(Model.)

## E. GREASLY.

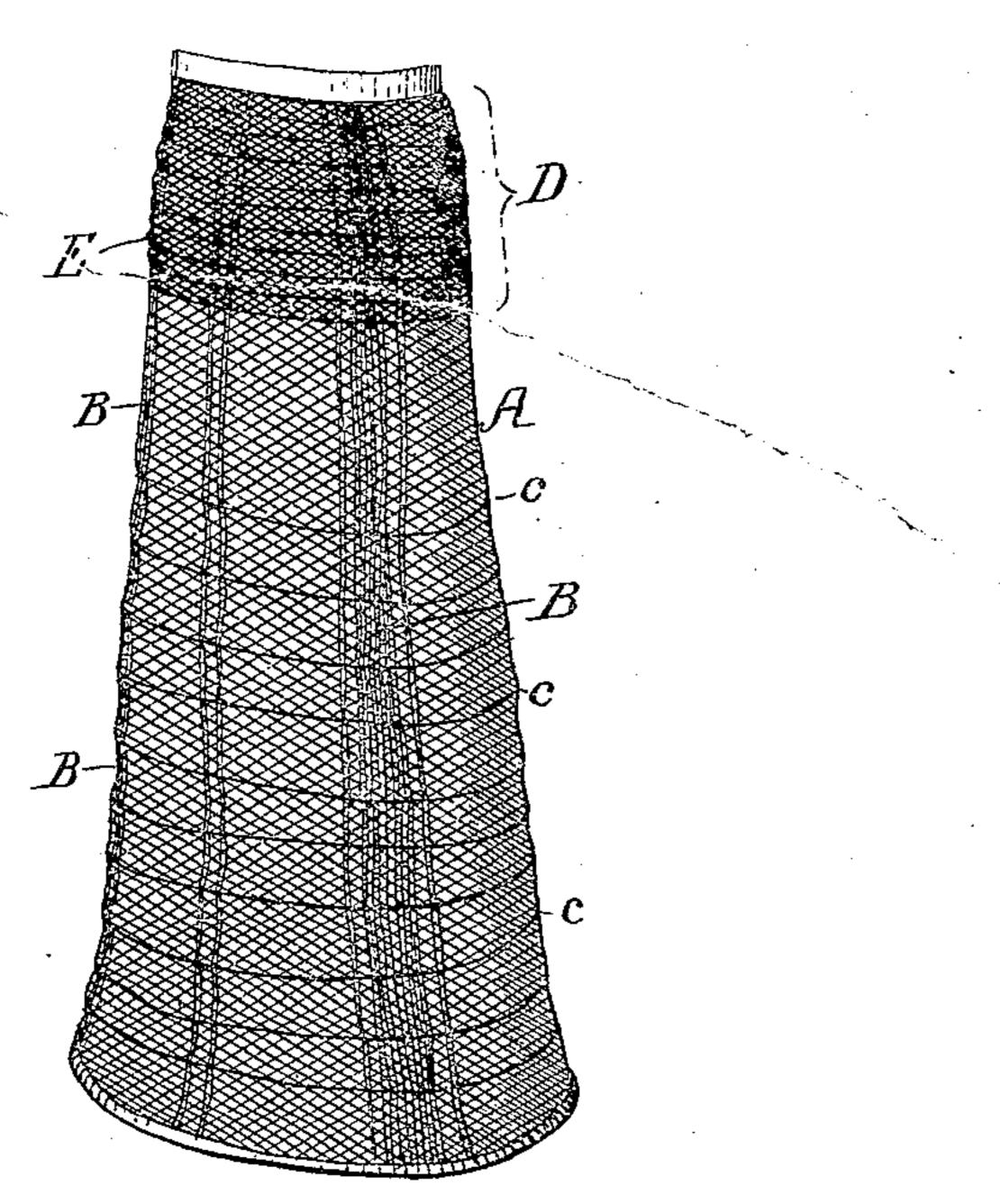
HOOP SKIRT.

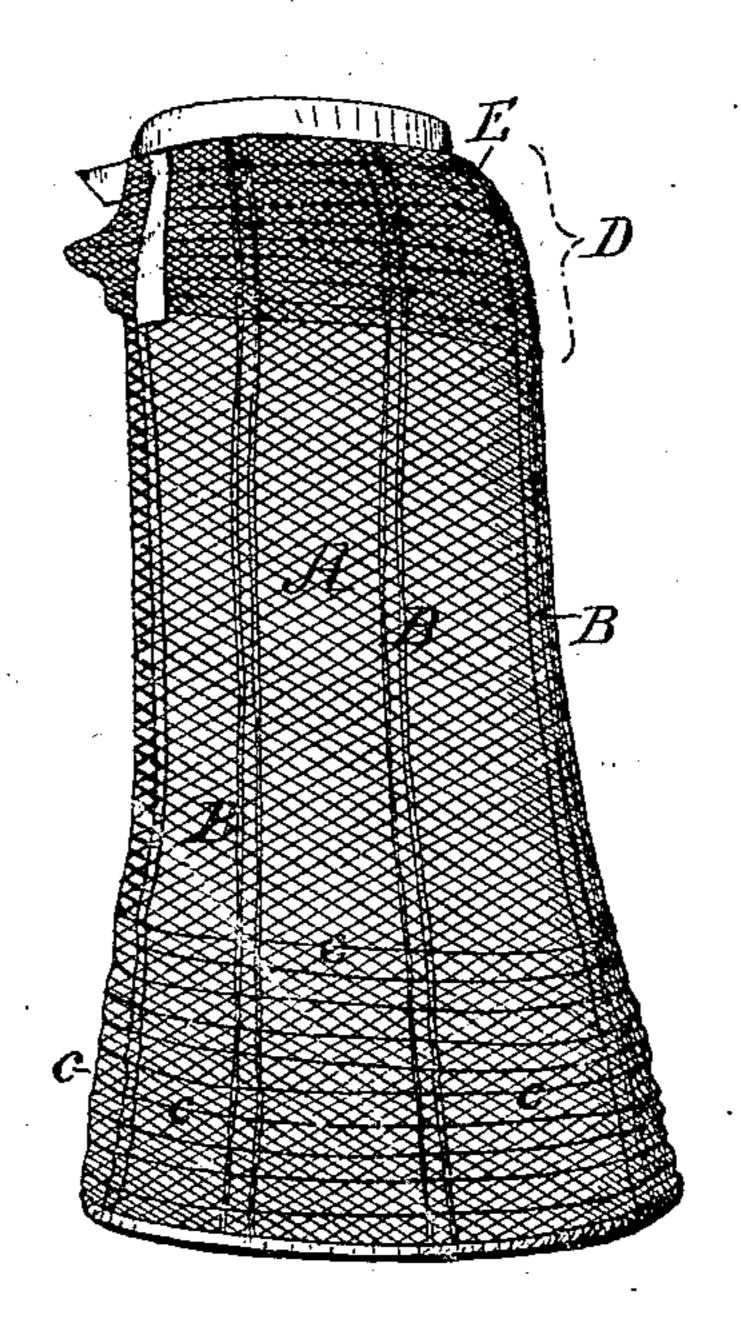
No. 245,483.

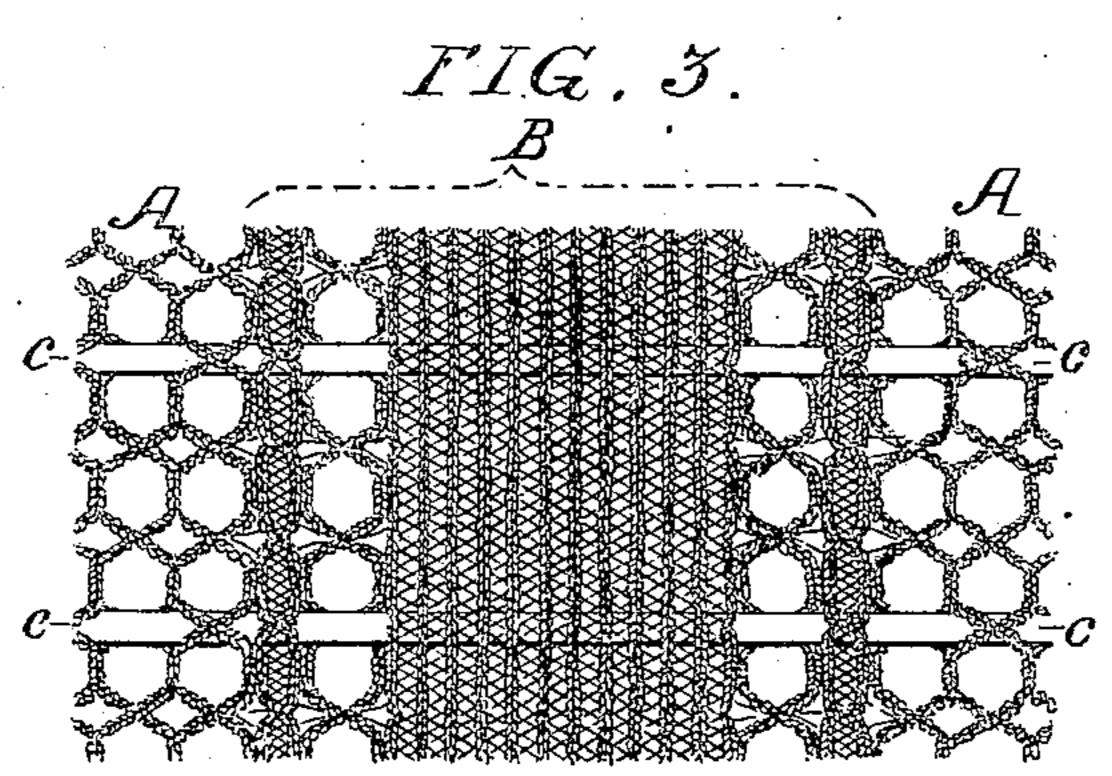
Patented Aug. 9, 1881.

IIG.1.

IIG.2.







Witnesses, James F. Jobin H.S. Fulenwider.

Town and fred to Town and my his attorneys.

## United States Patent Office.

EDMUND GREASLY, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

## HOOP-SKIRT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 245,483, dated August 9, 1881.

Application filed June 17, 1881. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, EDMUND GREASLY, a citizen of the United States, residing in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, have invented certain Improvements in Hoop-Skirts, of which the fol-

lowing is a specification.

The object of my invention is to render the skirt strong and durable, to dispense with the usual metallic fastenings, and to prevent the set of the wearer from catching in the hoops at the front of the skirt in walking. These objects I attain in the manner hereinafter set forth, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a view of a hoop-skirt made according to my invention; Fig. 2, a view of another form of skirt; and Fig. 3, a view, on a

larger scale, of a portion of the skirt.

In carrying out my invention I first produce 20 on a suitable knitting-machine a skirt of open net-work, A, having formed therein at intervals vertical bands B, of a more closely-knitted character than the body of the skirt. With the skirt so manufactured I then combine the 25 hoops C, consisting of flat steel springs bent to the proper shape and provided with a suitable covering. These hoops, before being joined together at the ends, are passed in and out through the meshes of the net-work forming 30 the skirt, and through the closer meshes of the vertical bands B, as shown in Fig. 3, said network and bands serving to hold the hoops in their proper vertical position without the aid of any of the usual and objectionable metal 35 clips or fastenings, the only metal clip about each hoop being that which joins the ends. The vertical bands serve to greatly strengthen the skirt and prevent the same from sagging, while the net-work of which the body of the 40 skirt is composed prevents the feet of the wearer from becoming entangled in the hoops

at the front of the skirt in walking.

At the top of the skirt is a portion, D, more

closely knitted than the body of the skirt and extending some distance from the waist-strap, 45 this portion being combined with hoops E, so as to form a bustle and afford an efficient support for the outer garments, which rely upon it for their proper shape. The skirt may be made without this closely-knitted and hooped 50 bustle portion, although the latter is preferred.

I am aware that hoops have been used in connection with open-work or netted skirts, as in Landenberger's patent, No. 20,720, June 29, 1858; but such skirts have not the vertical 55 strengthening and hoop-supporting bands, which form essential features of my improved skirt. Net-work bands have also been used, instead of woven tapes, in making skeleton-skirts; but one of the main objects of my in-60 vention is to overcome the defects of such skeleton-skirts.

Without claiming broadly, therefore, either a net-work skirt or a net-work band,

I claim as my invention, and desire to secure 65, by Letters Patent—-

1. A hoop-skirt consisting of an open network body, A, having at intervals vertical strengthening-bands B, knitted in one web with, but of closer texture than, the body, in 70 connection with hoops C, passed through the meshes of the skirt and bands and supported thereby, as set forth.

2. A hoop-skirt consisting of an open network body, A, having hoops C, and furnished 75 at the top with a bustle portion, D, more closely knitted than the body, and provided with

hoops E, as set forth.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two 80 subscribing witnesses.

EDMUND GREASLY.

Witnesses:

JAMES F. TOBIN, HARRY SMITH.