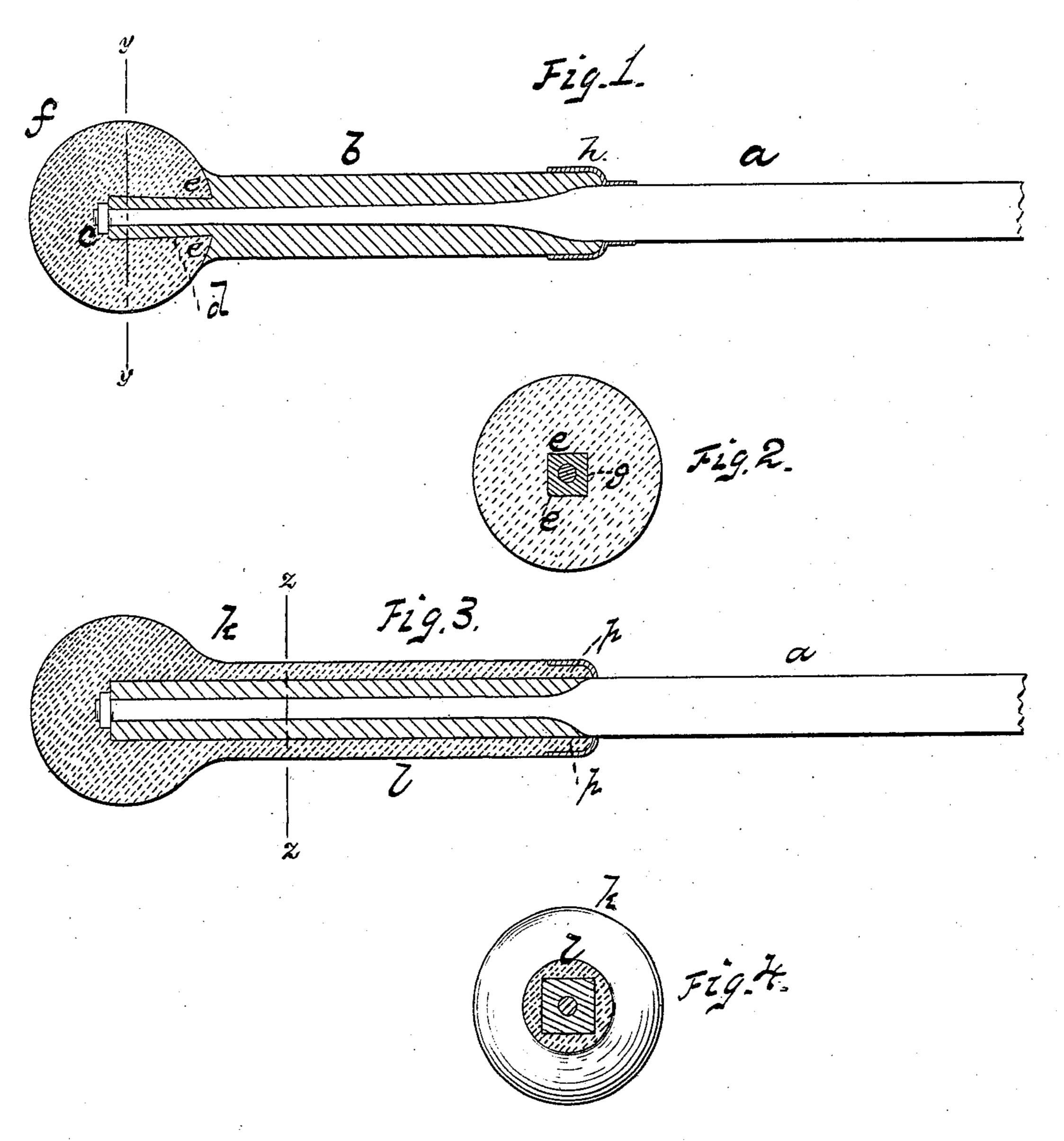
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HANDLE FOR VELOCIPEDES.

No. 245,542.

Patented Aug. 9, 1881.

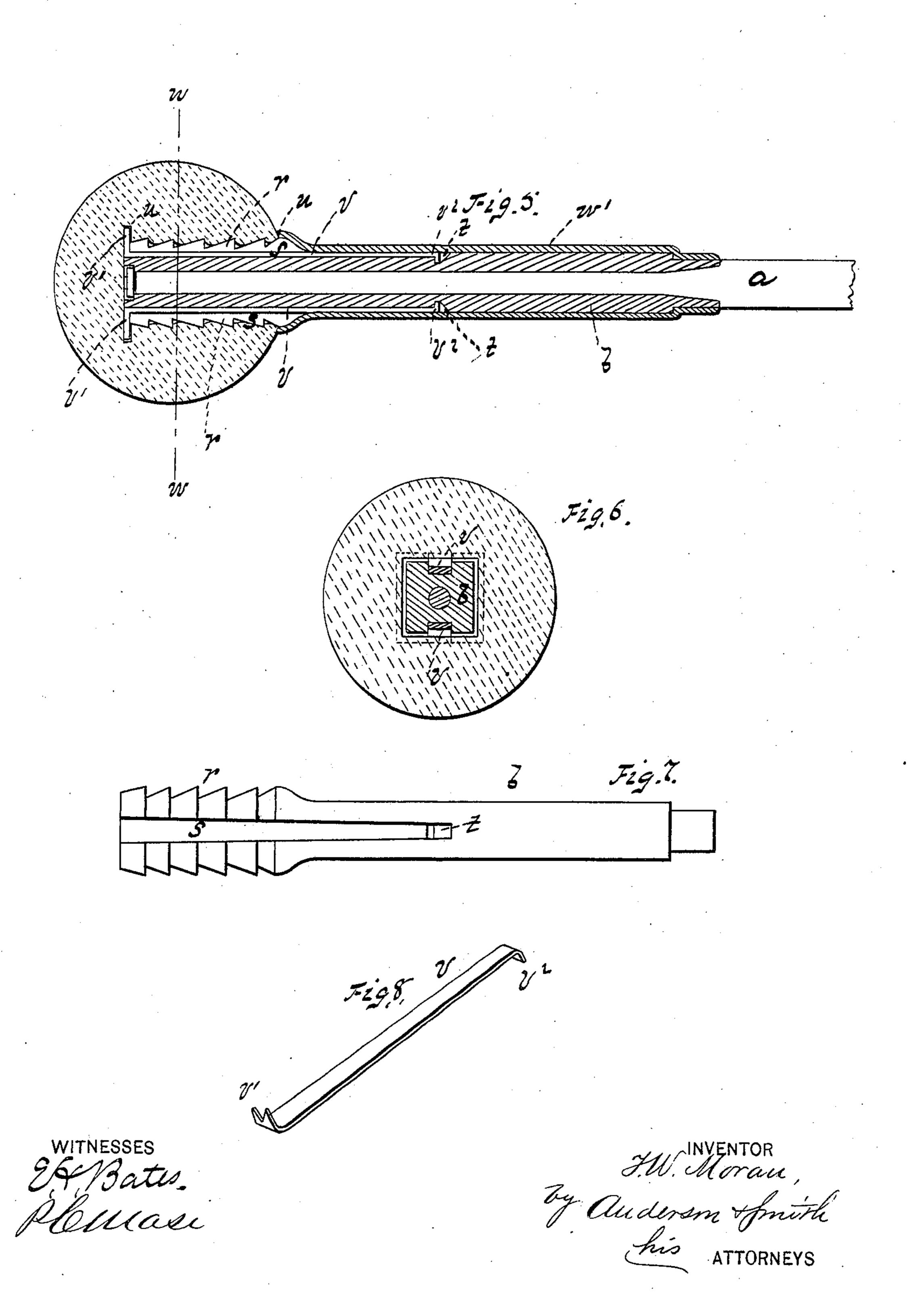


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United States Patent Office.

THOMAS W. MORAN, OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

HANDLE FOR VELOCIPEDES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 245,542, dated August 9, 1881.

Application filed June 18, 1881. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Thomas W. Moran, a citizen of the United States, resident of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson and State of 5 Kentucky, have invented a new and valuable Improvement in the Handles of Bicycles and Velocipedes; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, 10 reference being had to the annexed drawings, making a part of this specification, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon.

Figure 1 of the drawings is a representation of longitudinal section of one form of my in-15 vention. Fig. 2 is a cross-section of the same, taken on the line y y of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal section of another form of my invention; and Fig. 4 is a cross-section of the same, taken on the line zz. Figs. 5, 6, 7, and 20 8 show different views of a modification.

This invention relates to improvements in velocipedes; and it consists in providing them with rubber handles, all as hereinafter set forth.

The object of the invention is to provide a device for counteracting the jar on the hands in traveling and preventing injury to the machine in falling.

In the annexed drawings, the letter a desig-30 nates the handle-bar of a velocipede, to the ends of which the handles are attached.

In applying my invention the ordinary handle is removed, and in its place there is sleeved on the ends of the bar a block of wood, b, fit-35 ting such ends snugly, and held in position by the handle-nuts c, and forming the core. The ends d of these blocks are reduced and made square, forming shoulders e.

f represents a ball of rubber, having made 40 in it the hole g, squared to suit the ends d of the blocks. These balls are put in place by will be held by their resiliency. If preferred, cement may be used between the balls and the 45 ends. The ends d of the blocks are made larger at the extremities than at the shoulders, giving a tight fit. In using these blocks the ferrules h, at their inner ends, may be made of the usual length or to extend up over the block so to the rubber ball.

on velocipedes as now constructed, though equally applicable to any that may be made.

By the use of this rubber handle it is seen that the object of this invention is accom- 55 plished. While riding, the hands and, by consequence, the body of the rider are relieved of all jars; and if the machine should fall, the handle would strike and relieve the blow, preventing breakage.

In Figs. 3 and 4 are shown a modification of the device. This consists of a rubber handle, k, in which the ball is made with a stem, l, and is slipped over the wooden block, which is squared its entire length to receive the han- 65 dle. This rubber handle fits entirely over the wooden block, the whole of the latter in this case forming the core, and the inner end, p, of the stem comes up under the ferrule.

These handles may be made by placing the 70 nut on the end of the core-block and then molding the rubber over them. They are then put in position by slipping the handles thus constructed over the ends of the handle-bar and turning them until the nuts are screwed 75 home.

If desired, these handles may be vulcanized on, though the elasticity of the rubber would hold them securely in place.

A still further form is shown in Figs. 5, 6, 7, 80 and 8. In this instance the core-block is larger at its outer end, which is provided with serrations r, and grooves s are made on opposite sides of the block, running from its outer end inward, depressions t being made at their in-85 ner ends. The ball of rubber has a hole, u, made in it, adapted to the end of the coreblock. Spring-catches v, having bent prongs v' and turned down ends v^2 , are placed with their prongs in the hole u, catching into the 90 rubber. These catches are arranged on opposite sides of the hole, and their ends are bent slipping them over the ends of the blocks, and | in opposite directions. The ball, with the catches, is slipped on the core-block, the catches resting in the grooves s and the ends v^2 in the 95 depressions t. The extended ferrules w' would be used in this case, and are slipped on over the block, and hold the catches in place. This form is especially desirable with soft rubber.

I am aware that a rubber handle has been 100 patented for knives, screw-drivers, &c., and The form above described is adapted for use | therefore make no broad claim for a rubber

handle, but only in its application to velocipedes, wherein it has uses and functions not at all considered or contemplated in its former adaptation.

I claim—

1. The handle of a velocipede provided with rubber ends, as set forth.

2. The handle of a velocipede, in combination with rubber tips sleeved upon its ends, as set forth.

3. A rubber handle for a velocipede, consisting of a ball and neck combined in one piece, as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the above I have hereunto subscribed my name in the presence 15 of two witnesses.

THOS. W. MORAN.

Witnesses:

W. H. SINGLETON, THEO. MUNGEN.

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