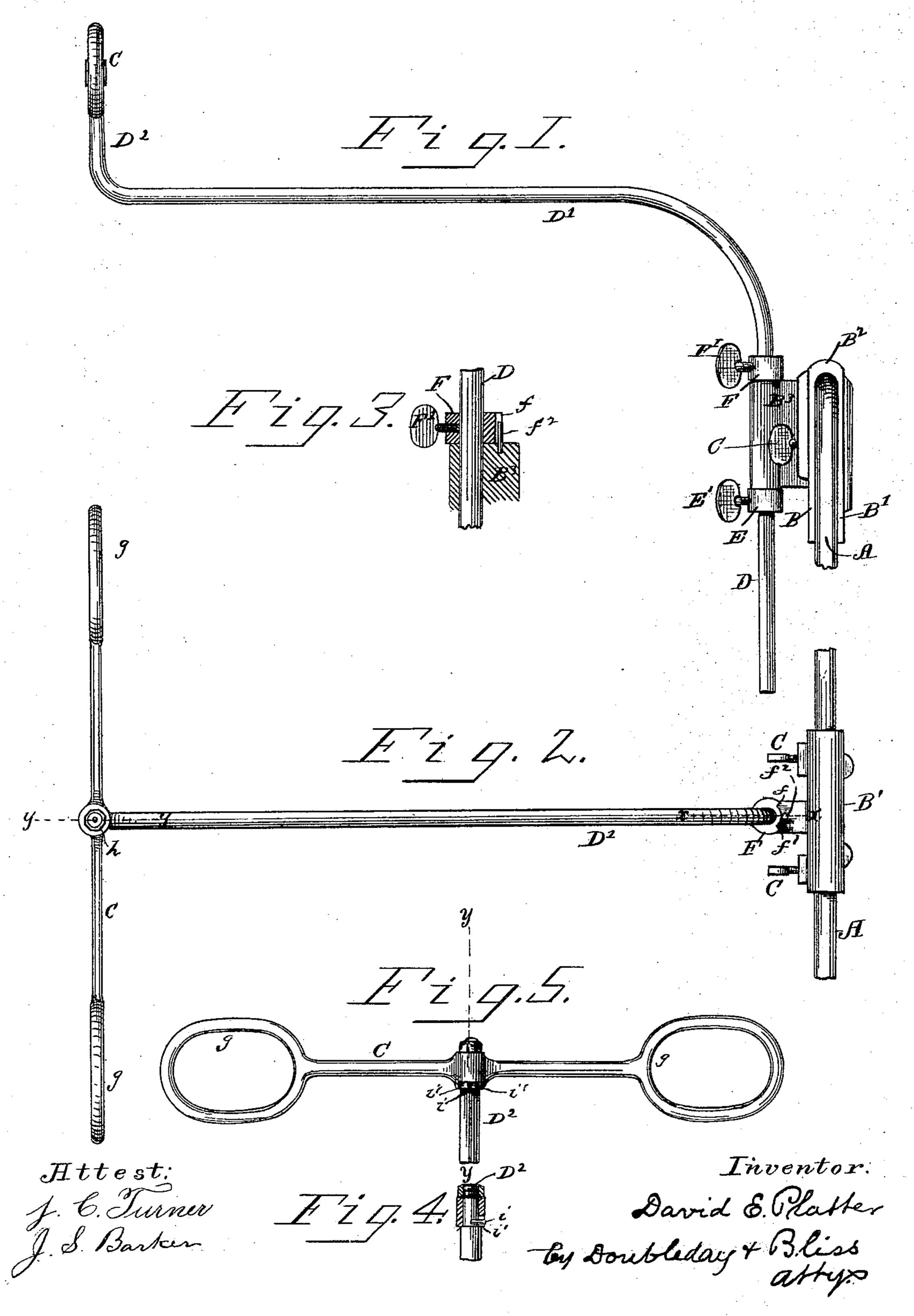
D. E. PLATTER.

REIN HOLDER.

No. 262,114.

Patented Aug. 1, 1882.



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DAVID E. PLATTER, OF CANTON, OHIO.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 262,114, dated August 1, 1882.

Application filed June 10, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I. DAVID E. PLATTER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Canton, in the county of Stark and State of Ohio, 5 have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Rein-Holders, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

Figure 1 is a side elevation of my improved 10 rein-holder, and of a portion of the vehicle to illustrate the method of attaching it. Fig. 2 is a top plan view. Fig. 3 is a section, line xx, Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a section on line y y, Figs. 2 and 5. Fig. 5 is a view from the rear of the

15 cross-head.

In the drawings, A represents a dash-board of a buggy or carriage, to which the rein-holder means of a clamp having a plate, B, to bear 20 against the outside of the dash-board, a plate, B', to bear against the inside, a connectingpart, B², and a sleeve or socket-piece, B³, these parts being all cast in one piece of metal. After the support consisting of these parts has 25 been put in place on the dash-board it is securely clamped by means of set-screws C C passing through the inner plate, B', and bearing against the board.

The rein-holder is formed of a rod of metal 30 bent or shaped to have the vertical part D, the forwardly-extending part D', and a short upwardly-extending part, D2. By means of the part D it is mounted in the above-described clamp, said part D being passed through the 35 sleeve or socket-piece B3. Below the socket there is a collar, E, provided with a set-screw, E', by means of which the rein-holder is prevented from being drawn upward too far. Above the socket there is another collar, F, 40 and set-screws F', whereby the holder is supported. This supporting-collar F is also utilized to limit the horizontal movements of the

rein-holder. It is provided with two shoulders, ff', arranged to engage with a stop, f^2 , carried by the clamping-plates or by the sock- 45 et-piece. The shoulders f and f' should be far enough apart to allow the rein-holder to be swung out of the way when occasion requires.

C is a cross-head loosely mounted on the upper end of the inner part, D2, of the holder. 50 It is provided with eyes gg at the ends, through which the reins pass, and in which they are supported at the center by a pivot, h, formed on the end of the part D². This permits it to swing in either direction sufficiently for it to 55 accommodate itself to the variations in the positions of the reins caused by the movements of the horse or otherwise. The movement is limited by means of a stop, i, carried can be attached. It is fastened in place by | by the part D2, and shoulders or projections 60 i' i' on the cross-head.

What I claim is—

1. In a rein-holder, the combination of the clamping-plates B B' with the socket B3, and the swinging rod having the part D, mounted 65 loosely in the socket, the collars E and F, and the stop f^2 , substantially as set forth.

2. In a rein-holder, the combination of the clamping-plates B B', having the socket B3, the vertically-adjustable swinging holder, the 70 collar E below the socket B³, the collar F above the socket, and provided with shoulders, and the stop f^2 , arranged to engage with said shoulders, substantially as set forth.

3. In a rein-holder, the combination, with 75 the clamp and the cross-head C, of the holder having the adjustable part D and the part D², pivotally connected with the cross-head.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

DAVID E. PLATTER.

Witnesses:

J. P. FAWCETT, HENRY FISHER.