

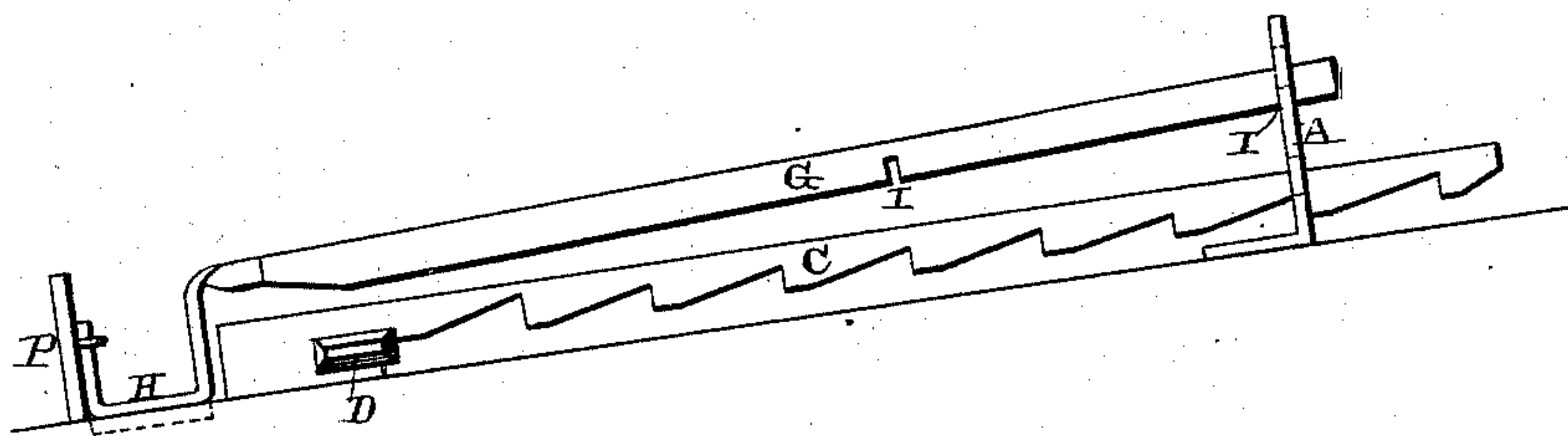
(No Model.)

E. R. GAY.  
Shingle Gage.

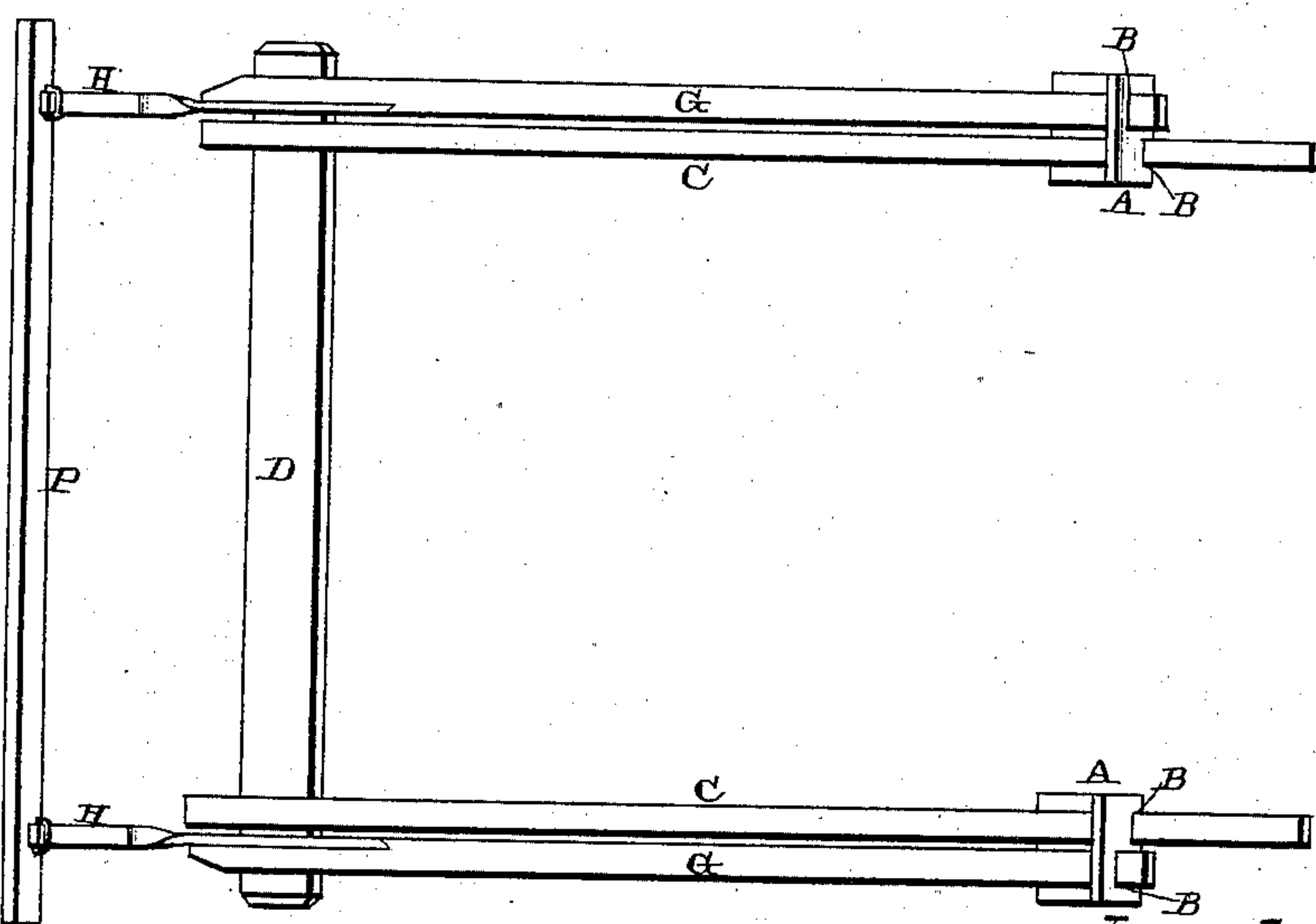
No. 239,762.

Patented April 5, 1881.

*Fig. 1.*



*Fig. 2.*



WITNESSES.

*Wm. W. Mortimer.*  
*A. Kiskadden.*

INVENTOR.  
*E. R. Gay,*  
per  
*F. A. Lehmann,*  
att'y.



# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWARD R. GAY, OF NEVADA, TEXAS.

## SHINGLE-GAGE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 239,762, dated April 5, 1881.

Application filed December 1, 1880. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, EDWARD R. GAY, of Nevada, in the county of Collin and State of Texas, have invented certain new and useful  
5 Improvements in Shingle-Gages; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and use it, reference being  
10 had to the accompanying drawings, which form part of this specification.

My invention relates to an improvement in combined shingle-gages and scaffolds; and it consists, first, in the combination of perforated  
15 metallic brackets which are secured to the upper portion of the roof, and two rods or bars having ratchets formed in their under edges and which pass through these brackets, and a straight rod or bar which connects the lower  
20 end of the two ratcheted bars together and serves as a guide for nailing down the shingles, as will be more fully described hereinafter.

My invention further consists in a scaffold composed of two bars which have their upper  
25 ends passed through the brackets, and which are notched on their under sides so as to hold them in position, and which are provided at their lower ends with suitably-bent irons or hooks, upon which the scaffold or safety-plank  
30 is secured.

The object of my invention is to provide a suitable means by which the shingles can be nailed straight across the roof with much  
35 greater ease and rapidity than has heretofore been possible, and to combine therewith a safety device or scaffold which will prevent the men from slipping down over the side of the roof.

Figure 1 is a side elevation of my invention.  
40 Fig. 2 is a plan view of the same.

A represents a suitable metallic bracket, which is fastened in any suitable manner to the upper portion of the roof, and which has two openings, B, made through it. Through  
45 the opening which is made nearest to its bottom is passed a bar, C, having its lower edge formed into ratchets, as shown in Fig. 1, and which bar extends down over the top of the house that is to be shingled. There are two  
50 of these brackets and two rods used, and the two rods are connected together at their lower

ends by means of a straight rod or bar, D, which serves as a guide by which to nail the shingles on in a straight line. This rod D is passed through a hole or opening in the lower  
55 end of each one of the rods C and extends horizontally along the roof, just below where the layer of shingles is to be put on. By using this rod as a guide all need of marks, holes, and other such guides as have heretofore been  
60 used is entirely done away with, and the operator can nail the shingles down in position as fast as he can handle them. As fast as one row or layer of shingles has been nailed into position the rods are pushed upward through the  
65 metallic brackets just one notch or ratchet, and the guide is in position ready for the next layer.

Used in connection with this shingle-gage is a scaffold, which consists of the two rods or bars G, which have the bent irons or hooks H  
70 secured to their lower ends. These rods G have a suitable number of notches, I, made in their lower edges, and the upper ends of the rods are passed through the two upper holes in the bracket A. The bent irons or hooks are  
75 shaped as shown in Fig. 1, and to them is attached, by means of staples, a board, P, which serves for the workmen to rest against while nailing on the shingles. This board extends  
80 horizontally along the roof at any suitable distance below the guide by which the shingles are nailed in position, and serves to prevent the men from slipping off the roof while at work. The men, by having this safety-guard below  
85 them, can move about with the utmost safety upon the roof in any kind of weather, and hence are enabled to work much more rapidly than where they have nothing but the usual supports to rest against.

The board may be attached to the bent irons,  
90 as shown in Fig. 1 in solid lines, or to the lower part of the hooks, as shown in dotted lines. When attached as shown in dotted lines, the board may be used down below the lower edge of the roof as a support for the men to stand  
95 upon in nailing on the first layers of shingles.

Having thus described my invention, I claim—

1. A shingle-gage consisting of the metallic brackets A, rods C, having suitable ratchets  
100 cut in their lower edges, and a rod for connecting their lower ends together, and which serves

as a guide for nailing on the shingles, substantially as shown.

2. The combination of the brackets A, having the openings B through them, the notched  
5 rods C, and cross-rod D, with the notched rods G, hooks H, and plank P, the parts being combined to operate, substantially as shown.

3. The combination of the brackets A, the  
10 rods G, having notches cut in them to catch in the brackets, the hooks H, and the board

P, the parts being arranged to form a scaffold to be used in shingling houses, substantially as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of 15  
October, 1880.

EDWARD R. GAY.

Witnesses:

H. S. PUCKETT,

H. M. M. BRUMMETT.