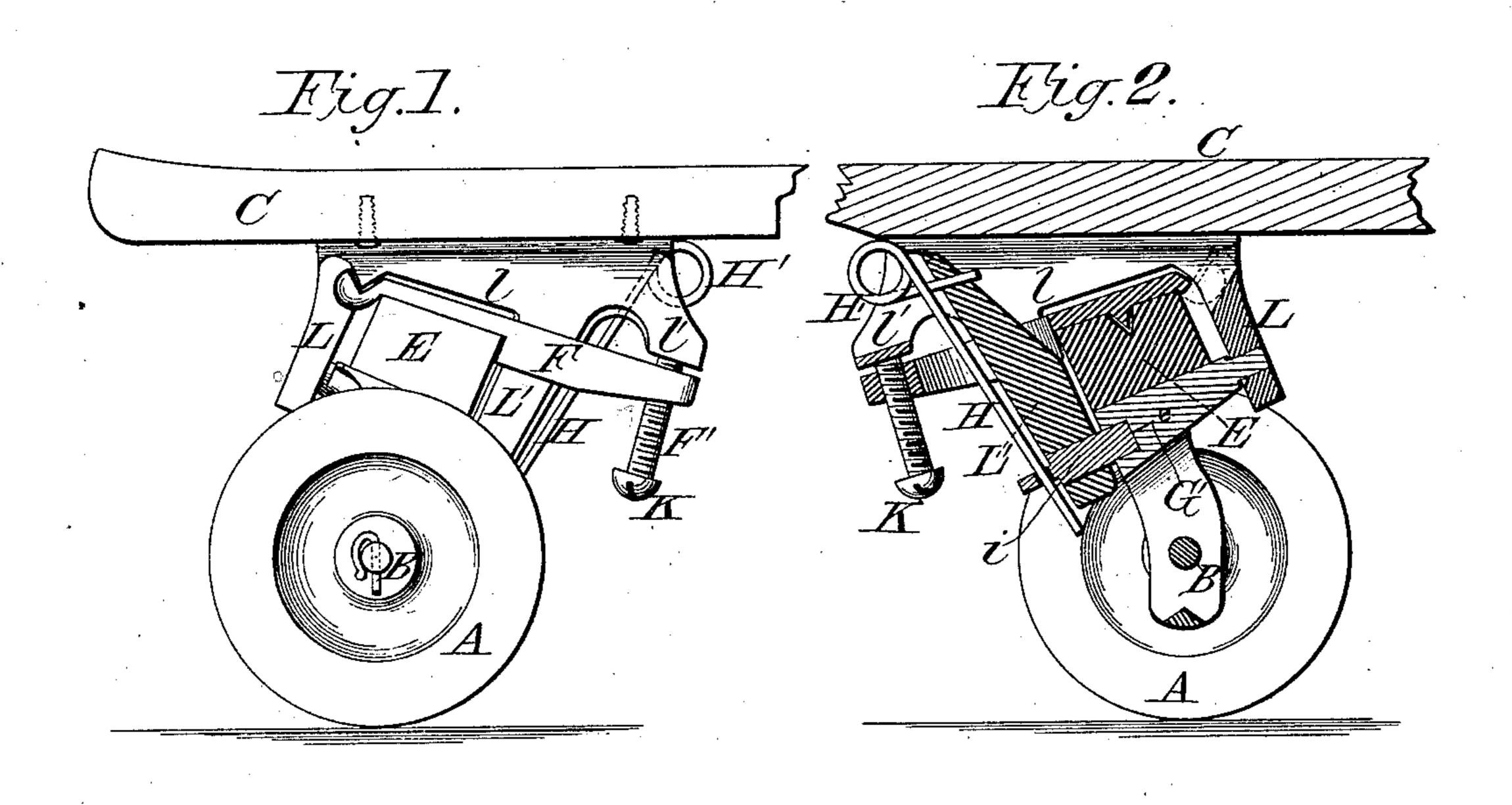
(Model.)

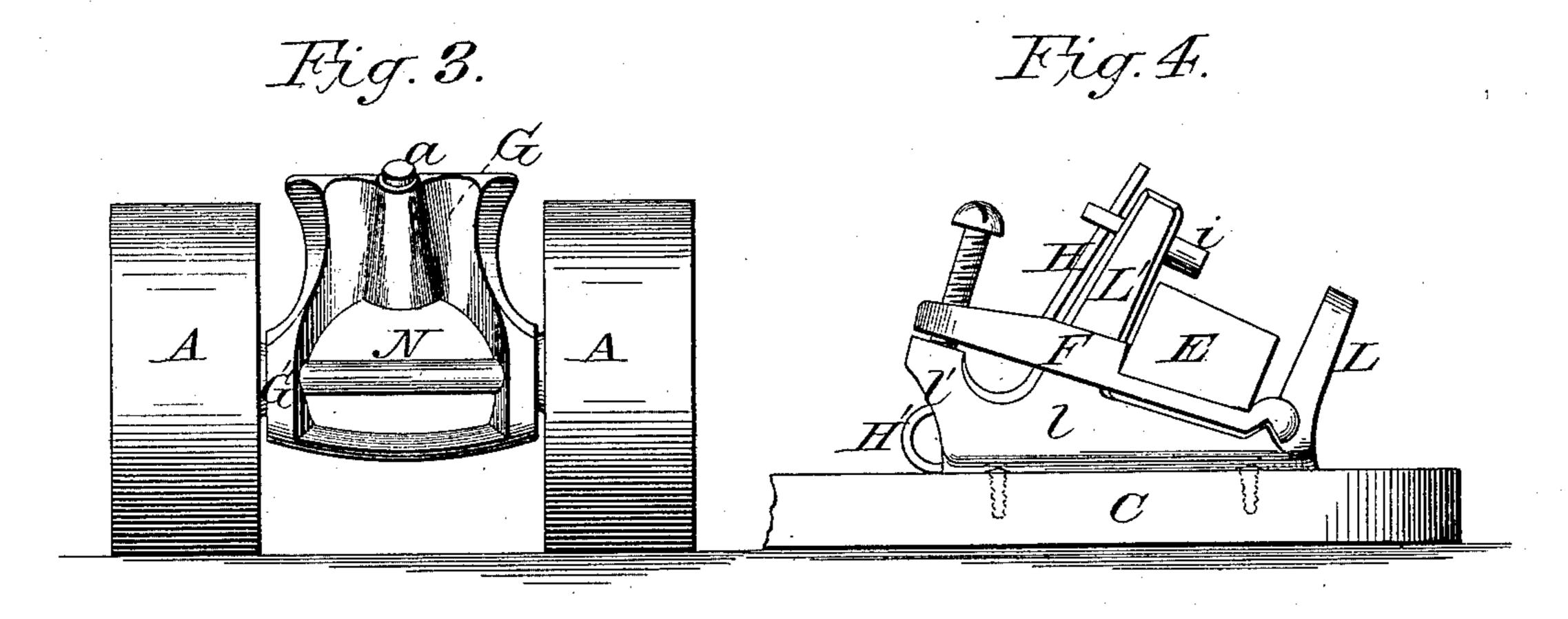
M. C. HENLEY.

ROLLER SKATE.

No. 245,950.

Patented Aug. 23, 1881.





Mitnesses: M. J. Dennis M. H. Conner Troventor: Moicajah, C. Henley.

United States Patent Office.

MICAJAH C. HENLEY, OF RICHMOND, INDIANA.

ROLLER-SKATES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 245,950, dated August 23, 1881.

Application filed May 23, 1881. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, MICAJAH C. HENLEY, of Richmond, Wayne county, Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements 5 in Roller-Skates; and I hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the drawings which accompany this specification, forming a part thereof, and to the letters of reference 10 marked thereon.

My invention consists in making the axle upon which the hanging frame of the foot-piece rests, and upon which it oscillates, detachable and capable of being easily and quickly re-15 moved while the skate is on the foot, by this means allowing the trucks and truck-frame to be detached from the upper portion of the skate.

My improvement further consists in securing the said axle firmly in position by a lever-

20 spring.

The nature of my improvement consists in the employment of an independent adjustable pressure-plate in conjunction with a rubber spring, by which the rigidity of the rubber 25 spring is graduated, and its flexibility made to conform to the weight of the wearer by means of a temper-screw operating on the said pressure-plate.

It further consists in the use of a removable 30 axle or pivot-pin, in combination with a spring and lever, said axle or pin connecting the truckframe with the foot-piece, and permitting them to be disconnected at the will of the wearer without being removed from the foot.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation of the front end of the skate. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal vertical section of the same. Fig. 3 is an end elevation of the truck or wheels and frame. Fig. 4 is an inverted plan of the plat-40 form of a section of the skate, showing the metallic frame by which the trucks are attached to the skate-platform, and the detachable axle

and spring in position.

Like letters refer to like parts. In Fig. 1, C is the platform or foot-piece of

the skate. A is the wheel. B is the axle on which the wheel revolves.

LL' are supports secured to the platform of the skate, as shown in Fig. 2, the inside sur-50 faces of which are parallel to each other, and | in which the end of the axle i, after passing 100

are constructed at an angle with the plane of the platform C, L being the shorter. These supports L L' are united at the top by a plate, l, upon which the platform rests and to which it is secured. The support L is made shorter 55 than L', producing an angle in the bearings. The plate l, which forms the top of the frame, in connection with the supports LL', is extended forward in the form of a curved lug, l', which forms a bearing for and receives the point of 60 the temper-screw K.

F is a pressure-plate, pivoted at the rear end on a V-shaped rib on the plate l, the corresponding end of the pressure-plate F being provided with a recess across it of the shape and form 65 corresponding with the rib upon which it rests, and which allows a perpendicular motion of

the opposite end.

The lower surface of the plate F is provided with a recess traversing its width to receive 70 and retain in place a rectangular spring; and K is a temper-screw working in the end of the pressure-plate, which is provided with a thread forming a nut for said screw, by which a greater or less pressure is given to the spring E. The 75 screw K has its point resting on the lug l'.

The pressure-plate is constructed with an opening or slot, in which the support L' is fixed, and which also incloses the lever H of the spring H'. The pressure-plate F is allowed a 80 vertical motion on the support L', which at the same time prevents a lateral motion.

E is a rectangular spring, made of rubber or other suitable material, placed in a position between the under surface of the pressure-plate 85 F and the upper surface of the truck frame G', which is fitted to receive it. By the elasticity of the spring a lateral rocking motion is permitted in the platform of the skate, at the will of the operator, and which is graduated and regulated 90 by the density imparted to the spring E by the action of the temper-screw K on the pressureplate F. The support L has a hole in its lower portion to receive a lug, a, attached to the upper surface of the truck-frame G'. The sup- 95 port L' is provided with a similar hole in corresponding position to receive the axle i.

The upper plate of the truck-frame G' has an opening, e, at a point opposite to the lug a,

through the support L', is received. The lug | a and the axle i thus form bearings upon which the platform and the devices attached are permitted a lateral rocking motion. The axle i 5 is formed with an eye at its outer end to receive the lever H of the spring H', which is attached to the rear end of the plate l. The truck-frame G' is in stirrup form, the upper portion made with a plain surface, the front ro of which is provided with a lug, a, and the rear of which has an opening, e. The sides of the truck-frame, near the lower part, are bored to receive the axle of the truck upon which the wheels revolve, and constitute the bearings 15 of the frame G' of the truck, and also serve as shoulders for the inside of the wheels. N is the axle, having its bearings in the sides of the truck-frame G', and provided with openings at the ends to receive such devices as may be 20 required to confine the wheels.

I am aware that a pressure - plate has been used in connection with a temper-screw operating on its surface to give greater density to the spring, in which the screw only operated in one direction; but it will be seen that in this case the end of the pressure - plate is both raised and lowered by the action of the screw K, while

the opposite end is at rest.

I am also aware that a set-screw has been used in the hanger-frame, the point of which 30 formed a pivot upon which the rocking motion of the upper portion of the skate was permitted, whereas the axle i, as herein described, forms a stronger and more durable bearing, and is held rigidly in position by the spring H' and lever H, 35 allowing it to be withdrawn quickly and without the use of tools, thus disconnecting the trucks from the foot-piece without removing the skate from the foot.

Having thus fully described my said invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The pressure-plate F, pivoted at one end and adjustable at the opposite end, provided with a recess on its lower surface, and constructed with a slot or opening, in the manner and for the purpose as herein described.

2. The combination of the temper-screw K, the pressure-plate F, and bearing l', as set forth.

3. The combination of the axle i, spring H'.

3. The combination of the axle i, spring H', 50 and lever H, in the manner and for the purposes as set forth.

MICAJAH C. HENLEY.

Witnesses:

W. T. DENNIS, C. J. GEIER.