

(No Model.)

E. NORTON.
Sheet-Metal Cover for Cans.

No. 235,280.

Patented Dec. 7, 1880.

Fig. 1.

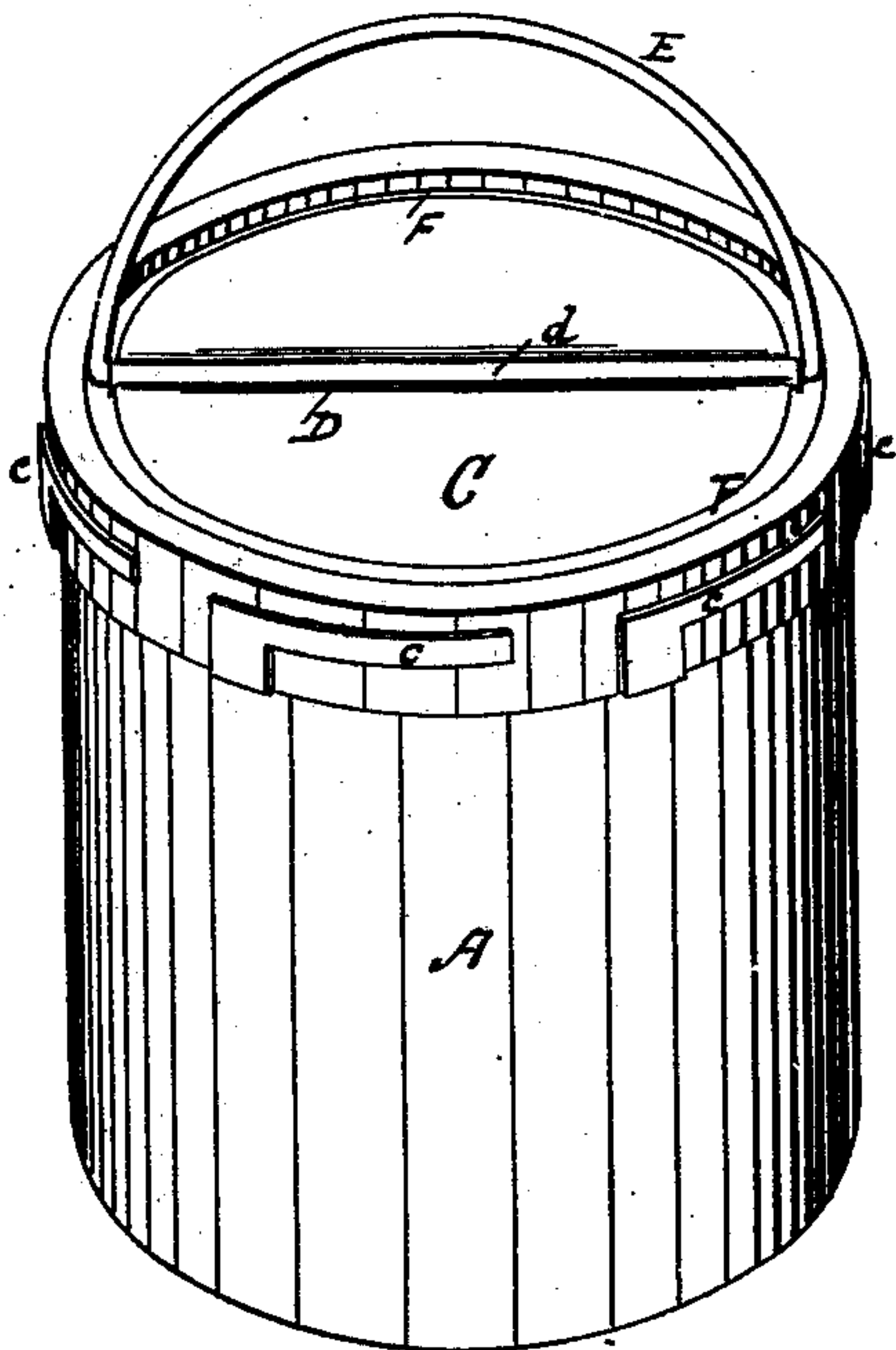


Fig. 2.

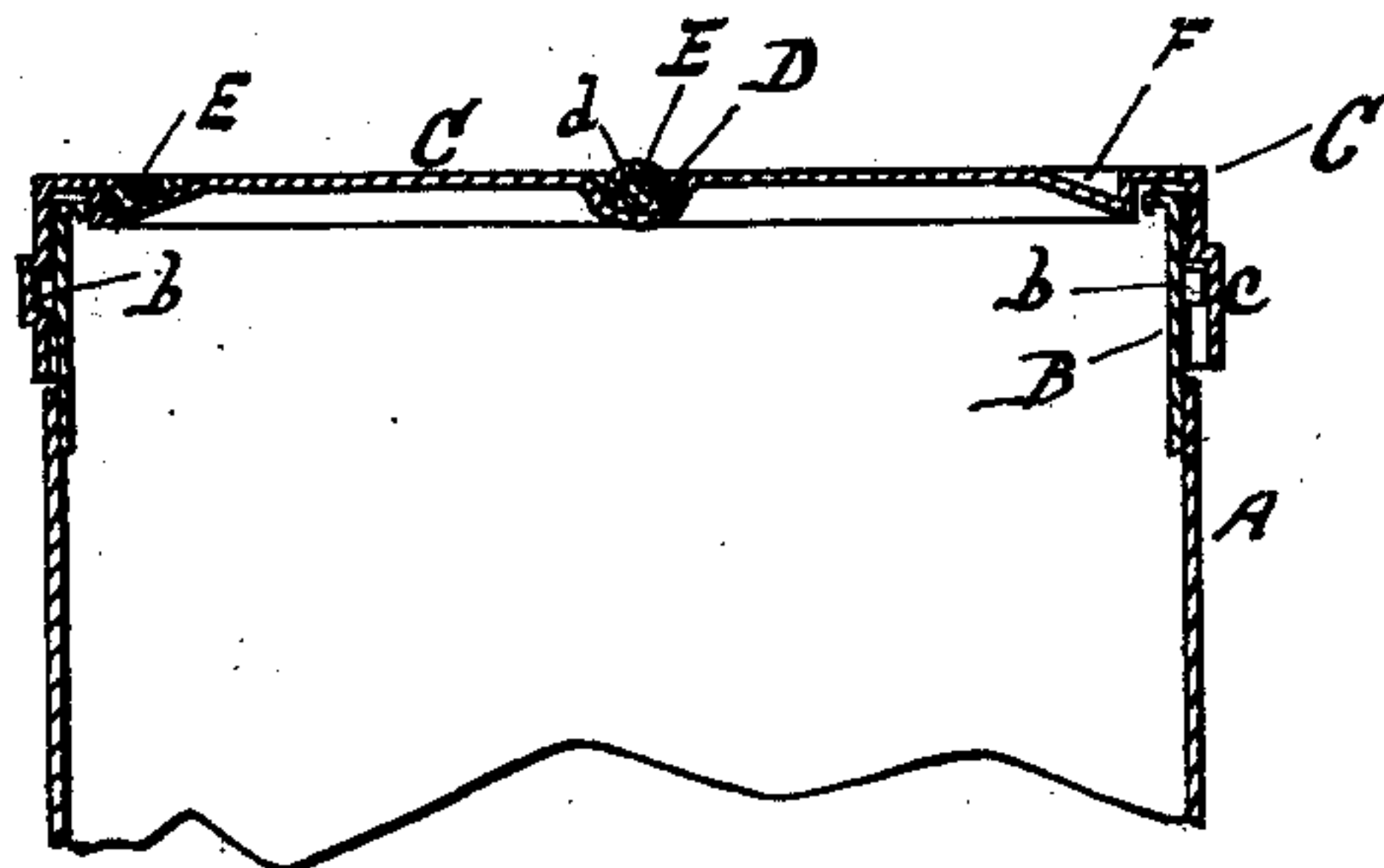
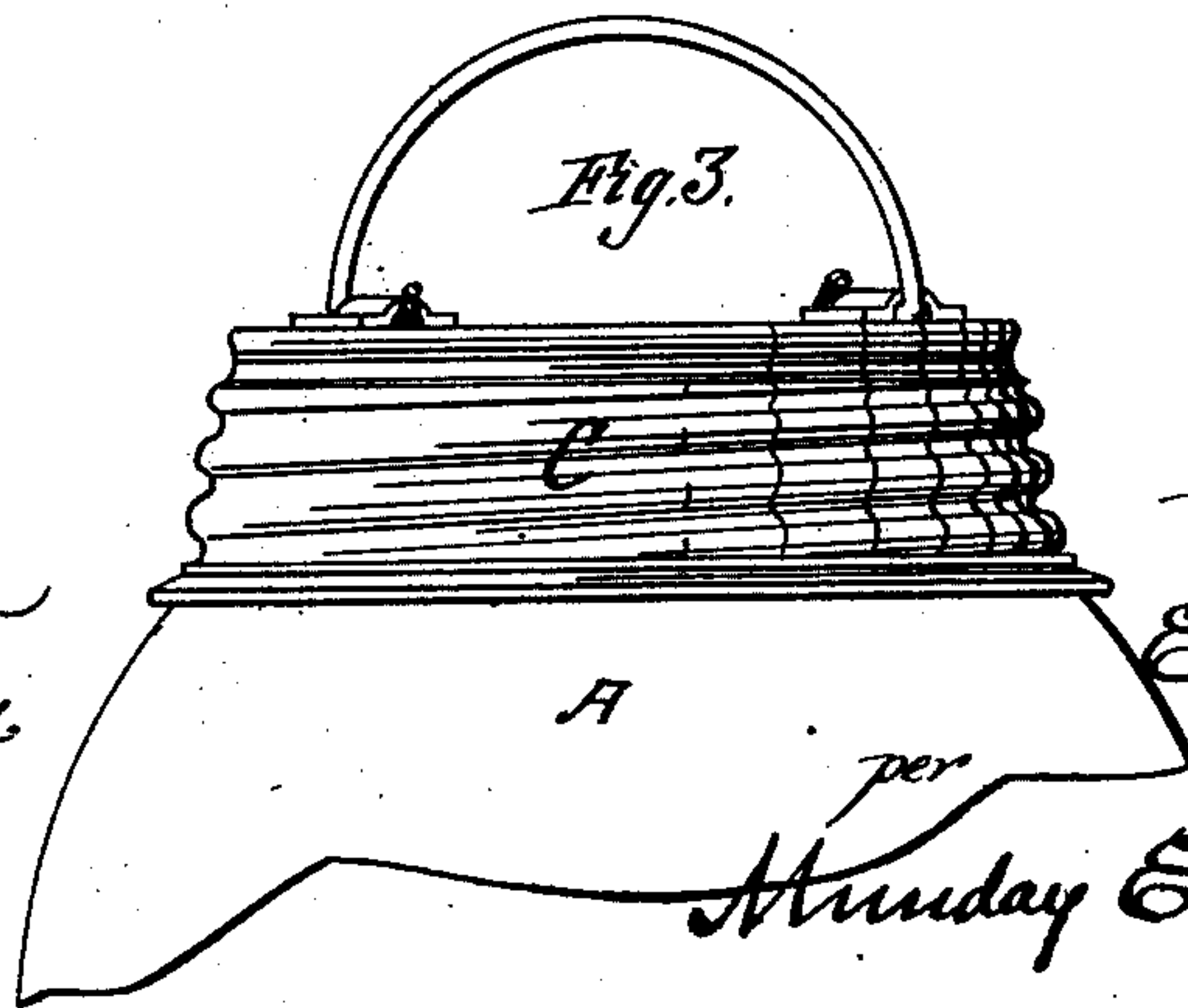


Fig. 3.



Witnesses:
F. B. Leonard
A. W. Munday

Inventor:

Edwin Norton

per
Munday, Emerts & Adcock
Attorneys

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWIN NORTON, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

SHEET-METAL COVER FOR CANS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 235,280, dated December 7, 1880.

Application filed June 4, 1880. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWIN NORTON, of the city of Chicago, county of Cook, and State of Illinois, have invented certain Improvements
5 in Sheet-Metal Covers for Cans, Fruit-Jars, and Metal Packages; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, which will enable
10 others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to improvements in sheet-metal covers for cans, fruit-jars, and metal packages, in which the metal cover is secured and applied to the body of the package
15 or jar by means of screw-threads or other like coupling devices for fastening the cover upon the can by giving the cover a rotary motion.

Heretofore much trouble has been experienced from the fact that the covers when
20 firmly screwed down to place become set from the corrosion of the metallic surface, and from the drying up of varnish, paint, or oil in the screw-threads, if the can contains such articles,
25 and from other causes, so that unless a wrench is used it is almost impossible, in many cases, to open them. The wrenches get lost and are not always at hand, and much inconvenience is thereby occasioned to the house-
30 keeper or person having occasion to open the packages.

The object of my present invention is to obviate this difficulty, and at the same time provide a suitable bail for handling or carrying
35 the package; and this result I accomplish by securing to the top of the sheet-metal cover a suitable wire bail, which may be used both as a fulcrum for the purpose of turning the cover down upon the can or package, and also as a
40 bail for carrying the package, as the cover is firmly secured thereto by means of the threads or couplings. The bail is secured to the top of the cover by means of a tubular or partly tubular metal strip covering the straight portion
45 of the bail, and soldered over it to the top of the cover, so that the cover is nowhere perforated or punctured, which would be very objectionable, especially in cans or jars designed to be closed air-tight. As applied to
50 sheet-metal packages, I provide the top of the cover with a diametrical groove, in which the

straight portion of the bail is partially embedded or sunk, and in or to which the tubular metal strip covering the bail is soldered; and I also provide the top of the cover with a
55 circular groove near its rim, in which the circular portion of the bail will fold or lie down in this groove below or just flush with the top edge of the cover, so that the bail will thus offer no obstruction whatever to packing the
60 cans close, and one on top of another, for transportation. By sinking the straight portion of the bail in such diametrical groove in the top of the cover a better and stronger, as well as
65 neater, construction is attained, and no part of the bail projecting above the top surface of the cover, it offers no obstruction to the cans or packages being piled one upon another for the purpose of transportation or storage,
70 which otherwise would be a very serious objection to the use of bails on such cans, and, on account of inconvenience in packing, this mode of attaching the bail has great advantages over the ordinary method of attaching the bail to ears or lugs on the side of the can
75 or package.

As applied to an ordinary glass fruit-jar, the inside of the covers of which are usually provided with a porcelain lining, I can omit the diametrical as well as the circular groove, and
80 attach the bail to the top of the cover by means of the partially tubular metal strips soldered to the same over the straight portion of the bail.

In the accompanying drawings, which form
85 a part of this specification, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a can and its cover embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a central vertical section of the same on a line transverse to the axis of the bail; and Fig. 3 is a perspective
90 view of my invention as applied to the cover of an ordinary Mason fruit-jar.

Like letters of reference indicate like parts wherever the same are used in the several figures of the drawings.

A represents the body of the can. B is the can breast or top, and C the can-cover. Both the can-breast and can-cover are each stamped out of a single blank, so as to secure uniformity of size, and the can top or breast is provided
95 with an inturned edge to give strength and rigidity and afford a bearing for a gasket.

The can-breast B is provided with short spiral projections or threads, *b*, adapted to engage in corresponding spiral grooves *c* made in the form of a bayonet-catch in the cover C, for securing the same to the can-breast.

The top of the cover C is provided with a diametrical groove, D, in which the straight part of the bail E rests and turns, the same being secured therein and covered over by means of the tubular-shaped strip *d* soldered therein. The circular part of the wire bail E is adapted to lie or fold down into the circular groove F near the rim of the cover, the outer wall of which groove F is formed by the groove on the inside of the cover. In unscrewing the can from the cover, or in tightening it upon

the same by means of the bail, any ordinary stick or lever may be inserted through the bail to give greater purchase when necessary.

I claim—

The can-cover made with a circular groove on its top near the rim and a central transverse groove, in combination with the wire bail, having its straight portion lying in the transverse groove, and secured therein by a soldered exterior strip, and its circular portion adapted to lie in the circular groove.

EDWIN NORTON.

Witnesses:

H. M. MUNDAY,
C. W. ALLEN.