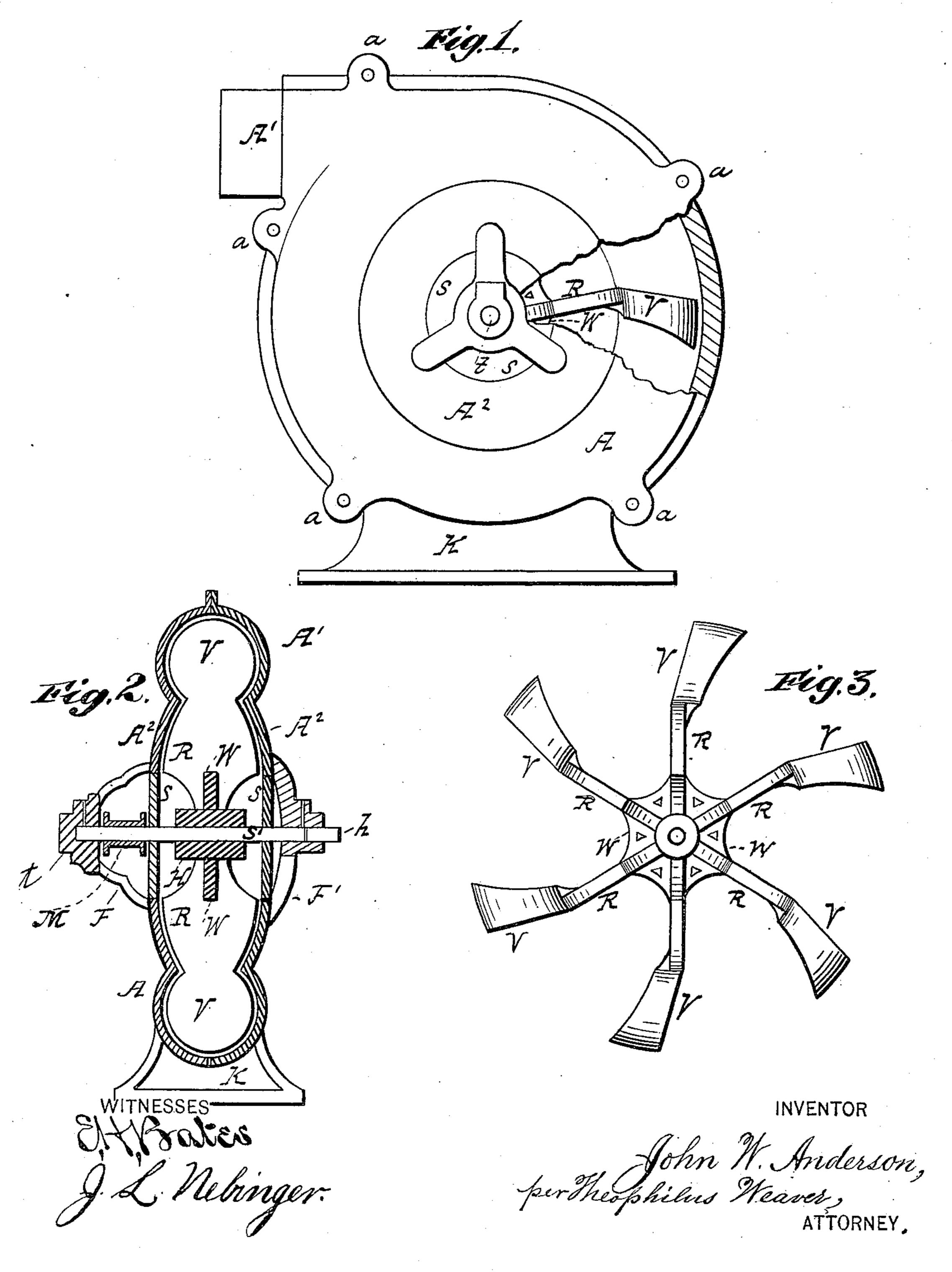
J. W. ANDERSON.

FAN BLOWER.

No. 248,978.

Patented Nov. 1, 1881.



United States Patent Office.

JOHN W. ANDERSON, OF LANCASTER, PENNSYLVANIA.

FAN-BLOWER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 248,978, dated November 1, 1881.

Application filed April 20, 1880. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John W. Anderson, of Lancaster, county of Lancaster, and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Fan-Blower, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates, principally, to the fanwheel in blowers operated by lever and tackle belts by hand, and usually employed for smithfires; and its novel features are, first, a fanwheel with weighted wings, the sectional equivalents of a fly-wheel made with crosssections corresponding with the radial crosssections of the casing conformably inclosing the said wheel; second, connecting the wings of a ballasted fan-wheel with braces connecting its weighted wings.

I attain the objects of my invention—viz., a fan-wheel designed to sustain its momentum 20 and to have uniform motion between the strokes of the lever of the operating mechanism—substantially as illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of my blower-casing, a part being broken away to show a wing of the inclosed fan-wheel. Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional view of my blower-casing and the fan-wheel. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of my fan-wheel.

30 Similar letters refer to similar parts throughout the several views.

The fan-casing is made in two nearly similar sections, having the cylindrical passage A at its periphery communicating with the outlet 35 A', and having the central part, A², swelled, said sections being joined together at ears a and supported on the pedestal K. Brackets F F' on said sections support the ends of the fan-shaft S', which is regulated in place by the adjustable parts h t. The fan-wheel shown in Fig. 3 is the equivalent of a fly-wheel, it having its wings V weighted or heavy, they being sections of a cylindrical ring, transversely

filling the peripheral part of the casing. My said wheel has its blades R of corresponding 45 size and form, to nearly fill the cross-section of the casing at A^2 . Said blades R are webbed or connected together by a central disk, W, about the hub H.

M represents a fixed pulley on my wheel- 50 shaft, it being designed to be run by tackle-belts directly by any suitable appliance for communicating rotary motion to the fanwheel.

I make the air-inlets S of my fan-casing abundantly large, that my fan-wheel may act mainly at its wings, where they sweep the gradually-lessened cross-section of the swelled part A² thereof. The extremities of the wings V are made to slant or deflect rearward, for 60 the purpose of taking the air after it has been swept into the part A of the casing and delivering it by crowding or forced centrifugal action.

I construct my fan-wheel with ballasted 65 wings for two reasons: first, to avoid the necessity of having an additional fly-wheel to secure uniform motion between strokes of a hand actuating-lever or other mechanism; second, to secure a longer run of the wheel after the actuating appliance ceases to propel.

I claim as my invention—

The fan-wheel consisting of the webbed central part, H R W, and weighted wings V, the sectional equivalents of a fly-wheel centrally 75 arranged in a casing, A A², whose cross-sections conform to said wings, and operating substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my invention I have hereunto set my hand and 80 seal this 10th day of May, 1881.

JOHN W. ANDERSON. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

THEOPHILUS WEAVER, PETER STUCKER.