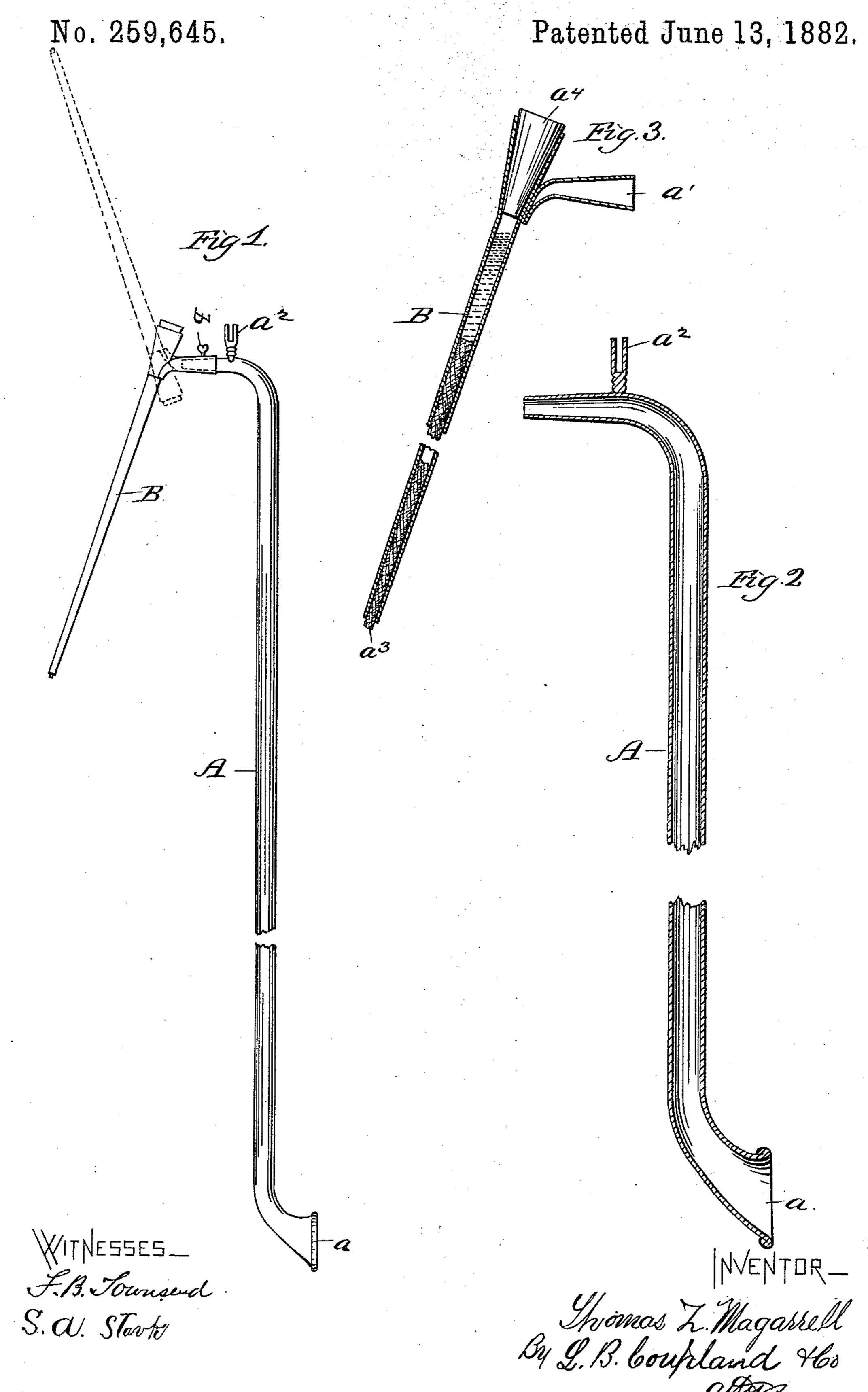
T. Z. MAGARRELL.

## LAMP LIGHTER AND EXTINGUISHER.



## United States Patent Office.

THOMAS Z. MAGARRELL, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO ANDREW P. W. SKINNER, OF SAME PLACE.

## LAMP LIGHTER AND EXTINGUISHER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 259,645, dated June 13, 1882.

Application filed March 31, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THOMAS Z. MAGAR-RELL, of Chicago, Cook county, Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements 5 in an Apparatus for Lighting and Extinguishing Lights, of which the following is a description that will enable others to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of refer-10 ence marked thereon, forming a part of this

specification.

The object of this invention is to provide a device for lighting and extinguishing lamps without the necessity of removing the chim-15 neys at each operation, and it is also adapted to be used in connection with gas apparatus; and it consists of a tubular handle or staff, the lower end of which is provided with a mouthpiece, while the upper end is bent around and 20 contracted so as to detachably engage with a tubular extension holding a wick and lightingfluid, as will be hereinafter more fully set forth.

Figure 1 is an elevation of a device embodying my improvement; Fig. 2, a longitudinal 25 section of the tubular handle, and Fig. 3 a longitudinal section of the wick-tube and con-

necting part.

Referring to the drawings, A represents the tubular handle or staff, which may be of any 30 desired length, the lower end of which is enlarged to provide the mouth-piece a, while the upper end is gradually contracted, so as to detachably engage with the extension a' of the wick-tube B, forming a telescopic joint, as 35 shown in Fig. 1 of the drawings. The upper end of the handle A is provided with the wrench  $a^2$ , which is of the proper shape to engage with the thumb-screw of gas-fixtures for turning on and off the light. The wick-tube B incloses the wick  $a^3$ , one

end of which projects from the end of the tube, and at which point it is lighted when required for use. The lighting-fluid is supplied to the wick-tube by removing the stopple  $a^4$ . The lateral tubular extension a' connects the wick- 45 tube with the handle A. The wick-tube, as shown in Fig. 1 of the drawings, is properly arranged to pass down in the inside of a chimney and light the lamp without removing the chimney; or it may be rotated so as to project upward, 50 as represented by the dotted lines, to light the

gas.

When using the device as an extinguisher the wick-tube should be removed and the contracted end of the handle A inserted in the 55 lamp-chimney, the light being extinguished by the operator placing his mouth to the opposite end of the tubular handle and blowing through the same. By this arrangement a device is provided whereby the many lamps of 60 a chandelier may be lighted without having to remove the chimneys, which is not only convenient, but also economical, as it causes a great saving in the breakage of lamps and chimneys.

This device may be constructed of any material suitable for the purpose and at a reason-

able cost.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 70 Patent, is—

The combination, with the tubular handle A, of the wick-tube B and the tubular extension a', substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

## THOMAS Z. MAGARRELL.

Witnesses:

L. M. FREEMAN, S. A. STARK.