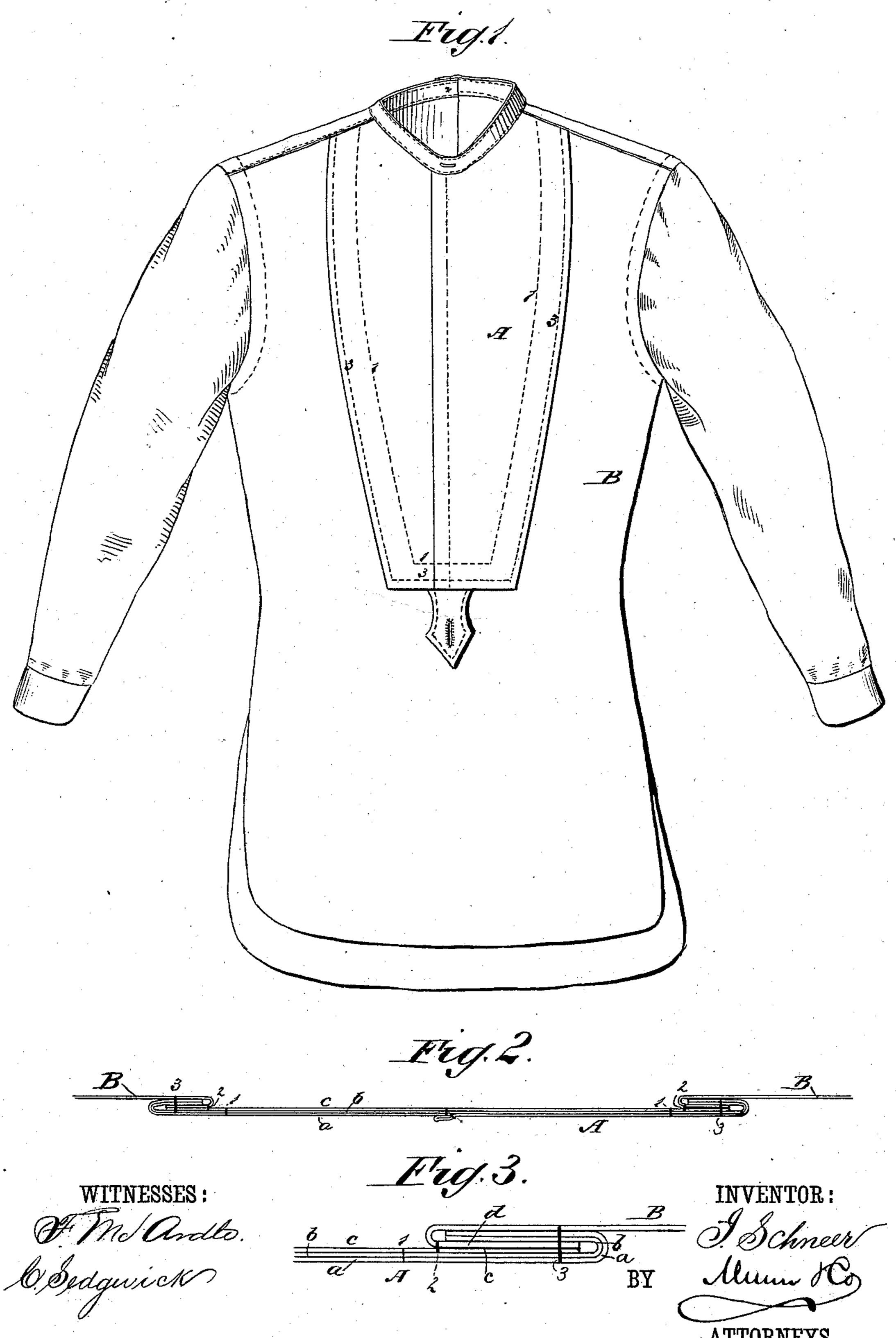
## I. SCHNEER.

SHIRT BOSOM.

No. 254,705.

Patented Mar. 7, 1882.



## United States Patent Office.

ISAAC SCHNEER, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## SHIRT-BOSOM.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 254,705, dated March 7, 1882.

Application filed December 20, 1881. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ISAAC SCHNEER, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Shirt-Bosoms, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of my invention is to dispense with binding-strips in the attachment of bosoms to the body of the shirt, and to strengthen to the shirt on such line of attachment.

The invention consists in an interlocked connection, as hereinafter described and claimed.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a front view of a shirt with the bosom attached in accordance with my invention. Fig. 2 is a transverse section of the bosom and shirt-front; and Fig. 3 is a cross-section, showing the connected edges in larger size.

A is the bosom, and B the shirt-body formed with an opening for the bosom, as usual. The bosom, as shown, consists of a facing, a, lining b, and backing c, and there may be four or more thicknesses, as desired. The bosom is stitched near the edges with a row of stitches, 1, which retains the portions a, b, and c in place. The backing c is cut not as wide as the face and lining, with the object to allow folding of the two latter back behind a forward fold, d, in the edges of the shirt-body, to which

the backing is directly attached by a line, 2, of stitching. The attachment is made by plac- 35 ing the piece c upon the back of the material at the opening, and edge to edge therewith, and connecting them by the lines of stitches 2. This leaves the shirt-body with the forward fold, d, into which the face a and lining b are 40 then folded, and the interlocked folds are then all secured by a line, 3, of stitching placed a short distance from the edge of the bosom. The line 2 of stitching does not appear on the face of the bosom. By this method of secur- 45 ing the bosom it is firmly held, and is not liable to tear away from the shirt-body. There are no edges upon the bosom to interfere with the ironing, as the bosom laps upon the body.

I am aware that it is not new to connect the 50 edges of the bosom and shirt by interlocking folds; but

What I claim as new and of my invention is—

The combination, with a shirt having a forward fold, d, of a three-part bosom having a back, c, projected beyond the parts a b, passed around the fold d, and secured to it by stitches 2, the parts b c being embraced within said fold, and all the parts bound together by the 60 stitches 3, as shown and described.

ISAAC SCHNEER.

Witnesses:

GEO. D. WALKER, C. SEDGWICK.